"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; tomorrow fair, colder; strong southwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVI...NO. 21,535. .... NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1917.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

CHANGES DELAY REPLY TO WILSON

First Draft Modified and the Far East Made More Conspicuous, London Hears.

LIKELY TO BE SENT AT ONCE

But Publication Will Wait Until the Document Can Appear Simultaneously Everywhere.

WASHINGTON IS HOPEFUL

Future Moves Regarding Peace Will Be More Carefully Guarded by Officials in Capital.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The reply of the Entente nations to President Wilson's note may go forward within twenty-four hours, but its publication is not expected until forty-eight hours after its receipt, on account of the plans for simultaneous publication.

The delay in the preparation of the note is taken here to mean that it has undergone considerable changes from the first draft, and the Near Eastern question is expected to figure more largely in the completed document than in any previous discussion of it had been thought probable.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The delay in the receipt of the Entente answer to President Wilson's note of Dec. 18, addressed to all the belligerent Governments, is causing no worry among those in Washington who are hopeful of the success of the President's efforts to find a common basis of understanding among the two groups of fighting nations that will lead them to see the way to discuss peace terms. Those of this turn of mind are going on the principle that "no news is good news."

Meanwhile there are indications that hereafter the moves of the United States Government in connection with the President's effort will be conducted with the greatest secrecy. Signs are apparent that the lid is to be kept down on news of the moves made or to be made.

President Wilson let it be known today that he was not pleased by the character of the speculation prevalent in the press as to this or that phase of the peace effort, and particularly as to the measures he is credited with having in view to keep the peace movement alive.

According to the expressed views of the President this speculation is dangerous, not only to the success of the peace effort, but also to the safety of the United States. What he said on the subject was interpreted to mean that speculation over the situation was likely to lead to misunderstanding and misinterpretation in Europe, and on that account might influence in an undesirable way the attitude of the European Governments.

The Administration seems to be convinced that the peace movement can best be furthered by silence on the part of the American press as to what is supposed to be contemplated by the United States with respect to its course. There is every prospect that officials will be disposed to make no statement concerning the peace movement (or more properly the President's attempt to ascertain whether a basis of understanding for the discussion of peace terms can be reached) until something definite has been accomplished or the movement has ended in no result.

An interesting official disclosure with respect to the dispatch and delivery to the Spanish Government of a copy of President Wilson's note of Dec. 18, for its information, was given in Secretary of State Lansing's testimony today before the House Rules Committee, which has been investigating the allegations of a "leak" in connection with the sending of the peace note to the belligerents. It will be recalled that the Spanish Government a week ago sent to the State Department a note in which it declined the invitation of this Government and that the wording of the Spanish Government's reply was such as to leave no doubt that a separate communication had been handed to the Spanish Government.

The testimony given by Secretary Lansing today, while very brief, in its relation to the dispatch of the peace note to Spain, served to corroborate the statement recently printed in Washington dispatches to THE NEW YORK TIMES to the effect that special instructions were sent to our embassy at Madrid, and that these were communicated to the Spanish Government when the text of President Wilson's note was delivered. American Ambassador Willard was not at his post when the note was dispatched. He had been in this country, and was in Washington at the time the peace note was sent to the different belligerents. He did not sail until after word came that the Spanish Government had rejected what it regarded as overtures from this country to join it in the peace movement.

On Monday, Dec. 18, the date of the alleged leak, President Wilson handed the peace note to Secretary Lansing to be transmitted to belligerents and neutrals. It appears from testimony given by Secretary Lansing today that Ambassador Willard visited Secretary Lansing's residence that night and that he and the Secretary of State discussed the advisability of addressing Spain on the subject.

"That evening at my house," said Mr. Lansing, "Ambassador Willard told me he had been advised of the contents of the note by the President, and we discussed the advisability of him addressing Spain on the subject. The next morning the note was made public in the press."

Later in the testimony Secretary Lansing made another allusion to what transpired in connection with the sending of the note to Spain. In reply to questions from members of the Rules Committee he testified that there was no note sent to Spain in advance of the sending of the note to the belligerent powers, but that Ambassador Willard did send a note to Spain afterward.

This note was in the form of instructions to the American Embassy at Madrid for its guidance in connection with the delivery by the Chargé d'Affaires of that Embassy to the Spanish Government of the President's note to the belligerent powers. The contents of these instructions were communicated to the Spanish Government and were interpreted by the latter as guidance in connection with the United States in the movement it had initiated. This invitation, the Spanish Government rejected.

CHICAGO POLICE CHIEF ARRESTED IN SCANDAL

Extortion, Bribery and Conspiracy Charged Against Him and Seven Others.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—Superintendent of Police Charles M. C. Healey, Lieutenant Martin White, and three others were arrested tonight and warrants were issued for three other policemen by State's Attorney Maclay Hoyne.

Healy was immediately released on bonds of $100,000. The charges against him are extortion, bribery, and conspiracy.

Mr. Hoyne issued a statement in which he said a "great majority" of the Captains and Lieutenants of police of the city were involved in the scandal.

The Chief, whose recent resignation was accepted for next Thursday, was arrested at his home. Lieutenant White, Thomas Costello, alleged go-between and personal agent of the Chief; "Mike de Pike" Heitler, so-called "King" of the former West Side Tenderloin, and William Skidmore, a politician and saloonkeeper, were arrested in a raid on Costello's office.

According to Mr. Hoyne, they were engaged in dividing about $1,000 collected in "tribute." Some of the money, he said, bore the serial numbers previously noted by his agents while it was in the possession of resort keepers.

LITERACY TEST AGAIN PASSED BY THE SENATE

Opposition, However, Is Prepared to Filibuster Measure to Death If President Vetoes it.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The Conference Committee report on the Immigration bill, retaining the literacy test, was accepted today by the Senate by a vote of 56 to 10. As soon as the House has taken similar action, the bill will be sent to the President for his signature. It has been indicated from the White House that President Wilson will repeat his veto of the measure because of his objection to the literacy test.

While the majorities given the measure already in both houses show the necessary two-thirds vote to pass the bill over the President's veto, there were indications today that the opposition to the literacy test in the Senate is preparing to defeat its repassage by a filibuster.

The ten Senators who voted against the measure today included eight Democrats, Senators Lewis, Martine, O'Gorman, Ransdell, Reed, Saulsbury, Stone, and Walsh, and two Republicans, Brandegee and Lippitt.

The conference bill as reported today contains all the essential features of the Senate bill passed before the holiday recess.

The Asiatic exclusion clause, in deference to the request of the State Department, avoids including the Japanese, leaving the question of Japanese immigration, as before, to the terms of the Root-Takahira agreement, by which the Japanese Government promised to restrain its citizens from coming to this country by refusing to grant them passports. Mention of the Japanese is avoided in the bill by excluding immigrants from Asiatic territory within certain geographical lines.

SMALL FOUND GUILTY OF WIFE'S MURDER

Jury Also Recommends Sentence of "Capital Punishment" for the Former Boston Broker.

OSSIPEE, N. H., Jan. 8.—A verdict of "Guilty, with capital punishment," was returned tonight against Frederick L. Small former Boston broker, who was charged with the murder of his wife, Florence A. Small.

Mrs. Small was found dead on Sept. 28, 1916, in the cottage at Mountain View, where she and her husband had lived for three years. She had been beaten about the head, shot through the forehead and strangled by a cord before the house was destroyed by fire.

Small had left the house to go to Boston seven hours before the flames were discovered, but the State contended that he had fixed up a clockwork contrivance which had kindled the fire. He was arrested on a charge of murder when his wife's body was uncovered in the basement with the evidences of murder preserved. For a motive the State pointed out that Small would benefit from a $20,000 life insurance policy by his wife's death.

NOW QUESTION GUILT OF BERNARD LEWIS

Philadelphia Officials Reopen Inquiry Into Maizie Colbert's Murder—Mayor Takes a Hand.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 8.—After questioning a score of witnesses in an effort definitely to establish the identity of the murderer of Maizie Colbert in her apartment here on Dec. 30, and the motive therefor, District Attorney Samuel P. Rotan tonight announced that nothing had been developed to cause him to change his opinion that Bernard W Lewis of Pittsburgh was the girl's slayer.

The police had considered the case virtually closed, since Lewis committed suicide last Thursday at a hotel in Atlantic City. Relatives and friends of both Lewis and Miss Colbert, however, asserted that some of the evidence had been discounted by new facts and expressed the belief that the Pittsburgh man had no connection with the murder. Members of the girl's family made a special appeal for a more thorough investigation.

Mr. Rotan today questioned Captain of Detectives Tate and virtually all other detectives who had been working on the mystery. Others examined included relatives of Miss Colbert, a Police Magistrate and several wealthy young men. The District Attorney said that, in co-operation with the Detective Bureau, he was working out several lines that may throw light on the mystery. He said there was some clothing still to be identified and that the police were trying to establish the ownership of a necktie found in the girl's apartments. Relatives of Miss Colbert declared the window shade cord found among Lewis's effects had been taken from a hotel room he occupied in Philadelphia, and not from the Colbert apartments. They also asserted that the marks on his hands were not made by teeth, as alleged by the police.

Mayor Thomas B. Smith took a hand in the investigation today. He invited newspaper representatives to a conference in his office tonight and announced that he would see that "justice is done in this case."

John Colbert, a brother of the girl, declared he was confident that Lewis did not kill her. His theory is that she was killed in a fight with a jealous man.

PALM BEACH-MIAMI-ST. PETERSBURG
Ideally. Seaboard Air Line saves hours en-route. 4 steel trains. Inq. 1184 B'way.—Advt.

ASKS $12,000,000 FOR NAVY YARDS

Secretary Daniels Shows That Preparedness Program Is in Danger of Failure.

PRIVATE FIRMS' BIDS HIGH

Appropriation Needed to Equip Busy Federal Plants for More Construction.

ALL FACILITIES USED NOW

Provisions Must Be Made to Build Four Battle Cruisers and Three Scout Cruisers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The naval preparedness program is in danger of failure because the Navy Department cannot make arrangements with private shipbuilding concerns to construct battle cruisers and other warships. After a conference with President Wilson, Secretary Daniels late this afternoon made a formal appeal to Congress for $12,000,000 and authority to have these vessels built at Government navy yards. Construction of four battle cruisers and three scout cruisers remains to be provided for.

In a letter to Lemuel P. Padgett, Chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, Mr. Daniels writes in part as follows:

"My Dear Mr. Padgett:

"The situation with regard to the preparedness program is such that if the manifest intention of Congress and the country is to be carried out, radical action is necessary. It is required by the act of Aug. 29, 1916, that the vessels authorized be completed speedily. The department has done its utmost in this connection, but finds that the private shipbuilders of the country are unable or unwilling to undertake the complete program with any assurance of speed in completion, even at prices which the department regards as unreasonably high.

"The preparedness program halts by reason of this condition. The present situation demands that the Government largely increase its building facilities at earliest possible moment. Six million dollars was authorized in the act of Aug. 29, 1916, for improvement of our navy yard plants, in order to enable them to assist in connection with the program. Ships have been ordered built at the navy yards fully up to the limit of our present facilities, there being already under construction or on order at the navy yards nineteen naval vessels of various types. I recommend that $12,000,000 more be authorized for fitting up navy yards, to be made immediately available.

Bids from Four Companies.

Secretary Daniels says that four private companies made proposals for the construction of four battle cruisers and three scout cruisers.

"The bids as received," he continues, "proposed that the Government pay the actual cost of direct labor and material, plus a percentage for indirect costs, plus a percentage for profit. The department felt unwilling to place contracts on this basis without thorough investigation, as the proposed percentages for indirect costs differed in the various bids and might or might not be a measure of the actual cost of building the ship. Several conferences have been held with representatives of the shipbuilders, who have also given the department experts access to their books, in order that some basis of agreement might be reached in regard to the questions involved in the indirect cost."

By request the Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation submitted a proposal to build one of the battle cruisers, which contained the following new estimate:

	Material.	Labor.
Hull	$4,653,000	$3,259,000
Machinery	5,901,500	777,700
Total	$10,554,500	$4,036,700
Total labor	4,036,700	
	$14,591,200	

In a letter the Fore River Corporation offers to construct one battle cruiser for the actual direct material and direct labor cost, plus 35 per cent. of such direct national and direct labor cost to cover all overhead charges and profit. The corporation proposed that if the cost of labor and material was less than $14,591,200, it should receive one-half the difference, while it should pay the Government 25 per cent. of any excess.

Estimates Unduly High.

"The department had previously informed the representatives of the shipbuilders that it considered the stipulation of 35 per cent. named by them too high," Mr. Daniels writes. "The department also regarded the estimate for materials submitted by the shipbuilders as unduly high. This question is being taken up with various material contractors, and the department will be prepared at an early date to make final report and recommendation with reference to the minimum limit of cost for these vessels if built by contract.

"It is evident that in any case the cost will exceed the limit of $16,500,000 of the authorizing act. This act also allowed an additional sum of 20 per cent. as premium 'to provide for the speedy construction of the vessels herein authorized, and for the additional cost incident thereto.' Adding 20 per cent. to the limit of $16,500,000, we reach a limit of $19,800,000. The four bids that were received provide, in two cases, for construction within forty-eight months, in one case for construction within fifty-one months, and in the other case no time is named.

"Without specific authorization, the department would not feel justified in entering into a contract exceeding the limit of $16,500,000, even if under the limit of $19,800,000, in view of the fact that the times named for construction could not be considered as 'speedy.'

"As regards the scout cruisers, when bids were opened for these four vessels on Nov. 1, 1916, but one bid was received on the basis of a fixed price, this being for one vessel for the sum of $4,975,000 and within the limit of cost of $5,000,000; contract was awarded for this vessel. The remaining three vessels were readvertised, and bids were opened on Jan. 3, 1917. A bid was received from only one company, the price named being $5,000,000 for one vessel, or $5,825,000 for each of two vessels. This leaves one scout cruiser for which no bids have been received. The bids of Jan. 3, 1917, were below the limit of $5,000,000, plus 20 per cent., but as the times named were forty and forty-two months, the additional 20 per cent. for 'speedy' construction is not regarded as available any more than in the case of the battle cruisers."

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER
for the sake of all slass-stoppered bottles —Advt.

Allied Council Sends Greece an Ultimatum; Rome Session Foiled Plot to Break Entente

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 9.—The Times today says that it understands that a note was drawn up at the Entente allied conference in Rome and has been dispatched to Greece.

"It requires," The Times adds, "prompt compliance with all the previous demands of the Allies and notification of the acceptance of those demands by the Greek Government within a period which it is believed, does not exceed forty-eight hours."

Reuter's Athens correspondent says the Greek Government has handed to the diplomatic representatives of the Entente a series of statements in response to the last note of the Allies. These statements, the dispatch says, are neither a refusal nor an acceptance of the Entente note, but point out difficulties in the way of compliance with some of the terms.

King Constantine has applied for and received the regular bread card which is issued to all heads of families, according to another dispatch.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PIRAEUS, Jan. 6, via Syra, (dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—Considerable agitation was caused here yesterday by threats that the reservists intended to attack the French guard stationed at the Piraeus Town Hall. Nothing happened until about 9 o'clock, when a crowd of demonstrating reservists, civilians, and uniformed soldiers went through the streets shouting for the rejection of the note. In front of the Town Hall they demonstrated against the French naval guard. Shots were fired, but apparently not in the direction of the Town Hall. The demonstrators were dispersed.

During the night a decision was taken to withdraw the last remaining detachment, which embarked early this morning. The reservists forcibly prevented the ship's boats taking fresh milk required for women and children aboard the ships.

The talk today is still of presenting an argumentative reply to the powers' note. Meanwhile Venizelists and their families are managing to leave the capital in large numbers for Saloniki and the islands.

Teutons Tried to Disrupt Entente.

PARIS, Jan. 8.—Although no communication has been made public regarding the conference of the Allies, says a Rome dispatch to the Temps, private conversations with some of the principal figures in the conference leave no doubt that the result is fully satisfactory and that the representatives of the Entente Powers separated in full accord and full confidence.

M. Briand, the French Premier, said to the Temps correspondent:

"Our visit has been most fruitful and was timely. Many difficulties of detail had arisen since the last conference of the Allies, and in some directions the attempt was made to befoud the Entente and the relations between the Allies—without mentioning public events that are known to every one.

"It was necessary to dissipate the fogs and overcome the difficulties and find a common solution to accord with present and future events. All that was undertaken in a spirit of accord and good faith and we have eliminated all the little difficulties that could hinder our united efforts."

DAVIS STIRS COURT IN 8-HOUR CASE

Chief Justice Questions Argument Concerning Congressional Regulation of Wages.

OTHER JUSTICES BREAK IN

Government's Counsel Denies That the New Law's Penalties Are Excessive.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Eminent lawyers from all parts of the country crowded the Supreme Court chamber today to listen to the opening argument in the case brought in behalf of the railroads to test the constitutionality of the Adamson eight-hour law. It was 3 o'clock before the argument was begun, Solicitor General Davis opening for the Government, which contends that the law is constitutional.

The argument for the constitutionality of the act was based on the power of Congress as recognized by the Supreme Court in the case of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad against the Interstate Commerce Commission to enact hours of service laws. The case cited upheld the validity of the sixteen-hour law passed in 1907. Throughout the argument Mr. Davis insisted that the Adamson act was not a compensation act but an eight-hour law, pure and simple. He asserted, however, that if the act were merely a wage law it would still be constitutional in view of the broad powers of Congress as to regulation. He contended that the right of contract was not interfered with, and that the Adamson act did not take property without due process of law.

The questions propounded from the bench indicated the intention of the court to scrutinize every statement made in the argument. At one point Chief Justice White exclaimed: "My view is continually running across the line of your argument."

Early in his two-hour argument Mr. Davis told the court that it "reached the heights of imagination" to say that the primary object of Congress in passing the law was not to limit the hours of toil. He asserted that Elisha Lee, spokesman of the railroads throughout the strike controversy, often had admitted that fact, as well as that the law was workable, now denied by the railroads.

When Mr. Davis cited the disturbance of railroad contracts by Congress in passing the Federal Employers' Liability act, upheld as valid, Justice Day asked:

"Do you claim the same power in fixing wages as in fixing rates?"

"We do," Mr. Davis replied.

"I can't follow that argument," interjected Chief Justice White. "The subject is regulating hours of service. The Government has regulated commerce for ages, so to speak. It was held in the case of the Employers' Liability act that that regulation was valid. That was no decision that the Government has the power to regulate wages."

"That is what we contend for," rejoined Mr. Davis.

"That's the logic I can't follow," repeated the Chief Justice.

The Solicitor General then argued that if Congress could regulate the relation of master and servant, of railroads and employes, it could also regulate wages.

"That is the most vital of all," he continued. "If underpaid and discontented, the safety of commerce in charge of employes is affected. Wages also have a direct relation to rates, investment and expense of service."

"Your proposition goes further than that," the Chief Justice said.

"Has Congress the power to prescribe what railroads shall pay for various things—locomotives, land, &c.?" asked Justice McReynolds.

"I am not so sure that Congress hasn't that power," Mr. Davis replied. "All authority is dependent upon its reasonable and not arbitrary use."

Justice Day suggested that the power of Congress was limited by the constitutional prohibition against confiscation.

"Congress has power to regulate issues of railroad stocks and bonds," Mr. Davis continued, "and to say what price railroads shall pay for credit that is being advanced in and outside of Congress." He added that under the decision in the Debs case Congress had authority to prevent railroad strikes and the obstruction of interstate commerce. He denied that the penalties provided by the Adamson laws were excessive, and upheld as reasonable the statute's exemption of short line and interurban electric roads.

"It may be that Congress did not please the railroads, the employes, or the public," he concluded, "but the body that made the law should amend it, and the judiciary must not usurp that function."

Mr. Davis concluded his argument when the court adjourned for the day. Walker D. Hines, General Counsel for the Santa Fe road, tomorrow will make the argument for the railroads against the act.

FLORIDA — SUPERIOR SERVICE via Atlantic Coast Line. 4 Through All Steel Trains Daily. 1196 B'way. Tel. Mad. Sq. 1460. —Advt.

URGES AMERICANS TO FREE BELGIANS

Editor of Independance Belge Says Deportation Is Worse Than Slavery.

SUGGESTS CRUSADING CORPS

Would Have It Fight Under the "Anti-Slavery Flag"—Dedicates His Idea to Roosevelt.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 8.—Gerard Harry, editor of the Independance Belge, in an article on the Belgian deportations, compares them to the conditions of the slave market as described in "Uncle Tom's Cabin." He appeals to the American public in the name of its past fight to rid the world of slavery, to take a similar stand regarding his compatriots, of whose suffering he gives a harrowing picture, based on the report of an official Belgian eyewitness of the recent occurrences in Brabant.

"Fifty years ago," he says, "the American people nobly inflicted upon themselves the terrible evil of nearly five years of civil war in order to rid their land of black slavery. The fate of the American negroes, however, was immeasurably less pitiful than that of the Frenchmen and Belgians taken from their homes and families into bondage and made to work for their enemies. There are few more unselfish traits in the world's history than the original motive of the American civil war. Do not past noble deeds oblige those who accomplished them to repeat them when necessity arises? I am induced, as the spokesman of many Belgians, boldly to ask the American people: You who freed the blacks at so great a cost, what are you going to do for the enfranchisement of the white slaves for Europe; for the citizens whom the Kaiser is chaining to his war chariot, who are suffering three times the moral torture of the former black slaves?

"It is the duty of any one addressing you on such a poignant theme to warn you that remonstrances to the Kaiser and his people are doomed to failure if they are not translated into action. Is there any American law which would prevent private citizens from crossing the Atlantic or the Canadian border and congregating under what might be called the anti-slavery flag to assist in fighting the white slave-raiders of Europe? Such an anti-slavery corps would not break the rules of neutrality or take sides with France, Great Britain and Belgium against Germany. It would resemble a body of Crusaders, with the difference that instead of attempting to rescue a handful of cold ashes from unbelievers, its object would be to rescue thousands of martyrs from their torturers."

M. Harry has dedicated a long article on the subject to ex-President Roosevelt.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 8, (via London.)—A frontier correspondent of the Telegraaf says he learns that Belgians, deported from the neighborhood of Charleori, have been sent to occupied parts of Poland to perform compulsory labor. Owing to protests, the correspondent says, the Germans here and there are sending back some of the deported Belgians, but from several towns they still continue to remove citizens of all classes.

DEATH SENTENCES FOR PLOTS IN INDIA

Court, Condemning Six, Asserts Revolts Are Hatched by German Agents in United States.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—Seventeen of the accused persons in the supplementary trial held in connection with the Lahore conspiracy case were sentenced last week, says a Central News dispatch from Calcutta today. Six were sentenced to death, one was sentenced to transportation for life, and the others were sent to prison.

In delivering the judgment the court indicated that Manila was still an active centre of revolutionary activity, but that the United States remained the chief centre of the movement, it being fostered, it was said, by German consular agents.

"We are fully satisfied that the United States has become the chief centre of the movement," declares the court's opinion, as quoted in the dispatch. "The overthrow of the British Empire in India was planned and discussed when the European war broke out, and many Indians sailed from the United States. The enemy's plan was to bring about a war of murder and rapine."

CARDINAL GIBBONS' NEW BOOK
"A Retrospect of Fifty Years."
JOHN MURPHY COMPANY, Publishers, Baltimore, or at Book and Department Stores. —Advt.

GERARD IS TOLD TO CABLE SPEECH

Lansing Acts Promptly on Report of Ambassador's Frank Talk at Berlin Dinner.

SOME CALL IT INDISCREET

May Revive Talk in Entente Capitals, It Is Held, That Wilson Is Aiding Germany's Moves.

GERMAN EDITORS STIRRED

Most Comment Favorably on Envoy's Words—Vorwaerts Hopes Wilson Will Keep Urging Peace.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8. — The State Department today cabled to James W. Gerard, Ambassador at Berlin, directing him to report exactly what he said in an after-dinner speech on Saturday at the banquet of the American Association of Commerce and Trade of Berlin. It was stated at the department that whatever Mr. Gerard's words might have been he talked entirely on his own responsibility.

The department is keenly interested in learning precisely what was said by the Ambassador. Officials appeared unwilling today to accept as correct the version of his remarks made public in this country through the Overseas News Agency. Mr. Gerard was quoted by that agency as saying:

"Never since the beginning of the war have the relations between Germany and the United States been as cordial as now. I have brought back an olive branch from the President—or don't you consider the President's message an olive branch?

"I personally am convinced that as long as Germany's fate is directed by such men as my friend, the Chancellor, and Dr. Helfferich and Dr. Wolf; by Admirals von Capelle, Haltzendorff, and von Mueller; by Generals von Hindenburg and Ludendorff, and last, but not least, by my friend Zimmermann, the relations between the two countries are running no risk."

Some officials asserted that while a diplomatic officer enjoyed wide latitude in making remarks at a semi-private dinner, there were bounds that he should not exceed, even in private. His alleged reference to the continuance of certain German officials in office was regarded as going beyond the limits of the latitude allowed an Ambassador. Nothing occurred today, however, to show that the Administration was especially displeased with Mr. Gerard. The decision is to suspend judgment until he has made a report on the remarks made at the dinner.

It is felt that considerable importance is attached to the possible effects of such an utterance as the reported speech of Gerard, especially upon public opinion in the allied countries, where published reports have shown an impression that the President's note was in some way connected with the Central Powers' peace proposal. Every effort has been made to dispel that belief.

It is felt that if the Overseas News reports were allowed to go unchallenged that feeling would be increased. As a result, the department was prompt in making public its inquiry to the Ambassador, and probably will give out his reply when received.

It is indicated also in some circles that the report as quoted did not convey a true view of German-American relations, which have commonly been described as strained through the recent submarine activities.

Berlin Considers It Important.

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—The dinner, given by the American Association of Commerce and Trade of Berlin in honor of Ambassador Gerard, continues in the forefront of interest.

It is recognized, as pointed out in a Berlin dispatch to the Cologne Gazette, as a political development of high importance, leading the German editors to devote their Monday reviews of the week largely to a discussion of its bearing on future German-American relations and upon peace prospects.

The event has, in general, excited friendly comment. Ambassador Gerard's declarations regarding the excellent condition of the relations between Germany and the United States are generaly welcomed, although the outspoken anti-American newspapers do not refrain from exploiting them in an unfavorable sense.

The Tageszeitung finds that the American Ambassador "violated all diplomatic proprieties" in speaking of German-American relations at all, and particularly in associating their prolongation with the continuance in office of Chancellor von Betzmann Hollweg, Field Marshal von Hindenburg, Chief of General Staff, and General Ludendorf, First Quartermaster General.

Theodor Wolff, in the Tageblatt, laments that in the flood of misunderstanding such reasonable exchanges of opinion and information are not more frequently heard. He expresses high pleasure at the course of the dinner.

The Cologne Gazette, in its Berlin dispatch, says that the speeches expended a note deserving of particular attention under present conditions, and gave lively proof of the wish for the maintenance of good relations and the mutual desire of the two nations to understand each other better. It reiterates that such meetings have an increased importance at the present moment.

Hopes Wilson Will Persist.

The Vorwärts, in a noteworthy leader representing the views of a majority of the Socialists, expresses the hope that President Wilson will not drop his efforts for peace, but will again and unconditionally request both sides to communicate their general peace conditions to him, and trusts that in this case Germany will compy with the request. It points out that Germany neither in its reply to President Wilson on Dec. 26 nor to the announcement made in the Government organ, the Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung (controverting the report that the German peace conditions had been communicated to the President) definitely rejected this possibility, but expressed preference for direct negotiations, the Government desiring to avoid the appearance of too eagerly pursuing peace and begging President Wilson's mediation.

The paper then describes its idea of the course the negotiations should take, saying that the answers should not take the form of detailed peace programs, worked out in all points, which, it contends, can only be elaborated at a peace conference, but that the communication of peace terms could more probably be brought out through the

Continued on Page 3.

SAY WARSHIP PLOT LEADS TO VATICAN

Alleged Agent of Pope's Austrian Chamberlain Implicated in Loss of Battleships.

ROME, Jan. 8.—More than forty persons are now in prison as a result of the investigations into the destruction, in September, 1915, and August, 1916, respectively, of the Italian battleships Benedetto Brin and Leonardo da Vinci, the latter was blown up in Taranto Harbor, and 248 men perished.

Lieut. Gen. Count Cadorna, Chief of Staff, came to Rome on Thursday to attend a meeting of the Cabinet which was held for the purpose of deciding upon the disposition of the prisoners, but the question has become a political one, from the introduction into the case of the name of one of the officials of the Vatican.

An Italian named Ambrogetti, who was among those charged with being implicated in the destruction of the warships, asserts that he is the financial agent of Mgr. Gerlach, Pope Benedict's private chamberlain. Mgr. Gerlach is an Austrian, and, according to information here, was once a cavalry officer, who became a priest and won the favor of the present Pope when the latter was a Cardinal. He was the bearer of the red hat from the Pope to the three French Cardinals who were appointed at the December Consistory.

It has been learned that Mgr. Gerlach, prior to Italy's entry into the war, was interested in a pro-Austrian paper at Vittoria, of which Ambrogetti was manager.

The Italian authorities have learned details of the plot which ended in the destruction of the two battleships from the Italian author, Archita Valente, who was arrested some months ago. The suspicion that the explosions on the ships were due to a conspiracy originated from the fact that certain naval machinists were aboard the ships at the time of their destruction, and on each occasion escaped uninjured. They were followed to Valente's house and were there arrested.

SPAIN MAKES PROTEST OVER NEW SINKING

Indignation in Madrid as the Result of the Torpedoing of the San Leandro, a Fruit Ship.

MADRID, Jan. 7, (via Paris.)—Public Havas Agency from Madrid says the Spanish Government has addressed a complaint to the German Government on the subject of the torpedoing of the steamer San Leandro.

MADRID, Jan. 7, (via Paris.)—Public indignation has been aroused through the publication of a telegram received by the manager of the Cartagena Navigation Company confirming the report that the San Leandro was torpedoed by a German submarine. It was generally believed that the loss of the steamer was accidental as, her cargo being of fruit, it was considered unlikely that she would be torpedoed. The crew of the ship has arrived at Hendaye, France, where they made statements before the Spanish Consul, in which they said that they were twenty-six hours in an open boat before reaching the French coast.

The navigation company has sent telegrams to Premier Romanones and the Minister of Foreign Commerce protesting against the sinking and has suspended the sailing of another of its ships, the San Isidore, which is now loading fruit at Malaga.

The situation at the Canaries is described as grave by the latest dispatches from the islands. Only 233 ships called at Las Palmas in the month of December, as against an average of 700 for that month in normal times. Of the 233 only one was English and there were no French or Italian, a fact attributed to the presence of submarines in the vicinity of the port. Commenting on these conditions, the Epoca remarks that Spain, without participating in the war, suffers consequences, as far as the Canaries are concerned, almost to the same extent as a belligerent nation.

THREE GERMAN RAIDS NEAR ARRAS FAIL

British Artillery Active All Along Front—Berlin Claims Six Air Victories.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The following official communication was issued this evening:

Early last night the enemy made three attempts to approach our positions southeast of Souchez. On each occasion he was driven back by our fire before reaching our trenches. A number of German wounded were left in front of our lines.

The artillery has been active on both sides at a number of places along the line, both on the front and the support trenches in the back areas. In particular effective bombardments have been carried out by us east of Les Boeufs, on both sides of the Ancre, and east of Neuve Chapelle. Ypres was heavily shelled by the enemy during the day.

Yesterday a number of enemy batteries were effectively engaged by our artillery, in co-operation with our airplanes. Many places of military importance behind the enemy's lines were successfully bombed. A number of fights in the air took place, in which two of the enemy machines were driven down damaged. Two of our machines are missing.

BERLIN, Jan. 8, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—Today's Army Headquarters statement on operations in the western war area follows:

On the Yser front, in the Ypres salient, and north of the Somme temporarily lively artillery duels developed.

Through successful air engagements and the fire of our defensive guns the enemy lost six airplanes.

PARIS, Jan. 8.—The official communication issued tonight by the War Office follows:

On the right bank of the Meuse the artillery was quite active in the region at the foot of the Meuse Hills. Our batteries carried out destructive fires on German organizations in the Woevre and the Bois des Chevaliers. The day was relatively calm on the rest of the front.

Patrol engagements occurred last night in the regions of Bouchavesnes, on the Somme front, and of Farroy Forest, in Lorraine, according to the afternoon report. Otherwise there was little activity.

The Belgian communication says:

On the whole Yser front there was great artillery activity on both sides, especially around Dixmude and Steenstraete.

For your stomach's sake drink Dr. Brady's Kumyss.—Advt.

LAWSON FACES CONTEMPT CHARGE IN 'LEAK' INQUIRY

Says Congressman Told Him Cabinet Member Profited, but Withholds Names.

ALL BUT COMES TO BLOWS

Encounter with Chiperfield Narrowly Averted—Makes Many Vague Charges Amid Uproar.

TUMULTY REBUKES WOOD

His Denial of Charges Supported by President Wilson—Denial by Lansing Also.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Sensation followed sensation today at the session of the House Committee on Rules, which is conducting an inquiry into the allegations that news of President Wilson's peace move "leaked" in advance to Wall Street. What came near to being a physical encounter between Thomas W. Lawson of Boston and Representative Burnett M. Chiperfield of Illinois, a Republican member of the committee; a motion that Mr. Lawson be reported "for contempt of the House of Representatives"; a verbal lashing of Representative William R. Wood of Indiana by Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to the President, and the appearance of Robert Lansing, Secretary of State, were the high lights of the proceedings. The day was one of thrills and acrimonious interchanges, but few facts. The motion for contempt is still pending.

Mr. Lawson occupied most of the time. He not only declined to give names, but openly defied the committee to make him answer questions. At one time he said he would proceed in his own way or not at all.

Secretary Tumulty furnished another flare-up when he assailed Representative Wood, author of the investigation resolution, for bringing his name into the "leak" controversy. After reading a prepared statement, the secretary to the President said he awaited a public apology from Mr. Wood. Later, in answer to a question, he said that he didn't want to be asked anything about Mr. Wood; that he "would be ashamed to be a party to anything that would blemish the reputation of a public man on a mere letter by a man named Curtis," and that if he were guilty of such a thing he "would not be fit to hold the smallest public office."

"I object to such statements about a member of Congress," exclaimed Representative Chiperfield. Chairman Henry asked Secretary Tumulty to confine himself as much as possible to the matter of denial of the Wood insinuations.

Bernard M. Baruch of New York, alleged in the mysterious Curtis letter to have lunched with Mr. Tumulty at the Biltmore Hotel before the dispatch of the peace note, occupied a seat in the room. So did Otto Kahn of the New York banking firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who came here to deny that he had any advance information of the peace note.

Chiperfield Warns Lawson.

Mr. Lawson supplied most of the excitement of the day. The Boston man, who was the third and last witness of the day, had not been on the stand more than five minutes before he clashed with Mr. Chiperfield. The heighth of the controversy was reached when Mr. Lawson accused Mr. Chiperfield of making "a cowardly, false statement." As Representative Foster called Mr. Lawson to order, Representative Chiperfield said:

"Just let him go a bit further and he will not be able to testify any more today."

Lawson and Chiperfield were within two feet of each other and apparently each had difficulty in maintaining his self-control. Mr. Chiperfield is an athlete.

Later in the day, when Mr. Lawson said a member of Congress had informed him that "a Cabinet officer" had been involved in the "leak" and the speculation following, only to refuse to name either the Cabinet officer or the member of Congress, Mr. Chiperfield made the following motion:

"I move, Mr. Chairman, that this witness, Thomas W. Lawson, be reported to the House of Representatives, the report to be accompanied by a transcript of the questions asked which he has refused to answer, in order that Thomas W. Lawson may be dealt with as for contempt of the House of Representatives. I do not ask for an immediate vote on this motion, but I make it here in the proper place, so that the record may reveal which particular questions I have in mind. He has failed to answer many."

"Do I understand," asked Mr. Lawson, "that I am to be summoned for contempt because I have declined to give you the name of the member of Congress who mentioned the name of the Cabinet officer in this connection?"

Members of the committee nodded their heads.

"Again I refuse to answer, because this information came to me confidentially," said Mr. Lawson. "When it came to me, I was struck with its vital character and its seriousness."

"Where did your conversation occur?" asked Representative Campbell.

Fears Effect on the Nation.

"I refuse to answer any question that will bring before this committee the name of the high official I have in mind. This is because of the serious

effect upon the nation of the disclosure of such information."

For half an hour members of the committee prodded Mr. Lawson with reminders that his charges, involving a member of Congress and a Cabinet officer, were of the gravest sort, and that it was not proper to withhold such information from the committee. Questions to to when, where and how the information was imparted were parried by Mr. Lawson.

More than once Mr. Lawson impatiently asserted that "this is a preliminary investigation. You are not investigating; you are to determine whether a real inquiry shall be made. I have given you enough information to produce results in forty-eight hours, but I shall not give my information to a preliminary investigation body."

Members of the committee were practically unanimous in saying that Mr. Lawson had given "no information whatever except general statements such as you have made from time to time in the press."

The danger of a physical encounter between Mr. Lawson and Mr. Chiperfield came after the Boston man had called Mr. Chiperfield a "four-flusher" and Mr. Chiperfield had assailed Mr. Lawson "for making insinuations and innuendoes and false statements before this committee." The colloquy began when Representative Chiperfield demanded that Mr. Lawson make good on his charges involving members of Congress and officials in the "leak" to Wall Street. Mr. Lawson declined to be specific as to his meaning when he said in a recent statement that "the good old Capitol has been wallowing in Wall Street leak graft for forty years."

"I said when I made these leak charges," said Mr. Lawson, "that I expected hell to be lambasted into me by Congress. I was right. As soon as the Senate opened a leather-lunged, sewer-mouthed old blatherskite ——"

"I object!" shouted Representative Foster. "He cannot talk about the Senate or a Senator like that."

"It is to be hoped your present charges will have a more far-reaching denouement than 'Frenzied Finance,'" interposed Representative Chiperfield.

"Now I am sorry I ever wrote 'Frenzied Finance,'" said Mr. Lawson. "It cost me a million or so. I am sorry it couldn't have been written by some member of this committee."

This latter sentence was uttered in rather sarcastic tone.

A Matter of Four-Flushing.

"Well, I know a four-flush when you lay it on the table in front of me," said Representative Chiperfield.

"Look here, I don't deal in cards. I know nothing about them," said Mr. Lawson, "but I do know that in all my experience a private citizen volunteering to help a committee has never been subjected to such treatment as this—has never been told 'you are going to 'get me.' The committee told me when I started off I would get fair treatment. This looks like fair treatment, doesn't it?"

Mr. Lawson turned belligerently toward Mr. Chiperfield. Chairman Henry rapped for order. Mr. Chiperfield said: "I don't propose to be bulldozed by this man or anybody else."

"No, and I shall not be bulldozed by you or any other member of Congress. I shall proceed in my own way. What's the penalty? What's the penalty for saying what I think?" he asked, fairly shouting the words, as he turned to Chairman Henry. Confusion followed throughout the room, where several hundred spectators were jammed.

"I can tell a four-flusher in the dark," added Mr. Lawson, turning back toward Mr. Chiperfield. Jerry South, Sergeant at Arms of the committee, begged Mr. Lawson to sit down. Committee members talked excitedly, and above the hubbub Mr. Chiperfield shouted that "the vituperation of this witness shall not stop me a moment," and Mr. Lawson answered that "if this committee cannot protect me I can protect myself."

Only two feet separated the two men when Mr. Chiperfield said Mr. Lawson had produced nothing but insinuations and false statements.

"Now, I won't stand for that," said Mr. Lawson. "Here is a member of your committee who says I have made a false statement. He knows that is a cowardly, false statement—"

Here cries of "Order!" came from Mr. Foster and others, and then it was that Representative Chiperfield, edging forward in his chair beside the witness, looked up into Mr. Lawson's face and said "Just let him go a bit further, and he won't testify any more today."

After several minutes quiet was restored, but Mr. Lawson halted his direct statement with the complaint that "I have been bulldozed and insulted and my usefulness here has ended." He agreed to answer questions, but declined to make a further statement unless permitted to proceed uninterrupted. This permission was not given.

Farmer, Also Financier.

When Mr. Lawson took the stand he was told by Chairman Henry that he might "proceed his own way for the present." Mr. Lawson asked if he were to be stopped at any point in his talk. Mr. Henry said that would depend entirely on whether he confined himself to the subject before the committee.

"My name is Thomas W. Lawson," he said. "My home is Boston. My occupation, you might say, is that of a farmer."

The crowd burst into a roar of laughter, and Mr. Lawson hastened to explain.

"I don't say I am a farmer to be facetious," he said. "In a way I also am connected with financial matters. I will give testimony," he went on, "regarding the damnable condition which has existed for two years for the purpose of finding a remedy for conditions which have caused hundreds of thousands of persons to be driven to enormous losses."

The witness, pacing up and down before the committeemen, declared that all he had said in the public press regarding the leak he believed to be true.

"I repeat it all now," he declared. "It is one of the commonest things in Wall Street, advance information from Washington about Government affairs, affairs of such importance that they frequently affect the country's securities. I mean also leaks from the Supreme Court, advance information on decisions, advance information on important Senate matters, action of Congressional committees, Cabinet affairs, and advance information direct from the White House itself."

From that he led into charges of a "premeditated, deliberately figured out, deliberately worked out robbery of the American people through united stock gamblers."

He said he knew who was responsible for the leak, and reiterated he was convinced the committee did not want an investigation.

Wouldn't Violate a Confidence.

"You stated that there was a leak," said Chairman Henry. "Will you give the committee the name of the person who carried the leak to Wall Street from Washington?"

Mr. Lawson replied that the only way he could give the identity of the bearer of the "leak" would be to violate a confidence, and he could not do so.

"Do you know any names?" demanded Chairman Henry.

"Not in a legal sense."

"Do you know of any in any sense?"

"I know there was a leak," Mr. Lawson returned, "and, knowing there was a leak, I must have some information."

Asked if he refused to answer the question, Mr. Lawson avoided a direct answer.

"Do you know any persons who profited on the day of the leak?"

"I probably do," Mr. Lawson said. "I probably profited myself."

He declined to say how much.

By a process of elimination Chairman Henry drew from the witness that he knew of no one at the White House connected with any leak. Asked if he knew of any leak in the Secretary of State's office, Mr. Lawson said:

"I have no information regarding any one in the State Department which I would give in public. I would give it to the Chairman. But, to warrant an investigation, you don't need any more information than you have.

"I cannot give the committee names, in a court-knowledge way, as having been principals to the transaction, I could give names that were given to me by people I consider responsible, but I won't—not

"Will you [illegible] asked the Chairman.

"No, I will [illegible] it is absolute[illegible] The Chair [illegible] give the names," continued Mr. Henry.

Refuses to Blunder Up the Record.

"I started out with the determination, and I say again that I will not blunder up your record with names, to furnish headlines for the newspapers," said the witness.

"Then you flatly decline?"

"Yes, I decline to furnish now names given to me by others."

At this point the committee took a recess until 2 o'clock. At the opening of the afternoon session Mr. Lawson suggested that Charles H. Sabin, President of the Guaranty Trust Company, be examined about his prediction that Ambassador Gerard was bringing home Germany's peace terms and about a U-53 raid.

"It was generally accepted in the district," said Mr. Lawson, "that Mr. Sabin had some knowledge from Washington. I am not prepared to say whether it was about the U-boat or peace. As it turned out, it seemed to have been more U-boat than peace."

"What did you mean," asked Representative Campbell, "when you referred to Supreme Court leaks this morning?"

"I meant that advance information regarding decisions got to the Street and that it might have come through officers or attaches of the court," said Mr. Lawson.

"Did you mean to include the Justices?"

"Oh, no."

"Have you in mind any specific Supreme Court decisions, advance information of which affected the market?"

"No, I don't recall any specific cases, but there have been a number of important railroad and labor cases the decisions on which were known in advance."

Mr. Lawson, asked about other leaks, said that the President's messages were always known in advance in Wall Street. Another sort of leak from Washington, he said, was where somebody went into the Street to "peddle," in advance, information regarding important Government affairs. Men who do that, he said, might be confidential clerks, stenographers, or any one who might come in contact with the information in its physical preparation.

"Another sort of leak," he said, "is when some executive officer of the Government, some Cabinet official or member of the Senate or House, may be interested in stocks or bonds—they are all human, like the rest of us—acquiring information that will affect the market, passes the information on to his friends."

Involves a Cabinet Member.

Mr. Lawson told the committee that a member of Congress had told him a member of the Cabinet had speculated on the falling market caused by the leak, but he flatly refused to give the committee the name of the Cabinet member or of the member of Congress who told him.

"Who told you that, and who was the member of the Cabinet?" demanded Representative Campbell.

"I am not going to answer," said Mr. Lawson, determinedly. Mr. Campbell reminded him that the committee had power to compel him to answer.

"When I say that the name was given to me in confidence on honor, not to be repeated, do you still insist upon an answer?" asked Mr. Lawson.

"Yes," said Mr. Campbell.

"Well, I shall not answer," said Mr. Lawson. "It seems to me that it could serve no good purpose to name a high official of the Government at a time when it might bring serious consequences to the people and to the nation and perhaps to the Administration itself."

Representative Chiperfield then moved to report Lawson to the House for contempt. After getting the motion into the record he withdrew it temporarily, while Lawson went on giving his "formula" for finding the "leak." It embraced chiefly a plan for bringing the sales slips of the Stock Exchange before the committee.

As the examination proceeded, Mr. Lawson once declared that he "didn't give a dam" what the committee did about his method of answering questions. On two occasions Representative Campbell reminded him that women were present and that he was not in a "barroom." Lawson's ire was aroused.

"That's twice you've said that," he said, "and now I want to lecture you a little bit."

Chairman Henry stopped the "lecture." Dozens of questions asked by Representative Campbell during this period of the hearing, with the object of pinning Lawson down to a concrete statement of what information he really possessed, if any, about the leak, were futile.

Describing it first as a suppositious case, but later stating it had been told to him as a fact, Mr. Lawson pictured a United States Senator, Cabinet officer, and a New York banker having a joint stock gambling account and dividing the profits among them. He declined to give names because he did not know them of his own knowledge.

"Was it a case within your personal knowledge?" asked Representative Garrett. "I don't want to ask you for hearsay."

"I appreciate your attitude," answered Mr. Lawson, "and I meet it by saying that I might explode many sensations if I desired. I don't think this has reached the stage for giving names. It is not within my personal knowledge."

"Did the person who told you claim to have personal knowledge?"

"No; but I corroborated it later, and had a reputable banker—a friend of mine and friend of the banker—go to see this banker. He mentioned this matter and said: 'What do you think about it?' He said the banker told him that he not only had this account, but others, and that he had this Cabinet member under such absolute control that he could bring the Cabinet member from Washington to New York or to the telephone at any time of the day or night, and he offered then and there to call him on the telephone to demonstrate it. Now I am sorry to have gone that far."

Representative Garrett asked Mr. Lawson if the Cabinet officer referred to as connected with the leak had profited by it.

"He was as closely connected with it as if he had speculated," Mr. Lawson replied. Answering Representative Lenroot's request that he give his reasons for saying a real investigation would find Congress without a quorum, Mr. Lawson said that many would be at the leak hearings and others would be absent because of their interest in stocks.

"Would you be willing to say under oath that members of Congress were beneficiaries under the leak?" asked Mr. Lenroot.

Knows of Still Others.

"No, I wouldn't say that," Mr. Lawson replied, but he added that he knew of a Senator and a Representative, whose names he would not give but who were supposed to have benefited, and that he "might know of others."

"If an inquiry were ordered," Mr. Lenroot inquired, "are you prepared to show that Congressmen buy and sell stocks and profit by advance information regarding Governmental affairs?"

"No, I will show that they buy and sell stocks," Mr. Lawson answered. He pointed out that the Rules Committee was sitting merely to decide whether to report an investigation resolution, adding:

"I've given you a lot of information already, in my opinion. I think it sufficient to make clear to the committee whether there should be a real investigation. I don't intend disclose my hand in an investigation that goes no further than to decide whether there is to be an investigation and thus let the criminals escape or destroy their records."

Before Mr. Lawson's examination was finished the committee adjourned the hearing until tomorrow, deferring until then any action on Representative Chiperfield's motion to cite Lawson for contempt.

The contempt charge situation seems to be all in favor of Mr. Lawson. He prefaced his statement today by saying he had been advised by eminent counsel that the committee had no authority to compel him to testify, "but I am inclined to waive my legal rights." Before a contempt charge could be pushed to a conclusion—assuming that Mr. Lawson went into the Federal Courts—the present Congress would have ended and the next Congress would have no jurisdiction over a contempt committed against the Sixty-fourth Congress.

When the hearing opened Representative Campbell, Republican, moved that the committee subpoenae F. M. Lockwood & Co., brokers of 46 Broadway, New York, to bring papers and documents showing stock transactions from Dec. 10 to 23. The committee decided to consider the motion in executive session. On motion of Representative Chiperfield the Boston Stock Exchange was ordered to preserve its brokers' slips for the same period.

Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to President Wilson, then was called, and read the following statement, which was accompanied by an indorsement by President Wilson:

Secretary Tumulty's Statement.

I appear before this committee to resent the unjust intimation that I gave information to Mr. B. M. Baruch in regard to the so-called peace note sent to the European belligerents last month by the Secretary of State. This intimation was contained in a statement made to this committee by Representative Wood of Indiana, a man whom I do not know. To the best of my knowledge I have never met Mr. Wood. Certainly he made no effort to find out the truth from me before dragging my name into this affair.

I wish to deny generally and specifically that I gave advance information to Mr. Baruch or to anybody else in regard to the peace note. I did not know of the existence of this note or that this Government contemplated the dispatch of such a note until after printed copies of the note had been given to representatives of the press by the State Department. I was not consulted in the preparation of the note by the President or by anybody else. The conferences and communications relating to the drafting of the note and its dispatch were confidential between the President and the Secretary of State. I knew nothing of them whatever, nor did any other person employed in the executive office.

I have had no correspondence, written or telegraphic, with Mr. Baruch or anybody representing him regarding this matter. I have had no telephone talks with Mr. Baruch or anybody representing him regarding this matter. I have never talked with him or anybody representing him or with any one else, publicly or privately, with regard to this matter.

Apparently the only insinuations made against me are that I lunched with or met Mr. Baruch, at the Biltmore Hotel, at or about the time of the preparation of the President's suggestion that the European belligerents state their peace terms. I have never breawfasted, lunched, dined, or taken any meals with Mr. Baruch. I have met him only at several banquets and large dinners, when many other persons were present. I have never discussed any peace or other note, either when it was in prospect or afterward, with Mr. Baruch or any other person engaged in the purchase or sale of securities of any kind in the stock market.

While this is a complete denial of the only insinuations which have been made, I wish to go further and say that I have never engaged in stock market sales or purchases myself nor through brokers, friends, or agents.

I discussed the President's note with no one, first, because my oath of service requires that I make no private use of official information, and second and specifically, because, as I have stated, I had not seen the President's note and did not know that it was in preparation or even contemplated.

As I have already said in a public statement, I have frequently requested the President to keep me free from any knowledge of impending international moves so that I might not be embarrassed by requests for information from the newspaper correspondents, who appeal to me in my office constantly for such information. The insinuations which have been made, whether conceived in political malice or merely through misinformation, are wholly false and without even the flimsiest basis. I have not at any time since acting as Mr. Wilson's Secretary, first, when he was Governor of New Jersey, and, later, when he became President, been interested in any stock transactions of any kind or given any information to any other person on which purchases or sales might be made. I wish to make this statement as sweeping and complete as I know how. I am still waiting for Mr. Wood's public apology.

I am authorized by the President to quote him as follows:

"I wish in justice to Mr. Tumulty to say that he has stated the exact fact. He had no knowledge of the note whatever until it was given out for publication."

President Himself Wrote Note.

Chairman Henry had no questions to ask, and Representative Campbell questioned Mr. Tumulty.

"Do you know who aided in the preparation of this note?"

"The President prepared and wrote the note himself," said Mr. Tumulty. "He is an expert typewriter, in addition to his other achievements."

"Did any stenographer or clerk in the Executive Offices know of the existence of the note?"

"I do not know."

Mr. Tumulty added that he had tried to find out how a leak could have occurred, but had been unable to get any definite information.

"The mere mechanics of preparing the note might make it possible for it to get out," he said. "My first knowledge that a note had been given out came from The Associated Press correspondent at the White House on the afternoon of Dec. 20. He told me when I returned from lunch that the note had been given out. I asked him what note, and he said 'the peace note.'

"Have you any information as to how the leak occurred?" Mr. Campbell asked.

"I have not," Mr. Tumulty replied. "Any opinion I might have would be speculative and would involve reputations. I am very careful about making statements in such circumstances."

Representative Chiperfield asked Secretary Tumulty if he knew that Alfred H. Curtis of 136 West Seventy-ninth Street, New York, ex-President of the National Bank of North America, was in fact the "A. Curtis" who wrote the letter. Mr. Tumulty said he did not. He added that he did not think the leak could have occurred on the note through any employe of the Executive Offices. He then read a letter from L. T. Russell, editor of The Newark Morning Ledger, referring to the mysterious "A. Curtis."

"What prompts me to write," said the letter, "is that I note that one by the name of 'Curtis' is brought in as having written the Wood letter using your name, and I recall that on a number of occasions, under various suspicious circumstances since I have been in Newark, I have received telephone calls from New York from a man calling himself 'Mr. Curtis,' and alleging himself to be a banker or broker. During the Standard Oil strike he called up almost daily, giving what purported to be inside information, and also predicting future developments. I made considerable inquiry, but could never identify or locate Mr. Curtis."

Tumulty's Rebuke of Wood.

Representative Campbell asked Mr. Tumulty if he knew that Mr. Wood asked for an executive session of the committee at which to make his statement last week bringing in Mr. Tumulty's name.

"I wish you wouldn't ask me anything about Mr. Wood," replied Mr. Tumulty heatedly. "I would be ashamed to be a party to anything that would blemish the reputation of a public man on a mere letter written by a man named Curtis. If I were guilty of such a thing I would not be fit to hold the smallest public office."

Representative Lenroot, Republican, asked Secretary Tumulty how the President sent the peace note to Secretary Lansing. Mr. Tumulty said it was transmitted in a sealed envelope by private messenger.

"Do you know," asked Representative Chiperfield, "that Alfred H. Curtis was President of the National Bank of North America, with which Charles W. Morse and others were associated?"

"I do not," said Mr. Tumulty. The committee at that point decided to subpoena Alfred H. Curtis.

"You are well acquainted with Bernard Baruch?" resumed Mr. Chiperfield.

"Yes, Sir."

Q.—When did you last see him? A.—At the Gridiron dinner in Washington, Dec. 9.

Q.—Did you come closely in contact with him there? A.—I sat about five seats away from him and exchanged greetings with him.

Q.—Did you have any private conversation with him? A.—None at all.

Mr. Chiperfield then said there were things not mentioned in Mr. Tumulty's letter which he wished to question him about.

"Go as far as you like," said Mr. Tumulty.

"Do you know J. B. Regan, proprietor of the Knickerbocker Hotel in New York?"

"Yes."

Asked if he ever had any business transactions with W. B. Hibbs & Co., Washington brokers, or had ever frequented their place of business, Mr. Tumulty said he had been there once.

"Before Ambassador Gerard returned to Germany recently," said Mr. Tumulty, "he wanted to buy some bonds and wanted to know a man whom I could recommend. I introduced Mr. Gerard to Mr. Hibbs."

"When was that, in reference to when the peace note was sent?"

"Some time before."

In answer to further questioning by Representative Chiperfield, Mr. Tumulty said that he did not know the date of the peace note nor when it was transmitted to Secretary Lansing. He was excused then.

Secretary Lansing was called next.

Lansing's History of the Note.

"Possibly I had better start," said Secretary Lansing, "by stating that I assume that confidential communications between the President and myself are not a part of the inquiry. I can give you a physical history of the note.

"The draft of the note was received by me from the White House at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon. I called Mr. Polk, Counselor for the department, and Mr. Woolsey, law adviser, attached to my office, and discussed the three forms in which the note had to be prepared and sent forth. I then handed it to Mr. Woolsey, enjoining him to the strictest secrecy, that he might take it to the three confidential stenographers. There it was to be prepared and delivered to Mr. Salmon, Chief of the Index Bureau.

"The index clerk," continued the Secretary, "was to encipher the note, and he said it would take so long to cipher the three notes that he would have to have an assistant. I directed that he engage his most confidential man for the work. He did so, and was given the copies, and the two men locked themselves in the room. They were given the copies at 8 o'clock, and at 2:30 Tuesday morning (Dec. 19) the notes were enciphered, delivered to the telegraph room, and sent.

"On Tuesday afternoon I discussed with the President the time when the note should be made public. The reason for secrecy was the courtesy due to the nations who were to receive the note that it should not be published here before they received it. We decided it would take at least two days for it to reach Austria and Rumania, and we decided it should be made public on Thursday morning. Tuesday evening about 6 o'clock a copy of the note, the mysterious "leak" letter to Representative Wood, is now secretary to Joseph R. De Lamar of 43 Exchange Place. To a NEW YORK TIMES reporter last night he not only denied writing the letter, but also said he was not acquainted with Mr. Wood. Mr. Curtis said that he was ill in bed, attended by a physician and nurse, when the letter was written, and for days afterward. He was still in poor health, he said, but ready to go to Washington to testify if subpoenaed. His testimony, he added with a smile, would not compensate Congress for the expense.

Dr. Albert A. Snowden, formerly connected with the National Association of Manufacturers and at present an international broker, living at 205 West 103d Street, said that he was the man referred to by Secretary Lansing as the A. E. Snowden who was present at Secretary Lansing's conference with the newspaper men with respect to President Wilson's note. He added, however, that he had been in no way connected with the alleged "leak."

"I had an appointment with Secretary Lansing on the morning in question," he said, "but it was about an entirely different matter. I was standing from six to eight feet away from the Secretary when he made the announcement to the newspaper men, and I overheard all that was said. Immediately thereafter I was introduced to Mr. Lansing by his secretary. I told him my business and he courteously gave me the business information which I sought, which had nothing whatever to do with the peace note. We did not discuss the note in any way.

"While nothing was said to me by Secretary Lansing about treating his communication to the newspapermen in confidence, I knew, of course, that that was the proper way to treat it, and so I did. At the same time, being trained in such matters, I saw that the information was of great financial value. When walking away from the Secretary's office I tried to figure out the extent to which the paper value of American wealth would shrink on the publication of the note, and I estimated it at $20,000,000,000. But I am not in the stock market, and I did not attempt to use the information for my personal benefit. I am very sure that Secretary Lansing is entirely innocent of any wrongdoing in connection with this whole matter."

At the offices of F. M. Lockwood & Co., brokers, it was stated by a member of the firm that there was no one of the name of F. M. Lockwood now with the company. F. M. Lockwood was formerly head of the firm, but he died some time ago. No one connected with the firm, it was asserted, knew anything about the leak, and it was said that there must be some mistake.

Others in the Room.

Mr. Lansing said that on the morning of his conference with the newspaper men three other men were present waiting to see him, but that he did not know they were in the room until after he had talked to the newspaper men.

"Who were these men?" asked Representative Lenroot.

"Mr. A. E. Snowden of New York, E. R. Taylor, a civil engineer of the Navy, and Dr. N. T. McLean of the Navy," said Mr. Lansing. "The two naval officers were about to proceed to Haiti for the Government."

"It is not likely that they would say anything about your statement?" suggested Representative Bennet.

"Very improbable."

Mr. Bennet recalled that Secretary Lansing had said he never speculated in the market, and added:

"For that reason, isn't it possible that you gave little thought to the effect some statement made by you might have on the stock market?"

"I never gave it a thought," said the Secretary. "It never entered my mind. I was merely anxious to preserve the courtesy due to foreign nations in the matter."

Q.—Was Mr. Snowden connected with the National Manufacturers' Association? A.—I think so.

Q.—With Snowden practically a stranger to you, did it occur to you that he might make use of the information? A.—I didn't know he was there.

Questioned further about his Wednesday conference with the newspaper men, Secretary Lansing said:

What He Told the Correspondents.

"My statements regarding the note were entirely negative. I said nothing whatever about a request for terms having been made. I gave no details. I stated that at 5 o'clock they would be able to get an important communication sent to belligerent Governments. I said that it was not a proposal of peace or an offer of mediation. Then I explained the reason I wished them to preserve confidence. I knew the note was in the hands of the printer, and I wanted to guard against any mere rumor that might get out.

Representative Chiperfield asked Secretary Lansing about his two statements explaining the note after it had been made public.

"Were these statements made entirely on your own initiative?" asked Mr. Chiperfield.

"See here," Secretary Lansing declared with emphasis, "that is away beyond the scope of this investigation."

"Such a matter has not the slightest pertinence to this inquiry on the effect of a leak on the stock market," Representative Garner interjected.

"Not, perhaps, in connection with the leak on the note and its effect on the market," said Representative Chiperfield, "but it has been stated that the Secretary's statements did, in fact, affect the stock market."

Democrats of the committee objected that such a line of questioning was improper, and the chair ruled that the Secretary need not answer. Resuming his testimony, Secretary Lansing said he did not know if representatives of Wall Street papers were present at the conference of the newspaper men, and he did not know their duties.

DENIES WRITING 'CURTIS' NOTE

Alfred H. Ill in Bed at Time—Statement by Dr. Snowden.

Alfred H. Curtis, ex-President of the National Bank of North America, who was mentioned at the "leak" inquiry in Washington yesterday as possibly the "A. Curtis" who wrote the mysterious "leak" letter to Representative Wood, is now secretary to Joseph R. De Lamar of 43 Exchange Place. To a NEW YORK TIMES reporter last night he not only denied writing the letter, but also said he was not acquainted with Mr. Wood. Mr. Curtis said that he was ill in bed, attended by a physician and nurse, when the letter was written, and for days afterward. He was still in poor health, he said, but ready to go to Washington to testify if subpoenaed. His testimony, he added with a smile, would not compensate Congress for the expense.

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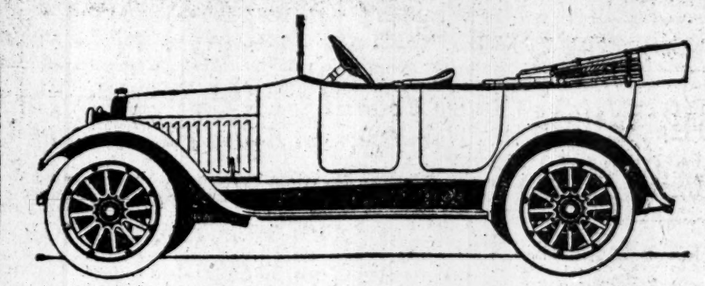

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BRONX—YONKERS—BROOKLYN

FOR MORAL SUASION PEACE.

That Is Wilson's Plan, Peace Advocate Assures Borah.

Samuel T. Dutton, as General Secretary of the World's Court League, sent a telegram yesterday to Senator Borah in Washington, praising the speech he made in the Senate Friday wherein he pointed out, as Mr. Dutton said, "the danger that the United States would be drawn into grave complications should the Federal Government enter into a compact to enforce peace by recourse to arms even as a final resort."

In part Mr. Dutton's dispatch says:

"Our national integrity and security are based on our refusal to become enmeshed in foreign entanglements, with their endless intrigues, political and other. • • • We do not share your apprehension that President Wilson is contemplating any alliance which might entangle this country with European or Asiatic powers. We hope and believe that the President may have in mind a league of nations whose purposes would be to preserve lasting peace, not by force of arms, but through moral force, through righteousness and justice expressed in a world court, the decisions of which would be supported by the greatest force in existence—the sheer force of enlightened public opinion."

NO REPLY FROM THE POPE.

Has No Occasion to Answer Wilson, but Applauds His Aims.

ROME, Jan. 8, (via Paris.)—The Vatican denies a statement which has appeared in the press, that the Pope is about to answer President Wilson's note in approximately the same terms as Spain. It is pointed out that as there are no diplomatic relations between the United States and the Holy See, the Pope has had no official communication of President Wilson's note and thus could not answer in any form, although it is said that he strongly sympathizes with the intents and aims of the President.

CANADIAN LOSSES 68,290.

Casualties Average 2,355 for 29 Months of the War.

OTTAWA, Jan. 8.—Canadian casualties from the opening of war to Dec. 31, a period of twenty-nine months, total 68,290.

This is made up of killed, 10,854; died of wounds, 4,010; died of sickness, 484; presumed dead, 1,108; wounded, 48,454; missing, 2,970.

The casualties in 1915, when Canada had only one division at the front, totaled 14,433. During the last year, with four divisions, casualties totaled 53,837.

Four More Ships Sunk.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The sinking of two neutral steamers and two schooners flying the flags of Entente nations were reported today. They were the Norwegian steamer Laupar of 1,407 tons and the Hansa of 1,143 tons, and the British schooner Brenda and the Russian schooner Seemel.

HURLBURT TRUCKS

On exhibition in the corridor adjoining the lobby of the Hotel Biltmore

Jan. 6-13

Highest factor of safety in the motor truck world

THE LURE TO RASPUTIN.

Said to Have Gone in Gala Attire to Prince Yussupoff's House.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 3, (via London, Jan. 8.)—New and more dramatic versions of the death of Gregory Rasputin, the Russian monk who exercised great influence over the members of the imperial family, and conjectures as to the nature of the plot which succeeded in ridding Russia of the most powerful and picturesque of "the dark forces" which it is alleged have been attempting to poison the internal life of Russia, have only heightened the sensation caused by the first news of Rasputin's death. It is now definitely known that the assassination was only one of a series of attempts upon Rasputin's life.

In the former plots either Rasputin, scenting danger, refused to be decoyed from his house, or the plotters were unable to agree upon the means to be used, and thus their plans several times miscarried. But circumstances peculiarly favored the plot arranged for early Saturday morning, and from recent information the authorities have been able to picture the events leading up to the assassination.

According to this account, soon after midnight Rasputin, who was sitting alone in his house in Petrograd, received a telephone call from the house of Prince Yussupoff. The invitation proved particularly alluring, and Rasputin accepted in the best humor. Soon afterward a young man called for the monk at the rear entrance. The night was extremely cold, and the long cloak worn by Rasputin concealed the costume which he had donned for the occasion, consisting of dark, baggy velvet trousers tucked into high polished boots, a silk blouse, and a bright-colored sash. The other wore conventional evening dress. The two offered a striking contrast as they quietly proceeded to the waiting automobile.

Rasputin was not long seated in the house to which he had been invited before one of the guests arose quietly and offered a revolver to him, with the following words:

"We have decided that you must die. Kill yourself."

According to the prevalent version, Rasputin pointed the revolver at the man who had offered it to him, whereupon the other guests drew revolvers and fired upon the monk.

Rasputin was struck twice, in the chest and side, and then a bullet in the head killed him instantly. His body was immediately disposed of, being dropped into the Neva River.

It was said today that those who had participated in the crime would not be prosecuted. One has already been allowed to leave Petrograd, and although the others have been detained, no arrests have been made.

DUTCH BUY SUBMARINES.

Take Over One Interned British Boat and One German.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The Dutch Minister of Marine, J. J. Rambonnet, says a Reuter dispatch from The Hague, announces that because naval construction has been hampered by the war, negotiations have been opened with the British and German Governments with a view to Holland taking over interned submarines.

The transfer of one British and one German submarine has thus far been arranged.

SCULLY WINS FIGHT FOR SEAT IN HOUSE

Canvassers Decide Long New Jersey Contest in Favor of Democratic Incumbent.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 8.—Thomas J. Scully, Democrat, of the Third Congressional District of this State will retain his seat in the House of Representatives, the Board of Canvassers having ordered this afternoon that a certificate of election be issued to him. Corrected returns from Middlesex, Monmouth; and Ocean Counties which make up the district gave him a majority of 202 over Robert Carson, Republican. The original count made Carson victor by eleven votes.

When the certificate of election is issued to Mr. Scully the count in the House will be Republicans, 214; Democrats, 214; independents, 2; Progressives, 2, Prohibitionists, 1 and Socialist, 1. A certificate of election is still to be issued in the Thirty-second Pennsylvania District, where Representative A. J. Barchfeld is contesting the election of Guy E. Campbell, Democrat. If the Democrats maintain their advantage in this district they will still lack three votes of a majority, the membership of the House being 435, with 218 necessary for control.

MRS. WHITRIDGE GETS ALL.

In Short Will Former 3d Av. Railroad Head Disposed of $10,000,000.

The will of Frederick Wallingford Whitridge, late President of the Third Avenue Railroad, who died Dec. 30, leaves his entire estate to his wife, Mrs. Lucy Arnold Whitridge, daughter of Matthew Arnold. The will has not yet been filed for probate, but a statement to this effect was made yesterday at the office of his law firm, Whitridge, Butler & Rice. The will is short, and in this respect and in the disposition of his property it follows the wills of E. H. Harriman and Russell Sage.

While no estimate of the value of the estate was given, it is believed to be upward of $10,000,000. Mr. Whitridge left two daughters, Miss Joan Whitridge and Eleanor, wife of Charles E. Greenough. He has one son, Captain Arnold Whitridge, now in the British Army.

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SERVICEABILITY is a quality that comes from the incorporation of all that is best in truck construction: A worm drive transmitting 97% of the power developed by a magnificent motor, at the point of contact; a sturdy frame of pressed steel fabricated in an unusually large size; and a list of general specifications of peculiar excellence. These are the characteristics of D-E MOTOR TRUCKS. A phone call will bring our demonstrator to your door.

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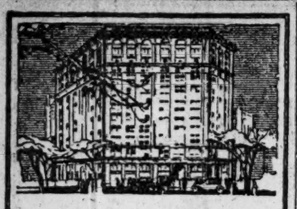

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FIND GERMAN LINES VERY THINLY HELD

British in Raid Near Arras Advance to Third Defense System with Little Opposition.

GUNS DO MUCH EXECUTION

Trenches Destroyed, Dugouts Caved In, and Wire Defenses Swept Away.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN THE FIELD, Sunday, Jan. 7, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—There were several unusual and rather perplexing things about the raid made by English and Scottish troops yesterday afternoon on the east side of Arras. It is unusual, for instance, to carry a raid into the third line of a complete system of German trenches involving a front of about 2,000 yards, with only a score or two of casualties all told on the British side. It is not often in the war that the British soldiers have entered the German lines so easily. It was unusual, also, that there was next to nothing of machine-gun fire—only one machine gun which fired at best twenty shots, and then was silenced. Finally, it was strange that during the attack the German barrage was erratic and feeble.

The attack stopped without retaliation. Are the Germans short of ammunition for a time or nursing it for future use? Are they holding some parts of the line so thinly and so weakly (there are boys of the 1917 class in some of their front lines) that the British troops can walk through without a fight and search around for the Germans without finding them? One would be tempted to build hopes on yesterday's experience if one had not been taught time and time again that behind the local weakness is ferocious strength.

Certainly the Germans were frightened yesterday when the British bombardment began in the morning and later, when over more than a mile-long front a smoke barrage, very dense and slow moving, rolled over the British lines toward them, mixing with the mist. It was a thick, white mist, and the day was without much light. There were red flashes of the British batteries at work, and over the German lines red flashes of bursting shells. Then all along the German front stretching east of Arras other lights glowed red through the mist and smoke, burned away like embers tinting into white and ash and rose, again scarlet as danger signals. The German infantry were sending up rockets of distress, an S O S call to the guns.

"They had the windup properly," said an officer conducting one part of the British operation. "They did not know at what point of the line they would be raided. For more than a mile British shells, screaming overhead, were bursting over their trenches in one great crash and roar. It was a few minutes after 3 o'clock in the afternoon when the Scottish and English troops went forward over No Man's Land. Overhead British aeroplanes were droning and signalling to the guns. One stopped like an eagle, then flew low, no higher than 550 yards above the German lines, searching the position. There was an uncanny lack of opposition in that position against the advancing troops. They were listening as they walked for the chatter of machine guns somewhere. It began with a quick patter of bullets. Then there was nothing more of that.

"They started forward over the slime of No Man's Land for our standing wire, but the German entanglements had all been cut down by the British heavies and field guns—from ten to fifteen yards in breadth the strands had been leveled and destroyed. The men had open gates before them. The trenches had gone, too. They were smashed utterly into rubbish heaps and shell craters. Some German dead were seen, but not much sign of human life having dwelt here. The English troops on the short front of attack found themselves under a bombing fire on the flank. The German soldiers who had fled from the front line were lobbing over grenades across traverses.

When this happened one English detachment which had gone on to the second line thought it prudent to get back to the first, but the officer commanding the third detachment went on with his Sergeant and party to the third line. He pushed on, bombing two dugouts on the way, and then got up on the parapet of the third German trench to observe the surrounding country. As he could not observe any Germans, and finding nothing else to do, he came back again—the German guns were barraging their own front line—and passed his men through, lying out in shell craters till dusk before going home to tea.

A Scottish officer leading a party to the further point of the sector at his part of the German trench system had a similar experience. From first to last he saw no living German. He led his party forward through the first and second lines, which were both blown to bits, with all their entanglements. He found two dugouts undamaged, blew them up, then advanced with four men to the third line, where there were two more dugouts still existing. These he destroyed also, and then says this Scottish officer: "I sat down on the parapet for some considerable time, and smoked a cigarette."

The Germans were firing from Tilloy, but not heavily. Somewhere out in the shell craters German snipers lay firing a shot or two now and then. The officer saw no use in staying longer as the raid was not for the capture of ground. The cigarette finished, he strolled back to the second line. His men were prowling about the shell craters searching for Germans and finding some dead ones, but not many living. The Scottish officer had brought a French hunting horn with him, a queer thing to take into a fight, but quite useful. He blew on it "tantara tantara" and called off the chase.

So the raid ended and there was no retaliation yesterday or today.

GERARD IS TOLD TO CABLE SPEECH

Continued from Page 1.

continued exchange of questions and answers.

The Vorwärts believes that the dinner of the American Association on Saturday is a testimony to the existence of that confidence in American good-will which is a pre-condition to intrusting President Wilson with the mediation of such an interchange of views.

The much-discussed statement of Count Andrassy, the Hungarian leader, who was at first cited as intimating that the Central Powers had already communicated their conditions to President Wilson, confirms, the Vorwärts thinks, to a certain extent this possibility. Count Andrassy declared, according to an authoritative version, that "America would undoubtedly be in a position to communicate our terms to the Quadruple Alliance should the latter be inclined to do the same."

In conclusion, the paper says than another contribution to the peace discussions—a program drawn upon by the so-called National Committee for German Peace, headed by Prince Wedel, and including many influential friends of Chancellor von Bethmann Hollweg—may be given in the future, but a peace acceptable to Germany's allies, with reference to the disposition of occupied territory, must take into consideration certain strategically necessary frontier corrections. The freedom of the seas must be established for Germany and the rest of the non-English world, particularly for Germany, and an effort must be made to obtain a war indemnity corresponding to Germany's sacrifices.

Andrassy Regrets Misinterpretation.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 8, (via London.)—The Koelnische Zeitung says that Count Julius Andrassy, the Hungarian Opposition leader, has expressed regret that his statement regarding the communication of Germany's terms to President Wilson has been misinterpreted.

Recent cable dispatches reported Andrassy as saying that the President was in a position to communicate Germany's terms to the Allies. Other dispatches made the Hungarian leader say that the President "would receive" the German terms.

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To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE.—Advt.

DISARM GERMANY, SAYS GEN. HUGHES

Canada's Former Minister of Defense Demands Kaiser Surrender His Navy.

PLEDGES DOMINION'S AID

United States Will Never Lack Help in a Crisis, He Asserts at Dinner Here.

General Sir Sam Hughes, former Canadian Minister of Militia and Defense, told the Canadian Club at a dinner last night that one way in which the Kaiser could demonstrate his desire for peace would be for him to hand over to the Allies in advance the German navy as security, neutralize the Kiel Canal by leveling its fortifications, and either resign from the throne or grant to the people a limited monarchical form of government.

The speech, coupled with a characteristic message from Theodore Roosevelt and a spirited address by Controller Prendergast, stirred the patriotic ardor of the 500 guests at the dinner almost beyond the point reached at a recent dinner of the club when Premier Borden, the speaker of honor, said Canada had bled too much to accept an inconclusive peace. General Hughes made a brief reference to the controversy that led to his resignation on Nov. 13 last. In this connection he said agents in the pay of the Central Powers, desiring to cause dissension among loyal Canadians, had circulated falsehoods about him.

"There is talk of peace," he said, after he had recounted the valor and self-sacrifice of the Canadian soldiers in the field. "Canada and Britain love peace; but it must be distinctly understood that this war was not entered upon by the Allies for peace, but for human liberty. The two terms are not necessarily synonymous. The price which the Hohenzollerns must pay for peace is an assured guarantee for all time, not alone for human mortals of the allied lands, but for the people of Germany and Austria as well.

"A free Germany and a free Austria, under limited monarchical or stable republican government, would be safeguards of great value.

"Liberty is not yet won and guaranteed. If Germany is in earnest for peace, let her in advance hand over as security to the Allies her entire navy. In fighting a rattlesnake, one should be on guard. In so far, therefore, as Canada is concerned, that our gallant lads may not have fought and fallen in vain, the object for downtrodden humanity must be attained."

Army and Navy Men Applaud.

General Hughes paused here for a moment to permit the applause, in which Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan of the National Guard, Premier Arthur Sifton of the Province of Alberta, and several American army and navy officers joined, to subside.

"There is a long list of diabolical crimes to be atoned for," continued General Hughes, "and there must be no possibility of Germany getting the Allies dissevered and then probably fighting Britain and France alone. The Hohenzollern autocracy must be overthrown. The Allies are fighting for the rights of humanity, including those of the people of Germany. They are fighting for the restoration of Belgium, Holland, and France, Poland and Rumania, Serbia and Montenegro.

"The Kiel Canal must be free to the world and unfortified. Schleswig Holstein should go to Denmark. Turkey and Persia must be free from German control, and Armenia, or what is left of it, must be placed beyond the possibility of further butcheries. Alsace and Lorraine rightly should go to France.

"The clang of the Krupps' forges must cease and the rattle of the Kaiser's sabre must no longer keep the world in terror. A power greater than the Prussian autocracy has arisen in the might of the constitutional democracies of France, Britain, and Britain's free, self-governing overseas dominion."

Before touching on possible peace and its conditions, General Hughes evoked a burst of handclapping by asserting that in the event the United States ever went to war with Germany, the Dominion would stand with this country as she has with the empire. He led up to this statement by telling of the efforts that had been made by Germany to establish herself in Brazil and to build up a colony that would be inimical to the interests of the United States. On one occasion, he said, a United States Army officer, commenting on these activities, asked him what Canada would do in case such a war was declared, and his answer had been, as repeated by him last night:

"Canada would be in the same position as Chichester was found with Dewey in Manila Bay. Right at your back. Canada will never join hands with autocratic tyranny for the overthrow of liberty."

Message from Roosevelt Cheered.

This pledge, coming after Thomas D. Neelands, President of the club and toastmaster at the dinner at the Biltmore, had read a message from Colonel Roosevelt in which Mr. Roosevelt said he was with the cause of the Allies heart and soul, and hoped the war would be continued until Germany and her allies had forever been impressed with the lesson of it, was greeted by another outburst.

The dinner was arranged to develop sentiment in the United States for preparedness, and General Hughes and other speakers all spoke in favor of universal military training.

General Hughes asserted that the United States was confronted with conditions which made it its duty to advocate such training.

"The essentials of preparedness are already at hand in the United States," he said, "as well as in Canada. First, the people are self-reliant, self-controlled, self-disciplined. They are ardent lovers of liberty, tolerant of the rights of others, independent, and each in his own sphere accustomed to battle with difficulties and to overcome them." Calling attention to problems that might be confronted if the country was not prepared, he said that were the British fleet to be destroyed there would be little to prevent a German army landing on the shores of Canada and the United States and marching through to San Francisco and Vancouver.

General Hughes said while he was Minister of Militia he had consistently advocated the teaching of military training in the schools of the Dominion, and that he firmly believed such training would prove beneficial, even if the country never went to war.

RUSSIANS DRIVE AHEAD ON THE RIGA FRONT

Capture 800 Germans and 16 Cannon in Battles South of Lake Babit.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 8, (British Admiralty, per Wireless Press.)—The War Office communication issued today concerning operations on the western (Russian) front says:

Our detachments gained possession of a village in the vicinity of the northwestern corner of the swamp of Tirul. After a stubborn struggle we captured enemy trenches north of the village of Kalnzem, and south of the western end of Lake Babit we took some prisoners, machine guns, trench mortars, and one heavy battery. All the fierce counterattacks by the enemy were repulsed.

In the battle south of Lake Babit since the beginning of the operations on Saturday we have captured sixteen cannon and about 800 prisoners. Our troops have displayed extraordinary endurance and unrestrained bravery.

Our aviators have dropped bombs on Kovel and in the village of Goloby, thirty versts southeast of Kovel, on the station of Zablotze, west of Brody, and on the hamlet of Jasenov, southwest of Brody.

After artillery preparation an enemy company twice attempted an offensive against our detachments east of Perpelniki, twenty versts north of Zborow, but each time the attack was checked by our fire.

During the night of Sunday the Germans made a gas attack on a sector in the region of the villages of Novo Selki, Soetts, and Krovo, in which they launched three gas waves, which were accompanied by a bombardment of our trenches by artillery and mine throwers. The attack was expected and measures against it were taken in time. After the last gas wave the enemy appeared in columns. He was promptly driven back into his intrenchments.

BERLIN, Jan. 8, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—The War Office made the following announcement tonight:

It is officially reported that violent artillery duels are in progress near Riga, (northern end of the Russian front).

An earlier bulletin read:

Front of Prince Leopold—West of the Riga-Mitau road the Russians yesterday attacked again with strong forces on a broad front. On the River Aa they succeeded in broadening somewhat the ground gained on Jan. 5. At all other points they were sanguinarily repulsed.

WARNING FROM MR. TAFT.

Failure to Protect Americans Abroad Would Be Fatal to Enterprise.

Ex-President William H. Taft, speaking last night at the Waldorf-Astoria at the seventeenth annual banquet of the Rubber Club of America, which yesterday changed its name to the Rubber Association of America, told his 700 hearers that it would be a fatal injury to American enterprise and to the great usefulness of foreign investments by American citizens if it was to be understood abroad that this country would never resort to extreme measures to protect American citizens or corporations in foreign lands against the unlawful "invasion of lawless foreign Governments." Mr. Taft's remarks were interpreted as referring to present conditions in Mexico as well as to contingencies which might arise in other foreign countries.

Harvey S. Firestone, President of the association, presided. With him at the guests' table were Mr. Taft, Dr. Alejandro Perez, Argentine Consul General in New York; H. C. de Martine Pinheiro, Brazilian Consul General; the Right Rev. Frank Du Moulin, Coadjutor Bishop of Ohio; Collector of the Port Dudley Field Malone, Colonel Charles Sutton, Colonel Samuel P. Colt, A. O. Bourn, F. H. Appleton, George B. Hodgeman, W. T. Cole, and John J. Voorhees. Among the diners were the leading tire manufacturers of the country. In his introductory remarks President Firestone stated that the organization now had a membership of 405, and that the factory output of rubber in the United States during 1917 would amount to $800,000,000.

Mr. Taft, who was the first speaker, emphasized the important part played by rubber in war, and urged the importance of cultivating the product in Texas and other sections of this country in order to place the nation in a secure position in case of attack. He cited the shortage in Germany, rubber in that country recently selling at $6 a pound, while here its price was but 50 cents.

MORE GERMANS DESERTING.

Increasing Number of Soldiers Fleeing Into Holland, Washington Hears

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8. — Dispatches received in Washington say that the number of deserters entering Holland from the German Army is increasing. A year ago, an authority said, there were only a comparatively few stragglers fleeing Germany's war camps. It was said the present number of desertions, while not serious, was indicative of an increasing unrest among the German troops.

Reports from Germany reveal a serious shortage of food. Diplomatic advices assert that the grain and other food supplies included in the Rumanian spoils afforded appreciable relief to the situation, but that these supplies are being quickly consumed, and that hunger among the civilian population promises to become acute.

AWARDS $20,000 TO LOEWE.

Supreme Court Gives Him Interest on Danbury Hatters' Deposits.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—In a new phase of the old "Danbury Hatters'" case the Supreme Court today decided that Dietrich E. Loewe, Danbury hat manufacturer, and not the United Hatters' Union, was entitled to $20,000 in interest accrued on union hatters' savings bank deposits attached toward satisfying Loewe's $253,000 judgment secured under the Sherman law for union boycotting in 1903.

This is the third time this phase of the case has been decided in favor of D. E. Loewe & Co. Judge E. S. Thomas, in the Federal District Court of Connecticut, gave the first decision, which was followed, on July 7, 1916, by that of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

DIES ON AN ENGLISH TRAIN.

American, Possibly Patrick Cotter of New York, Expires Abroad.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 9.—The Daily Chronicle says a smartly dressed man, evidently an American, was found dead in a compartment of the night express which reached Carlisle yesterday. Among the articles in his possession were a railway ticket from Liverpool to Glasgow and a letter which, from instructions on the envelope, apparently had been handed to him as he embarked from New York on Dec. 30. The envelope bore the following address:

"Mr. Patrick Cotter, care of the American Steamship Company, Pier 62 North River, New York City."

A large sum of money was found in his pockets. The man was slightly over 5 feet in height. He wore a dark overcoat, a dark suit, and a Derby hat. His hair was almost gray.

U-BOAT TO BRING DIAMONDS.

Germans Will Ship More Than a Million Marks' Worth Here.

AMSTERDAM, Tuesday, Jan. 9, (via London.)—According to the Handelsblad, more than 1,000,000 marks' worth of German cut diamonds will be shipped at an early date to America by a German submarine freighter.

A combination of German underwriters has agreed to insure the shipment at 8 per cent. "free of capture" or 11 per cent. against capture.

LOST

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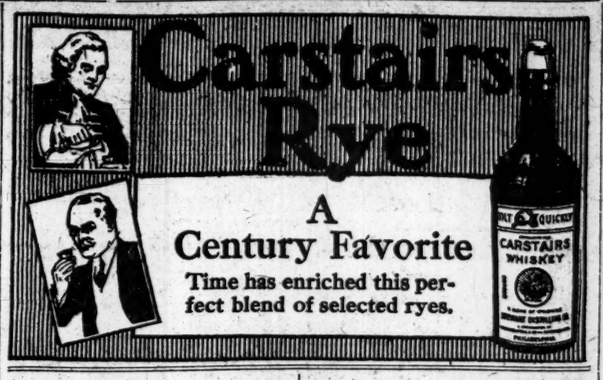

FOKSHANI CAPTURED WITH 3,910 SOLDIERS

Teutons in Wallachia Drive Russians and Rumanians Back Toward the Sereth.

STORM BORDER DEFENSES

Occupy Main Mass of Mount Odobechti, on the Moldavian Line, and Press On In Oltuz Region.

BERLIN, Jan. 8, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—The Russians and Rumanians were dislodged yesterday from strongly fortified positions over a considerable front in Southern Moldavia, the War Office announces. The important Rumanian town of Fokshani has been captured and nearly 4,000 prisoners taken. Russian troops made another attack with strong forces on the northern end of the Russo-Galician front, near the Gulf of Riga. They succeeded in gaining more ground on the Aa River, but elsewhere were repulsed. Following is the text of the official bulletin issued today:

Front of Archduke Joseph—Despite a snowstorm and severe cold weather, we again pushed back the enemy between the Putna and Oltuz Valleys.

Army Group of Field Marshal von Mackensen—Jan. 7 brought another great success to the Ninth Army, especially to the victorious German and Austro-Hungarian troops of Generals Krafft von Delimensingen and von Morgen. They threw back the Rumanians and Russians from the strongly fortified main mass of Mount Odobechti to the Putna.

Further south, the Milcovu position, which had been constructed in October and was now tenaciously defended, was captured after stormy and hand-to-hand fighting. Pushing behind, we gave the enemy no time to settle himself in his second line, on the canal between Fokshani and Yarestea. This position also was pierced, and, pressing further forward, we passed the road from Fokshani to Bolotesti.

This morning Fokshani was captured. From the captured fortifications 3,910 prisoners, 3 cannon, and several machine guns were brought in.

A later bulletin issued tonight says:

The Russians defeated near Fokshani are being pursued.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 8, (British Admiralty, per Wireless Press.)—The War Office communication issued today dealing with the campaign in Rumania reports the repulse of a Teutonic allied attack northwest of Fokshani, in which the invaders left a large number of dead and wounded on the field. Attacks along the Sereth were also repulsed. The statement says:

Rumanian Front—After strong artillery preparation, the enemy in the morning assumed the offensive in the region of Fetzesch, northwest of Fokshani, and pressed back the Rumanians. Further movements by the enemy, however, were stopped by the arrival of our reserves.

The enemy, in close formation, took the offensive on sectors of our position in the region of Pontichesti, northwest of Fokshani. Being met by our heavy fire, they fell back, leaving a great number of killed or wounded.

Enemy attacks north of Cloneska Ukota and at Ali, on the River Sereth, eight versts east of the mouth of the Buzeu, were also completely unsuccessful.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 9.—The capture of Fokshani, the western bastion of the fortified Sereth line, by the Teutonic allies is commented on here as rendering graver the situation of Rumania. The fact that the capture of the town was not mentioned in the latest Russian official communication is regarded as probably being explainable by the Russian communication being of an earlier date than that of the German War Office.

The consensus of opinion is that the loss of Fokshani is a serious menace to the whole Sereth position. The Times goes as far as to say:

"It means that the Sereth lines are turned, and that our allies must now fall back once more. There is no sign of slackening in the enemy's determination, and it may well be, as our correspondent at Jassy, the new Rumanian capital, suggests, that he designs the complete subjugation of Rumanian territory."

The Times pays tribute to the great efforts Russia put forth in Rumania's behalf, saying:

"Her attempt to hold the Sereth lines has failed, as the attempt to save Bucharest failed; but she has delayed the Germans for weeks and made them pay a heavy price for their successes. The main brunt of the recent defensive has fallen on Russia, for the bulk of the Rumanian Army has been withdrawn behind the Russian lines to be refitted and reorganized. Russia could hardly have hoped to do more than delay the enemy's advance. Field Marshal von Mackensen has three large armies at his disposal, and, we may be sure, a useful superiority in big guns.

"With both their extremities now in the enemy's hands, the Sereth lines, so far as they run west of the river, are useless. No doubt the Russians are on their way by this time to their next main defensive position, the River Sereth itself. Behind that line again is the formidable river line of the Pruth. Von Mackensen is now almost within striking distance of Russian territory, but he must either attempt a passage of the Danube from Dobrudja or must force the river positions of the Sereth and Pruth before he can set foot on it."

Not an Offer to Compromise.

John Hays Hammond sent to THE TIMES last night a statement correcting a dispatch from Baltimore printed yesterday morning in which it was inferred that he had offered $123,755 in compromise of a judgment of $238,750 returned against him in favor of Addison G. De Bois by a Maryland jury. Mr. Hammond pointed out that Judge Gorter of Maryland reduced the amount of the judgment from the larger to the smaller sum named, and said that he was as much at a loss to understand how the recent figure was arrived at as he had been to understand the original judgment. He defended his position, and said that he would take the case to the Court of Appeals.

VILLA AND BAND FLEE SOUTH INTO DURANGO

Carranzista Troops Occupy Parral, Jimenez, and Santa Rosalia —Quit Durango City.

EL PASO, Texas, Jan. 8.—Carranza forces now occupy Jimenez, Santa Rosalia, and Parral, while Francisco Villa and his staff have fled to the State of Durango over the branch railroad from Parral to El Oro.

Government agents here finally admitted today that the battle of Jimenez ended in a complete repulse of the Villa forces, and one high Government official said he had information which led him to believe that the Government forces had won "a sweeping victory over Villa."

General José Carlos Murguia, commander of the Juarez garrison, received a message today, dated Parral, from his brother, General Francisco Murguia, confirming the occupation of Parral by the de facto Government forces. Government agents obtained information in Juarez that sixty-seven Carranza officers were wounded in the battle of Jimenez, and several high officers killed. It was said thirteen telegraph operators with Villa's command were captured and executed with a majority of the 500 Villista prisoners taken at Jimenez.

DEMOCRATS URGE ECONOMY.

Senate Caucus Fails to Agree on Legislative Program.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—A caucus of Democratic Senators, held tonight for the purpose of deciding upon an order of business for the rest of the life of this Congress, which will end by constitutional limitation on March 4, did not result in the adoption of a legislative program. Another caucus will be held to determine what measures shall be considered and the order in which they shall be taken up. Tonight's discussion emphasized chiefly the need for Congressional economy in the present session.

A resolution was adopted which says that it is the "sense of the Democratic conference that the committees in charge of appropriations shall be supported in their efforts to prevent increases in the appropriation bills and if possible to reduce appropriations." It was decided to make every effort to discourage amendments on the floor which would involve additions to necessary appropriations.

Congress is now faced with the task of finding ways to meet a probable deficit of $200,000,000, and the Senate leaders are determined to use every means possible to cut down new expenditures.

Three measures were discussed informally as taking precedence over other pending legislation, the General Leasing bill, which includes the Phelan oil lands amendment; the Myers Water Power bill, which provides for the leasing of hydro-electric power on public domains, and the Corrupt Practices act. It was decided to take up the Water Power bill tomorrow. Railroad legislation was not discussed, as the Interstate Commerce Committee has not yet reported, and the possibilities of an extra session were not mentioned, it was said.

BIG WELCOME TO CUMMINS.

400 Leading Citizens of Nashville at a Banquet in the Banker's Honor.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 8.—With the annual Jackson ball taking place tonight—the biggest social function of the season in Nashville—many of the leading citizens turned out to welcome William J. Cummins back to his home city and to assure him of the respect and confidence of his townspeople. Nearly 400 persons sat down with him at a banquet given as a public tribute to him and as a thanksgiving to Governor Whitman for releasing him from prison. The social clubs, business organizations, the bench, and bar, the financiers, and the members of the State Legislature who signed petitions for Mr. Cummins two years ago were represented at the dinner.

Mr. Cummins was prevailed upon to tell something of his experiences. He said that the Carnegie Trust Company was rotten when he went into it; that he tried to save it, and that more than once he could have got out of it with large profits, but that he could not forsake the friends who had followed him into it. He therefore sayed, he said, in an effort to save it. He thanked his fellow-prisoners for their efforts in his behalf, and gave them the chief credit for his pardon. They were all his friends, he said, and his future efforts would be directed largely to ameliorating the condition of convicts.

NEW SHIPS TO THE ORIENT.

Cunard Line Plans a Regular Service, Shanghai Reports.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 6, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—It is reported that the Cunard Line has two ships under construction in England which will be put in service between Vancouver and the Orient within a year. The new ships are reported to be larger and faster than the Empress of Asia and the Empress of Russia, the two chief steamships of the Canadian Pacific Line now operating between Vancouver and the Far East.

The steamships which are reported to be building are said to be intended for practically the same route in the Far East now covered by the Toyen Kisen Kaisha ships and the Pacific Mail ships operating out of San Francisco. That is, stops will be made at Yokohama, Nagasaki, Shanghai, Hongkong and Manila.

Col. Cosby Ordered Home from Paris

PARIS, Jan. 8.—Colonel Spencer Cosby, Military Attaché of the American Embassy here, has been ordered to return to Washington. He will be succeeded by Captain Carl Boyd, who is now connected with the embassy.

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SAILING JANUARY 27TH

MAUD POWELL IN NOVELTY.

Violinist Gives "Popular" Numbers —Shattuck and Schkolnik Play.

Mme. Maud Powell, who played her annual recital of music with a forward look for the more critical fraternity earlier this season, was a pioneer in a new line at Carnegie Hall last evening, when she frankly went back to the most popular favorites for the violin and all who play that instrument, from the groundlings up. Her program's seventeen numbers duplicated her own "most popular" on the talking machines. It took a clever woman to think of that, and already today a man, the dean of American concert singers, has copied the idea for a fortnight hence, with due courtesy to its originator.

Mme. Powell was herself in rare form for De Beriot's concerto No. 7, the first of its kind to be recorded entire, so that, as last night's audience heard it from by the banks of the Hudson, the same performance without the actual player could have been given in Central America or on the upper Amazon, or by the far Yang-tse-Kiang. Arthur Loesser assisted in the concerto, and Harry Gilbert, organ, and Joseph Vito, harp, in later airs, including arrangements of melodies that are as household words, and whose setting for violin was Powell's own. If this was playing to the gallery, the upper parts of the hall paid the compliment back by thunderous applause.

Arthur Shattuck, who comes to New York from the West as a pianist, as he has come before, played in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon. His program had a delightful beginning in three preludes and fugues from the first book of Bach's "Well-Tempered Clavier," pieces whose freshness and charm are unstaled. He played them as he played the rest of his program, in an unaffected style, with a technique of suitable clearness which would have had a better effect through a more judicious use of the pedal. But Mr. Shattuck has not much poetical feeling or much penetration below the surface of things; and the quality of his tone, which is monotonous and lacking in color, gives him the effect of working in black and white. Liszt's B minor sonata can be made to sound much more plausible as a musical expression than he made it sound.

Mr. Shattuck played also d'Albert's arrangement of Bach's F major organ toccata, five preludes, and the A flat Ballade by Chopin, and Liszt's "Légende" about St. François de Paul walking on the waves.

Ilja Schkolnik, who gave his violin recital in Aeolian Hall last night without a precious Guarneri fiddle that admirers in Berlin secured for him at Christmas time, disclosed abilities on the instrument he played with a considerable range of tone "color" and even more of brilliancy. Following Tartini's concerto in D minor, he gave with Miss Marguerite Valentine a suite in A minor by Sinding, filled with the suppressed fire and vigor of the North. Among other pieces was a caprice by one Pichl, new to programs here, as well as part of a concerto by Ernst and arrangements by Burmester and Thomson.

ALVINA REPORTED SOLD.

Yacht Sails for England, Possibly for British Patrol Service.

The American steam yacht Alvina was cleared at the Custom House yesterday and sailed for Liverpool via the Azores. According to the yachting register she is owned by Thomas F. Cole of Duluth, and was built at Wilmington, Del., in 1901.

It was rumored in yachting circles last night that the Alvina had been sold to the British Government, and was to be fitted up as a patrol boat for duty in the English Channel. The Alvina is registered at 318 tons, yacht measurement, and is 214 feet long, 26 feet 6 inches beam and 16 feet 11 inches depth of hold.

Mme. Sembrich Gives Up Recitals.

Numberless of her admirers will deeply regret the announcement that Mme. Marcella Sembrich is so indisposed as to be unable to give the other three of her series of "historical song recitals," begun last week in Aeolian Hall. They were to be given on the remaining Thursdays in January, and were to cover and illustrate in a comprehensive way the history of the art song, the first having been devoted to folk song.

F. von Frantzius Dies; Left $11,250,000.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—Fritz von Frantzius, banker, broker, and art critic, is dead at his home here from heart disease in his fifty-fourth year. He left an estate valued at $11,250,000. He was born in Sawdin, West Prussia, and came to this country in 1888. Mr. von Frantzius was divorced from his first wife in 1912 and a year later married Miss Clarissa Rose, an Australian dancer, known as "Saharet," whom he divorced six months later.

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'HER HUSBAND'S WIFE' ANEW

Marie Tempest and Browne Aid Revival of Thomas Comedy.

"Her Husband's Wife," a farcical comedy originally produced in May of 1910 at the Garrick by Henry Miller, was revived last night on the stage of the Lyceum by the same producer. Last Fall Mr. Miller presented the comedy in London, and when it ran upward of a hundred performances he became convinced that the brevity of its first engagement here was due to the lateness of the season.

"Her Husband's Wife" is a conventional, transparent, and rather thin comedy. London has sent scores of the same sort here in seasons past, so it is small wonder her playgoers were kind to it. The best excuses for its repetition at this time are that it is moderately amusing throughout its course, with a few occasions in the last act for hilarity and that it gives Marie Tempest another chance to demonstrate how irresistible is her combination of personal charm and skill as a comedienne. Miss Tempest fairly breezed away with the performance.

Laura Hope Crews was again the hypochondriac wife, a rôle she created. Eugene O'Brien acted the rôle in which Orme Caldara was originally seen, and Henry Kolker played the part Mr. Miller reserved for himself when the play was young. W. Graham Browne, in the character originally impersonated by Robert Warwick, perhaps should be added to the comedy's reasons for being in 1917. Mr. Browne's impersonation of a drunken man in the last act was the most laughable bit of stage inebriety seen and heard here in recent seasons. It is barely possible that this Piccadilly pickle or Bloomsbury bun of Mr. Browne's creation may bring Mr. Thomas's play the popularity formerly denied it.

Strauss's "Der Rosenkavalier" Sung

With the Metropolitan opera season one-third completed last evening, Richard Strauss's "Der Rosenkavalier" opened the ninth week before a Monday audience notably brilliant in the parterre boxes, and numerous on all floors, as usual for this most modern musical score. In the familiar cast were Frieda Hempel, soon leaving this year, and Mme. Ober, Miss Mason, Mr. Goritz, and others, who will remain. Mr. Bodanzky conducted.

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PINCHOT DENOUNCES OLD GUARD OF G. O. P.

Says Reactionaries Caused the Party's Defeat in Last Two Presidential Elections.

WILL KEEP IT IN MINORITY

The Nation Through with That Sort of Leadership, He Tells the Young Republican Club.

The Old Guard of the Republican Party was denounced last night by Gifford Pinchot, one of the founders and still an unreconstructed member of the Progressive Party, in an address delivered before the New York Young Republican Club at its annual meeting in the Republican Club, 54 West Fortieth Street. He said the Old Guard alone was responsible for the defeat of the party in the recent Presidential elections. Mr. Pinchot asserted, amid applause, that the G. O. P. would continue to be a minority party in national affairs until its members realized that the people were through with this kind of leadership.

"For the second time within five years, the Old Guard has cost the Republican Party a national election," he said. "In 1912 the Old Guard forced upon the insurgents a choice between loyalty to principle and loyalty to the regular organization. The Progressives stood by their principles, while the Old Guard clung to their personal organization. Thereby the Old Guard threw away the election. Again, in 1916, the Progressives, looking over and beyond all smaller differences and issues, set the safety and honor of the nation first, and proved the sincerity of their stand by withdrawing their ticket.

"The Old Guard, having learned nothing and forgotten nothing, once more wholly failed to understand the mind of the nation.

"It is true that the Progressives were given representation on the National Campaign Committee; but the Old Guard, in national, State, and county organizations, commonly treated the Progressives as delinquents, grudgingly admitted their right to vote the Republican ticket and nothing more, befogged the national issue in the smoke of petty factional politics, made their own continued control the issue in the minds of thousands of Progressives, and once more threw away the election.

"It was clear before the break of 1912, as it has become clear to us again today, that the Progressives who hope to achieve positive results through party affiliation must work with the Republicans rather than with the Democrats. But it must be made possible for them to do so without sacrifice of principle or loss of self-respect. They cannot, they will not, and they should not, work under the domination of the Old Guard.

Turning to the subject of conservation, with which he said he had long been identified, the speaker assailed what he called the present tendency in Congress to give up our natural resources to private interests, instead of preserving them for the use of the people. He attacked especially two bills now pending, which, he declared, would give away the vast water power resources of the country to private interests. Another bill was now pending, Mr. Pinchot said, which would turn into private hands all the petroleum reserves set aside at one time by proclamation for the use of the navy.

"I sincerely hope the American people will not be so foolish as to give up these great natural resources," he said. "There is a bare possibility that the bills will not pass, but we should do everything possible to prevent them from becoming laws."

Mr. Pinchot left immediately after his speech, which was applauded throughout. A resolution of thanks was passed by the club.

Alexander V. Campbell, a member of the Executive Committee of the Republican Club, who was present as a guest, took exception to Mr. Pinchot's speech, asserting that the Republican Party had been progressive long before 1912 and would continue to be so for a generation to come. In a brief speech Mr. Campbell said those who advocated the ideas laid down by Mr. Pinchot had no place in the Republican Party or in a Republican Club.

John H. Iselin, a member of the Young Republican Club, took issue with Mr. Campbell, asserting that Mr. Pinchot had been correct in placing the blame on the Old Guard.

GIFTS MADE TO COLUMBIA.

Mrs. William D. Sloane Adds $75,000 to Endowment of Hospital.

These gifts to Columbia University were announced at a meeting of its Trustees yesterday: Seventy-five thousand dollars from Mrs. William Douglas Sloane, as additional endowment for the Sloane Hospital for Women; $15,000 from Mrs. George C. De Witt, for a scholarship in the Law School in memory of her husband; $6,000 from the estate of Alexander Saunders, for a college scholarship; $3,000 from the American Road and Machinery Company, for instruction in highway engineering; $1,450 from anonymous donors for salaries in the Department of Philosophy; $1,500 for instruction in practical penal problems, from Adolph Lewisohn, Henry F. Sharpe, George W. Perkins, Mrs. Eldridge M. Fowler, and Herbert Parsons; $500 from an anonymous donor through the Poetry Society of America, as a prize for the best book of poetry published this year.

The Trustees, by unanimous vote, suspended their rules and conferred the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws immediately upon George L. Rives, who yesterday because of ill-health resigned as the seventh Chairman of the board since its organization. He had been a Trustee since 1882. It was decided to postpone the erection of the building for the School of Business because of the present high cost of building.

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NEWS STOLEN, SAYS ASSOCIATED PRESS

Asks Court for Order Restraining International News Service.

BRIBERY, TOO, IS CHARGED

Concern Controlled by W. R. Hearst Accused of Selling Matter Collected by Associated Press.

The Associated Press, through Melville E. Stone, its Secretary and General Manager, applied yesterday to Judge A. N. Hand of the Federal District Court for an order permanently restraining the International News Service, which is controlled by William R. Hearst, from using in any way any news gathered by The Associated Press for the sole use of its members. In his affidavit filed with the court Mr. Stone called attention to the fact that the Governments of England, France, and Canada had expelled the International News. Since its expulsion, he alleged, it had been helping itself to news gathered by the plaintiff, sometimes at an expense as high as a dollar a word.

Mr. Stone made the charge that the International News Service had obtained some of The Associated Press news by the "bribery of employes and through other wrongful and illegal methods." The news so obtained, the affidavit said, was delivered to newspapers that were not members of The Associated Press at a less price than it cost to gather it, thus inflicting financial injury on the plaintiff.

Efforts to discover where the leaks came from resulted in the information, Mr. Stone said, that some of the news came out of the office of one of its members, a newspaper in Cleveland, and found its way into the possession of the International. To sustain this statement, Mr. Stone inserts in his application to the court a letter or memorandum alleged to have been written by Barry Farris, manager of the New York office of the International Service, to F. H. Ward, its representative in Cleveland. The Associated Press will contend that the letter was written for the purpose of instructing Mr. Ward as to the methods employed by the International News Service in obtaining the news of The Associated Press. The letter is dated Nov. 23, 1916, and reads in part:

> Agnew had an arrangement somewhere in the Cleveland office whereby he could tip us off on big news stories that the A. P. was carrying. I wish you would find out from him just what this connection was and if you can make use of it. It proves very valuable to receive a tip on what the A. P. is carrying as soon as it puts it on the wire. Don't mention the A. P. in any messages of that kind, but simply say, "Ansonia carrying fifty dead, Pennsylvania wreck near Pittsburgh," or whatever it may be.

Mr. Stone referred in his application to an Associated Press cable from London on Nov. 28, telling of a Zeppelin raid on the northeast coast of England. This cable, he said, appeared in a Washington newspaper, The Herald, which was not a member of The Associated Press. Another news story gathered by The Associated Press told of the torpedoing of the steamship Chemung, and contained some remarks made by Captain Duffy of the ship. This story appeared, Mr. Stone declared, in The Evening Journal. The Washington Herald, and The Rochester Herald, together with the remarks of Captain Duffy. These newspapers are not members of The Associated Press.

Judge Hand ordered the International News Service to show cause at 10:30 A. M. tomorrow why it should not be permanently enjoined from selling news collected by the plaintiff. The order was served on Solomon S. Carvalho, President of the International News Service, at his home in the Bronx. The law firm of Stetson, Jennings & Russell represents The Associated Press.

Fred J. Wilson, General Manager of the International News Service, said last night that the suit was "just another chapter in the long and unsuccessful attempt by The Associated Press to destroy its chief rival and to fasten its monopoly of news upon the reading people of this country." He added that the suit would be fought.

CAST VOTE FOR HUGHES.

Electoral College Formally Records the State Result.

ALBANY, Jan. 8.—New York's forty-five electoral votes were cast for Hughes and Fairbanks today. The Electoral College met in the Senate Chamber, and after perfecting organization by electing George Eastman of Rochester President, cast its ballots for the Republican national candidates.

Louis I. Waldman of Albany was elected messenger to carry the official announcement of the result to Washington.

Secretary of State Hugo occupied the chair until the college elected its President. In opening the proceedings he said:

"Since 1856, the year of the birth of the Republican Party, no election has gone in favor of a party that has not carried New York, with the exception of 1868, 1876, and 1916."

The electors were the guests of Governor Whitman at dinner at the Executive Mansion tonight.

$10,000 IN GEMS LOST.

Police Trying to Recover Jewelry Claimed by Wrong Woman.

Police and private detectives are endeavoring to recover jewelry valued at $10,000 lost in front of the Waldorf Thursday afternoon by Mrs. David L. Werthheimer, wife of a Salt Lake City wholesale grocer. Mrs. Wertheimer, who is staying at the Hotel Majestic, went shopping Thursday, and when passing the Waldorf a clasp of the bag in which she carried the jewelry gave way. A woman who found the bag took it with her to a department store, and while walking toward Sixth Avenue another woman approached her, exclaiming that it was her bag. Without asking any questions the finder turned it over to the claimant.

Meanwhile Mrs. Werthheimer had hurried back to the Waldorf, only to learn that the bag was gone. The finder later realized her mistake and gave to the detectives a good description of the woman to whom she gave the bag. The jewels lost were a diamond necklace, a diamond brooch, a diamond lorgnette, four diamond rings, a watch, a bracelet, and a pearl pin.

EXPLAINS HIGHER SHIP FARES

Holland-America Agents Say Liners Have to Travel Further.

Agents of the Holland-America line, explaining the increase in fares between New York and Falmouth and Rotterdam, said yesterday that it was made because the voyage between New York and Rotterdam takes eight days longer via the west of Ireland and the north of Scotland than it did when the liners were direct by the English Channel and the North Sea.

By the new route, it was said, the liners have to travel 1,400 miles out of their regular course, and the passengers have to be kept on board and fed for these extra eight days, with the additional increase in the consumption of coal.

One of the officials of the line said that, although the Nieuw Amsterdam, which sailed on Sunday night, carried 166 first cabin, fifty-two second and twenty-eight third class passengers, a total of 266, they did not pay expenses. Freight profits only, he added, enabled the company to operate the passenger service.

More Money to Hospital Fund.

At the annual meeting of the United Hospital Fund yesterday Charles Lanier of 59 Cedar Street, Treasurer, reported that the receipts from collections to date amounted to $37,765, an increase of $4,065 over last year's receipts. The following were elected new members of the Board of Trustees: Frank R. Chambers, Ivy L. Lee, George McAneny, Henry M. Toch, and Thomas F. Vietor.

SHOW DEEP INTEREST IN AID OF WAR BLIND

Nearly All Orchestra Seats for "The Century Girl" Benefit Performance Sold.

FRANK TINNEY AUCTIONEER

Comedian to Dispose of Souvenirs Made by the Sightless—Work of Paris Lighthouse.

Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, who has been directing preparations for the benefit performance of the "Century Girl," which is to be given tonight in the Century Theatre in behalf of the French war blind, announced yesterday that in addition to the regular performance, Frank Tinney would act as auctioneer in disposing of articles made by the sightless soldiers. With a few exceptions, all of the orchestra seats, specially priced at $6 each, have been disposed of, and the amount to be forwarded to Miss Winifred Holt to be used in her work at the "Lighthouse" in Paris, probably will be greater than first anticipated.

The sale of souvenirs, programs and flowers also will add to the fund, and among the souvenirs will be an autographed photograph of Miss Elsie Janis, with verses written for the occasion by Dr. John S. Finley, State Superintendent of Education, and entitled "La Gardienne du Phare."

Mrs. Hewitt and Miss Holt both have recently returned from Paris, bringing with them many of the articles to be disposed of tonight. Mrs. Hewitt, at her home, 11 Lexington Avenue, yesterday spoke of the work being done by the Committee for Men Blinded in Battle, of which she is a member. There are now about 1,700 blind soldiers in France, and though the Government is training the less intellectual of them in cobbling, caning and similar "finger" trades, the more mentally advanced are being taught professions at the "Lighthouse." But the present facilities of the institution, said Mrs. Hewitt, are not large enough. Only a short time ago, while Mrs. Hewitt was going through the building in Paris, she came to a room where sat twelve men learning the touch system of typewriting. There was only one instructor, and, of course, only one man could be taught at a time; the others had to sit sightless and helpless, listening until their turn came.

The "Lighthouse," by the way, is not like most of the war blind institutions which plan to keep within their walls until death the soldiers now being cared for. Just as soon as Miss Holt's guests are fitted to earn a living "by touch" they will return to their families. This, says Mrs. Hewitt, buoys up the men and is an inspiration to them.

Tonight the French Ambassador and Mme. Jusserand will be the guests of Mrs. Hewitt, and will occupy her box at the Century. Special features of the program—or as many as Mrs. Hewitt thought she could disclose without taking away the "surprise" element of the show—will be the recital of "The Battle of the Marne" by Gilda Darthy of the Théâtre Français, and the singing of the "Marseillaise" by Mme. Povia Frijsh, a Danish soprano.

The boxholders are Mrs. Nicholas F. Brady, Joseph H. Choate, Bernard Gunther, Mrs. Cass Ledyard, Thomas Ryan, Mrs. F. S. Smithers, and Mrs. Rutherford Stuyvesant. Among those giving theatre parties are Mrs. George F. Baker, Jr., Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, Mrs. Paul Cravath, Mrs. R. Fulton Cutting, Mrs. Hamilton Carey, Mrs. F. A. de Peyster, Willard V. King, Mrs. Seth Low, Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mrs. Charles Steele, Herbert Satterlee, Mrs. John T. Terry, Mrs. J. Todhunter Thompson, and Arthur Williams.

ASK MILLION FOR PENSIONS.

Bishops of Episcopal Church Will Preach In Aid of Fund.

The Church Pension Fund, of which J. Pierpont Morgan is Treasurer, and which seeks to provide annuities for aged and incapacitated clergymen, announced yesterday that a general collection would be taken in all of the Episcopal churches of the nation on Quinquagesima Sunday, Feb. 18, to complete the $5,000,000 fund needed to carry through the undertaking. Bishop William Lawrence of Massachusetts has asked each of the Bishops to help develop interest in his respective diocese by preaching a sermon on the fund, preferably on the Sunday previous to the collection.

Bishop Lawrence announced last week that $4,000,000 of the necessary amount had been pledged, but that it could not be redeemed unless that other $1,000,000 were raised.

"We have undertaken to raise this additional $1,000,000 by March 1 of this year," Bishop Lawrence said yesterday. "Our campaign from the start has been a personal one. We want gifts from all, small gifts as well as large."

INVEST YOUR
JANUARY DIVIDENDS
In Our
4½% Guaranteed Mortgages

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. **$9,000,000**
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
204 Montague Street, Brooklyn

J. M. Gidding & Co.
364-366 AND 368 Fifth Avenue, 46TH AND 47TH STS.

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE

Gowns and Dresses At
$25—Formerly selling to $75.
$35—Formerly selling to $95.
$55—Formerly selling to $145.

Handsome Wraps At
$50—Formerly selling to $125.
$75—Formerly selling to $145.
$125—Formerly selling to $245.

Motor and Street Coats At
$65—Formerly selling to $95.
$75—Formerly selling to $135.
$95—Formerly selling to $195.

Fur-trimmed Velvet Suits
$35 — $45 — $55
Formerly selling from $75 to $125.
FUR-TRIMMED CLOTH SUITS INCLUDED AT EQUAL REDUCTIONS.

FASHIONABLE FURS
HUDSON SEAL and CARACUL COATS
at $245—$325—$425. Regularly $395 to $695.
SETS—STOLES—PELERINES—CAPES—MUFFS
Of Kolinsky, Ermine, Skunk, Mole, Seal and other Fashionable Furs
AT VERY GREAT REDUCTIONS.

"America's Leading Furriers"
H. JAECKEL & SONS INC.
Sixteen West Thirty-second Street
(Not on Fifth Avenue)

Annual Clearance Sale of Their Entire Wholesale and Retail Stocks
Reductions Averaging from 20 to 50 Per Cent.

These annual reductions are essential in keeping stocks always clear, and in maintaining the position of leadership occupied by this house.

The original retail prices of the house are always low, owing to the fact that we are manufacturers, supplying a wide, national demand.

The important remaining assortments of rich Silver Fox, Cross Fox and Blue Fox, perfectly matched skins, are offered at a reduction of one-third.

There are beautiful Hudson Seal Coats in the collection now priced as low as $100; and a large selection of coats in all fashionable furs at prices not heretofore available, and not likely to be again.

There are innumerable sets, lately priced at $65, $100 and $150, now offered at similar reductions—a range in keeping with the character of the house.

Those who have not been customers of the house are cordially invited to the store during this sale—an occasion which should give the establishment a much wider circle of friends.

Sixteen West Thirty-second Street

B. Altman & Co.
A Special Sale of
Velveteen & Broadcloth Dresses
in burgundy, green and beige,
offers extraordinary value at
$27.50
Women's Ready-to-wear Department
(Third Floor)
Fifth Avenue, New York

January Sale
Pumps and Slippers of broken lines which originally sold from $7.00 to $12.00

Blacks	from $4.25	to $5.50
Whites	at $4.75	
Tans	at $4.75	
Combinations	from $3.50	to $5.00

Boots
A Great Variety of the Latest Design Boots from $5.50 to $10.00

J. & J. SLATER
25th Street and Broadway

Gimbels
33rd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

$15 for MEN'S Suits Ulsters Overcoats

Suits at $15
Regular Sack Model.
Double-Breasted Model.
Pinch Back Model.
English Soft Roll Model.
Strictly all wool fabrics, thoroughly well tailored—garments right from our regular stock.
Unfinished worsteds and cassimere worsteds. Plain black, blue serge, plain Oxford gray, plain brown, blue and black striped, brown striped checks and plaids and fancy mixtures.
Mostly all full lined; some half lined and others quarter lined.

Overcoats, $15
Chesterfield Models, full satin lined.
Belted Back Models, quarter satin lined.
Pinch Back Models, quarter satin lined.
Semi-Fitted Model, Velvet Collar, quarter satin lined.
Double-Breasted Model, Velvet Collar, quarter satin lined.
Plain Blue, Oxford Gray, Kersey Cloth, Velvet Collar; serge lined.
Heavy winter weight fabrics in plain black, Oxford grays, brown, green, blue, plaid effects and fancy mixtures. Mostly all have velvet collars; others plain.

Men's Winter Ulsters at $15
Made of very heavy Irish Frieze in Oxford gray only; wool lined. With large collar. Will keep you warm in the worst of winter weather.
GIMBELS Men's Store, Fourth Floor

The Feature of the Show

The Studebaker GOLD CAR

At the
Grand Central Palace

WOMEN IN THRONGS AT THE AUTO SHOW

They Evince a Lively Interest in Mechanical Construction of New Style Cars.

THEIR TASTES CONSULTED

Latest Machines Have Features Especially Designed to Interest the Sex in Motoring.

Women nearly captured the National Automobile Show at Grand Central Palace yesterday. At certain hours of the day there were more women present than men, and at all times the increased proportion of women in the crowds was noticed and commented on with much satisfaction by automobile men as proof that the automobile had won its way as a woman's vehicle as well as a man's.

After the electric starter had been added and other refinements had been made in the handling of automobiles, a persistent effort was made to interest women in motoring. Wherever an accessory could be added that would attract women, this was done. In the choice of the upholstery, in installing toilet cases in the tonneau of the closed cars, and in other matters women's taste was considered.

Women not only crowded around the exhibits yesterday, asking questions about matters naturally interesting to their sex, such as upholstery, but many were interested inquirers about the mechanical parts and construction of the various cars. One demonstrator grew weary trying to make clear the mysteries of the "differential."

Driving a car, it is asserted by automobile salesmen, is the best of exercise for women. The assertion has been made that it is the greatest steadier of women's nerves known and that it disciplines self-control.

Many Cars Sold Already.

A good many sales of cars were reported yesterday, but buying hardly ever gets brisk before the third day of the show. Indications are, however, this show will make a new record in the number of cars disposed of. A majority of those who buy cars are asking for immediate deliveries, instead of April, as formerly.

Of the new makes of cars shown, the Doble steam car is attracting much interest. Steam can be got up in one minute when the car has been perfectly cold, it is asserted. The burner for the boiler is lighted by an electric spark. Kerosene is the fuel. All exhaust steam is condensed and used over, thus conserving the water supply.

A seven-passenger touring car with a pea green body and upholstery in dark green corduroy is a prominent feature of the Mitchell exhibit. A small compartment in the cowl to carry tools is a new equipment.

No tufting in the upholstery is characteristic in some of the new cars, this being observed in one seven-passenger Cadillac. The valves of the Cadillac motor have been enlarged an eighth of an inch and the wheel base lengthened to 125 inches.

A new cream-colored Hupmobile has a centre cowl designed to take care of two auxiliary seats when not in use. A gentle push folds them forward in an instant.

A seven-passenger touring car in "midnight blue" is one of the interesting cars in the Jeffery exhibit. A rolled-edged body characterizes this new model.

Prominent in the Inter-State exhibit is a yellow roadster with a white stripe of pleasing design. The upholstery is in black leather. In stock models this car is offered in three colors—browns, grays, and blues, at $950.

In the "Hal" exhibit the eye is attracted by a touring car in gun metal, finished with gray upholstery to match, and the woodwork of Circassian walnut. The motor is a twelve-cylinder. This car is priced at $2,000.

Visitors from Many Cities at Show.

Noteworthy in the Marmon exhibit is a town car with a Holbrook body. The color is dark blue, with running gear in black, and upholstery of drab, the whole effect being one of distinction.

A "fleur-de-lis" roadster, so called from the arrangement of the seats, for three persons, is one of the features of the Dort display. There are handy compartments on each side of the rear back seats. The color of the body is dark green, with black leather trimmings.

A "speedster" with lines and motor power suggestive of the racing car holds a front position in the Peerless exhibit. It seats two passangers, and the eight-cylinder motor is capable of eighty horse power and a speed of eighty miles an hour. The color of the body is dragon green. This car is one added to the Peerless list this year.

There is no doubt that this show is attracting more visitors to the city than any previous one. Hotels were crowded on the day of the opening of the show, but still newcomers continued to arrive yesterday. In a report from the passenger department of the New York Central Railroad it was announced that 1,200 breakfasts were served yesterday morning on six through trains arriving in New York. To serve these meals sixteen dining cars were required, eighty-two stewards, cooks, and assistants, and 105 waiters. The business done was about 25 per cent. above normal.

Other railroads also carried an unusually large number of passengers. Even taking into consideration the large increase in passenger travel noted by the railroads for some time, only the automobile show, it was said, could explain the extraordinary business of yesterday.

Yesterday was Military and Naval Day at the show, invitations having been sent to a large number of army and navy officers in this city, Washington, and elsewhere. Prominent members of the Aero Club of America were the guests of President Alan R. Hawley, and others interested in aeronautics were present, among them a dozen or more prominent South Americans, who are working in the interests of the Pan-American Aeronautics Exposition to be held in Grand Central Palace next month. Howard E. Coffin, a member of the Naval Consulting Board, who is also working energetically on the Aero Exposition, had as his guests a number of prominent Washington persons, who are devoting their time to industrial and military preparedness.

SALON SALES TOTAL $210,000.

Highest Price Paid for a Single Car $15,000, Making New Record.

Sales amounting to $210,000 since the opening of the Automobile Salon at the Hotel Astor were reported yesterday. The highest price obtained was $15,000, which made a new record for this kind for the salon. Many of the cars on exhibition have been sold, and in numerous cases duplicates have been ordered. Among well-known persons who have purchased salon cars are Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, W. C. Durant, Foxhall Keene, and L. H. Perlman.

"Cars with interiors like drawing rooms" is the latest way of describing one of the tendencies in design noted at the salon. This is carried to such an extent, a designer pointed out yesterday, that many of the limousines, laudanets, sedans, and broughams on view "might properly be termed drawing rooms on wheels."

This effect is largely obtained through combinations of colors and materials, in connection with the skillful and artistic use of space. The seats are upholstered like chairs are in a drawing room; the floor has a rug and the ceilings, or headlinings, as the coachmakers call them, are treated in a different color from the side walls, like the ceiling of a room. Some of the wall coverings resemble tapestry.

Only two more days of the salon remain.

AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT

THE Chevrolet Motor Company is indebted to Mr. George E. Daniels for the artistic body design adopted for its new eight cylinder car now attracting such favorable attention at the New York Show.

W. C. Durant
President

CHEVROLET

During Auto Show Week

The Shelton Looms
"Artfur" Lap Robes
WILL BE EXHIBITED AT
Lord & Taylor's Lap Robe Dept.
These Artificial Fur Robes, ranging in price from $12 to $120 each, combine beauty and warmth without the objectionable stiffness and weight of real fur.
Sidney Blumenthal & Co. Inc., 395 Fourth Av., N. Y.

Gimbel Brothers
33rd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

$5 Cash Puts the Most Popular Victrola In Your Home—Balance $5 Monthly

These terms make it easy for every one to own a Victrola—no home need be without one.

Every one of the ten Victrola models, including the new and finer-toned No. XVII. at $250, are at GIMBELS. Come in and hear any model you wish and also any record in the Victor catalogue.

Ideal conditions prevail in our beautiful Salon—soundproof and ventilated rooms; competent and courteous salesmen. We guarantee prompt and careful delivery.

Victrola XI., $100

Three Popular Combination Outfits

Victrola IX	$50	Victrola X	$75
Victor records	5	Victor records	5
Total	$55	Total	$80

Victrola XI	$100
Victor records	5
Total	$105

Terms: 5 Cash, $5 Monthly
GIMBELS—VICTROLA SALON—Eighth Floor.

METALS
And Alloys for Export
Guaranteeing Neutral Consumption.
Syracuse Smelting Works
837 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FOUND ARTICLES.
Persons who have found articles of value should advertise them. See Lost and Found column, last page, in The Times today.—Advt.

Revillon Frères
ESTABLISHED 1723

ANNUAL FUR SALE

A Few Specimen Prices are Quoted below:

WOMEN'S COATS

HUDSON SEAL (*dyed Muskrat*) *from* $100
CARACUL *from* $200
SPORT COATS *from* $150

FUR SETS

SCARFS		MUFFS
From $18.50	BLACK FOX	*From* $22.50
" 15	HUDSON SEAL (*dyed Muskrat*)	" 20
" 25	CROSS FOX	" 30
" 20	BLACK LYNX	" 25
" 25	FANCY DYED FOXES	" 30

SKUNK MUFFS *from* $22.50

COATS IN VELVET SATIN and CLOTH

Evening Wraps $100 $150 and $200
Afternoon Coats of Velvet and Satin $75 and $125
Cloth Coats, plain and Fur trimmed $40 $60 and $75

MEN'S OVERCOATS

Muskrat lined Overcoats, with collars of various furs, *from* $65
Raccoon Auto Coats *from* $145
Handsome Overcoats lined with Mink, Civet Cat, Hudson Seal and other furs with collars of contrasting furs, reduced in proportion

ROBES *FOOT MUFFS* *CAPS* *GLOVES*

5th Avenue at 53d Street

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Fifth Floor Broadway

Macy's
Herald Square. B'way, 34th to 35th St.

Elevators to Fifth Floor on 35th St. Side

Men Who Have Visited the Clearance Sale of

Suits & Overcoats

are now satisfied purchasers. Satisfied with their new clothes and—satisfied with their savings.

Compare the materials, the styles, the tailoring and the prices with those offered at sales e'sewhere in New York.

Then you, too, will become one of these satisfied purchasers, especially when you learn that you can buy such Good Suits and Overcoats at the following low prices:

Suits and Overcoats that were $17.50 **$13.75**	Suits and Overcoats that were $19.75 **$15.75**
Suits and Overcoats that were $24.75 **$19.50**	Suits and Overcoats that were $29.75 **$24.50**

Other Garments at Proportionate Savings.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Main Floor, 35th St.

Macy's
Herald Square. B'way, 34th to 35th St.

Main Floor, 35th St.

A Manufacturer's Inventory Made Possible This

Sale of 8,200 Men's

89c

1700 Woven Madras with Soft Cuffs.
2200 Mercerized Weaves with Soft Cuffs.
1200 Soft Finished Weaves with Soft Cuffs.
1200 High Count Fabrics, Negligees with Laundered Cuffs.
1000 Woven and Printed Madras, Negligees with Laundered Cuffs.
900 Fine Percales, Pleated Shirts with Laundered Cuffs.

Making an Almost Endless Variety of Stripes and Colorings in Patterns that Meet the Taste of Every One.

Every Size from 14 to 18

Absolutely Fast Color

When a well-known New York manufacturer completed his inventory he turned to Macy's with their cash purchasing power and offered a large portion of his goods at price concessions which are now in turn being placed to your advantage. In every respect, shirts measure up to Macy's standards.

Men will buy these shirts in dozen lots. An early selection means the pick of the lot for you.

LIQUOR MEN LOSE IN SUPREME COURT

Webb-Kenyon Law Prohibiting Shipments Into "Dry" States Is Upheld.

DECISION IS SWEEPING

It Also Affirms West Virginia's Right to Bar Consignments for Personal Use.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—In the most sweeping of all decisions upholding prohibition laws, the Supreme Court today upheld as constitutional and valid the Webb-Kenyon law prohibiting shipments of liquor from "wet" to "dry" States. It also sustained West Virginia's recent amendment to her law prohibiting importation in interstate commerce of liquor for personal use.

After having been vetoed by President Taft, who held it unconstitutional, and having been repassed by Congress over his veto, the law was sustained by the Supreme Court by a vote of 7 to 2.

Leaders of the prohibition movement said the decision was to their fight second only in importance to the proposed constitutional amendment.

Lawyers for liquor interests who heard the decision today admitted that it upheld and applied the law in its fullest sense.

Chief Justice White announced the majority opinion, to which Justice Holmes and Van Devanter dissented. Justice McReynolds, while agreeing with the majority decision, did not concur in the opinion.

New Haven Wage Dispute Mediated

Mediation in the controversy between the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad and the Order of Railroad Telegraphers will be begun today, a Commissioner of the United States Board of Mediation and Conciliation, probably G. W. W. Hanger, acting as mediator. There are about twenty matters at issue between the union and the railroad. The principal one is that all telegraphers shall receive a 10 per cent. increase in pay.

BIGGS GOES TO INVESTIGATE.

Rockefeller Foundation Denies He Will Do Sanitary Work in France.

Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, State Commissioner of Health, is not going to France to do sanitary work in connection with the Rockefeller Foundation's inquiry into the spread of tuberculosis among noncombatants, but goes merely as an investigator, Jerome D. Greene, Secretary of the Foundation, issued this explanatory statement yesterday:

"Referring to the publication in this morning's papers of the fact that Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, State Commissioner of Health, was going to France to study the tuberculosis situation, it should be distinctly understood that Dr. Biggs has not been asked and does not intend to conduct sanitary operations in France. That is a function which necessarily devolves upon the French agencies, both Governmental and civic, which have already given a great deal of attention to this subject.

"In any comprehensive plan for combating the spread of tuberculosis there will doubtless be a large opportunity for private benevolence, and it is for the purpose of ascertaining in what way outside help can be made most welcome and effective that Dr. Biggs is being sent by the Rockefeller Foundation.

"Dr. Biggs will sail for England today on the Kroonland, accompanied by Dr. A. R. Dochez, Associate Physician of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, and by Geoffrey Atkinson of Columbia University, who will act as secretary and interpreter."

11 LIQUOR DEALERS FINED.

Sunday Violations Prosecuted by the State Excise Department.

Activity of agents of the State Excise Department against liquor dealers for Sunday selling was disclosed in the Supreme Court yesterday when Justice Cohalan entered judgments against eleven saloonkeepers for penalties of $1,800 each and costs.

The addresses of the defendants indicated that the campaign covered the entire city, but there wasn't one nearer Broadway than Seventh Avenue.

Don't trust to luck. Serve

Club Cocktails

and trust exact blending of selected liquors to do your taste justice.

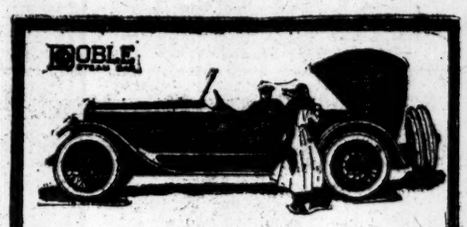
DETROIT WEATHERPROOF TOPS

For Immediate Delivery

Sharrer Patent Top Co., Inc.
245 West 55th St.

Tel. Circle 1636

Distributors for New York City and the East

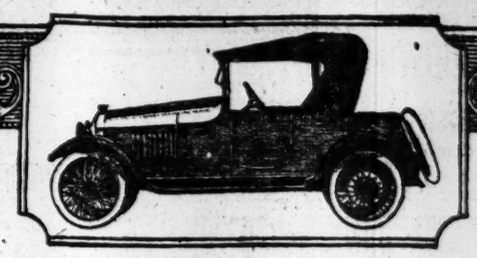


The Doble Steam Car

The most striking advancement in Motor Car Construction that has been made in ten years.

Be sure to see it, at Grand Central Palace Fourth Floor, D9 and 10

General Engineering Company
Detroit, Michigan



Announcing the New Model "G"

Many owners of the 4-cylinder *Scripps-Booth* roadster have found its extraordinary comfort and speed especially desirable in long-distance touring.

An additional model is therefore presented, built for just this purpose, and to withstand the hardest punishment that adverse road conditions can present.

In such service, the extra size and reserve power of Model "G" masters obstacles with certainty, which other cars fail to surmount. Priced at $935.

The exclusive appearance and performance-ability that gained instant prestige for the first *Scripps-Booth* are, if possible, magnified in this slightly larger model.

Scripps-Booth

Of Dealer Interest

The expansion of *Scripps-Booth* production facilities makes possible the allotment of cars to certain fertile territory hitherto unsupplied. And as the only car of its kind to meet a keen demand, satisfied by no other, the dealer's opportunity is obvious.

ISOTTA FRASCHINI MOTORS COMPANY
2 West 57th Street, *New York* 73 Central Avenue, *Newark*
Brooklyn: DIUGUID BROTHERS, 1285 Bedford Ave.

All Models at the Palace Show, Space B-16

Hudson Super-Six

As Every Visitor Knows, is the

Center of the Show

With the Patented Motor, Which, in One Year, Won All the Chief Laurels of Motordom

Space A-13

At last year's Show, as you remember, two new motor types appeared as successors to the light-weight Six.

One was the V-type motors—one the Hudson Super-Six.

Both were created to overcome the limitations of the Six. That is, to minimize vibration, the cause of motor wear and friction, of wasted power and short endurance.

The trend before then was to Eights and Twelves.

In the past year, the Super-Six won that contention. In a hundred tests it proved its vast supremacy. Now it appears as holder of all the worth-while records.

As the largest-selling fine car in the world.

As the conceded monarch of this field.

Some makers who, a year ago, built Eights and Twelves have quit them. The pendulum swung back to the Sixes—The Hudson Super-Six.

The Hudson Super-Six holds undisputed leadership.

The Super-Six is different from any other Six. This motor invented and patented by Hudson adds 80 per cent. to motor efficiency. That is, to power and endurance.

That is why it won every worth-while record. Why it won at Pike's Peak the world's record in hill-climbing. Why it broke the 24-hour record by 52 per cent. And why it twice broke, in one continuous round-trip, the transcontinental record.

Its double endurance won its supremacy—its freedom from friction and wear. And the feature which did that is found only in the Hudson Super-Six.

See our new gasoline saver. See our new luxury bodies.

Pride of ownership, when you buy a fine car, will bring you to the Hudson Super-Six. For what is the charm of a great car if another car is greater?

With the Hudson Super-Six you are the recognized master of every motoring situation.

It is the greatest car on exhibit. And, because of its vast superiority, it is the only permanent type we know.

There are eight beautiful open and closed body types.

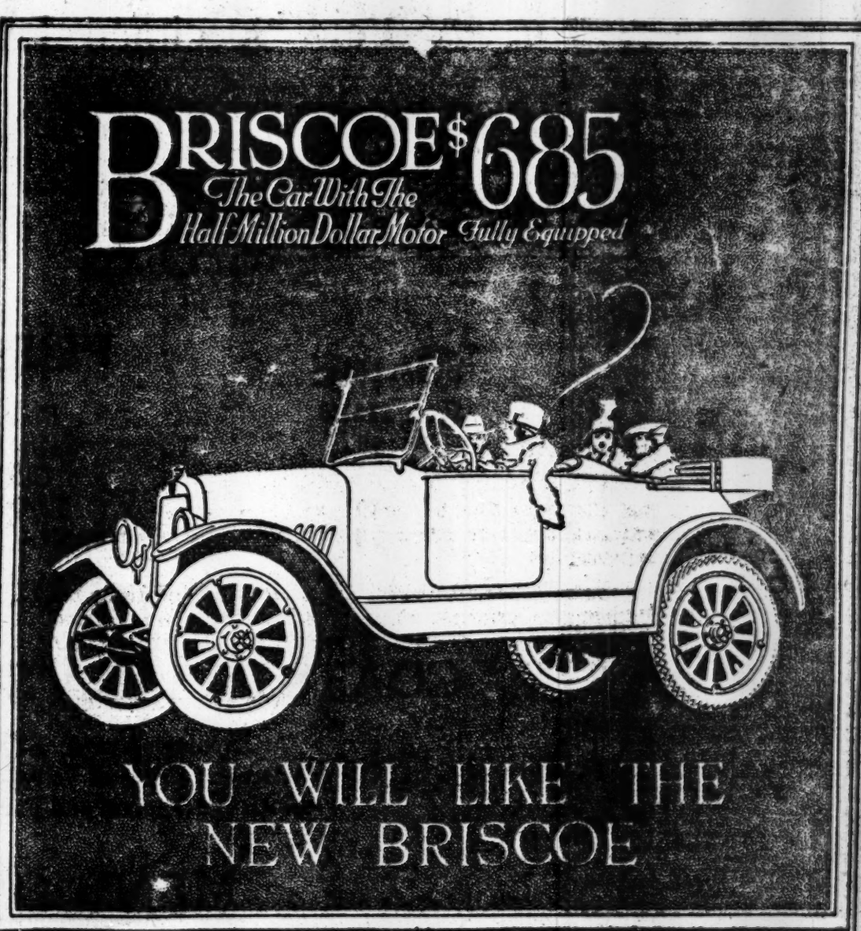
HUDSON MOTOR CAR COMPANY, DETROIT, MICHIGAN

HUDSON MOTOR CAR COMPANY *of* N. Y., Inc.

Broadway at 61st Street, Circle Building, New York

1184 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn

Newark: 34 Halsey Street
Bronx: 438 East 149th Street
Yonkers: Proctor Building
Jersey City: 2529 Boulevard
New Rochelle: Maine St. and Center Ave.
Mount Vernon: Proctor Building
Hoboken: 217 Hudson Street



Progress — THE new Briscoe at $685 we believe is the best looking, the sweetest running automobile ever built at the price. Success has made it. Increased production has lowered costs, provided more refinements.

Character — TOURING car has surprising roominess—try it! Four-passenger roadster is the only car built with a full back to the front seat—a novelty—see it! Briscoe-built in Briscoe factories insures quality in every detail.

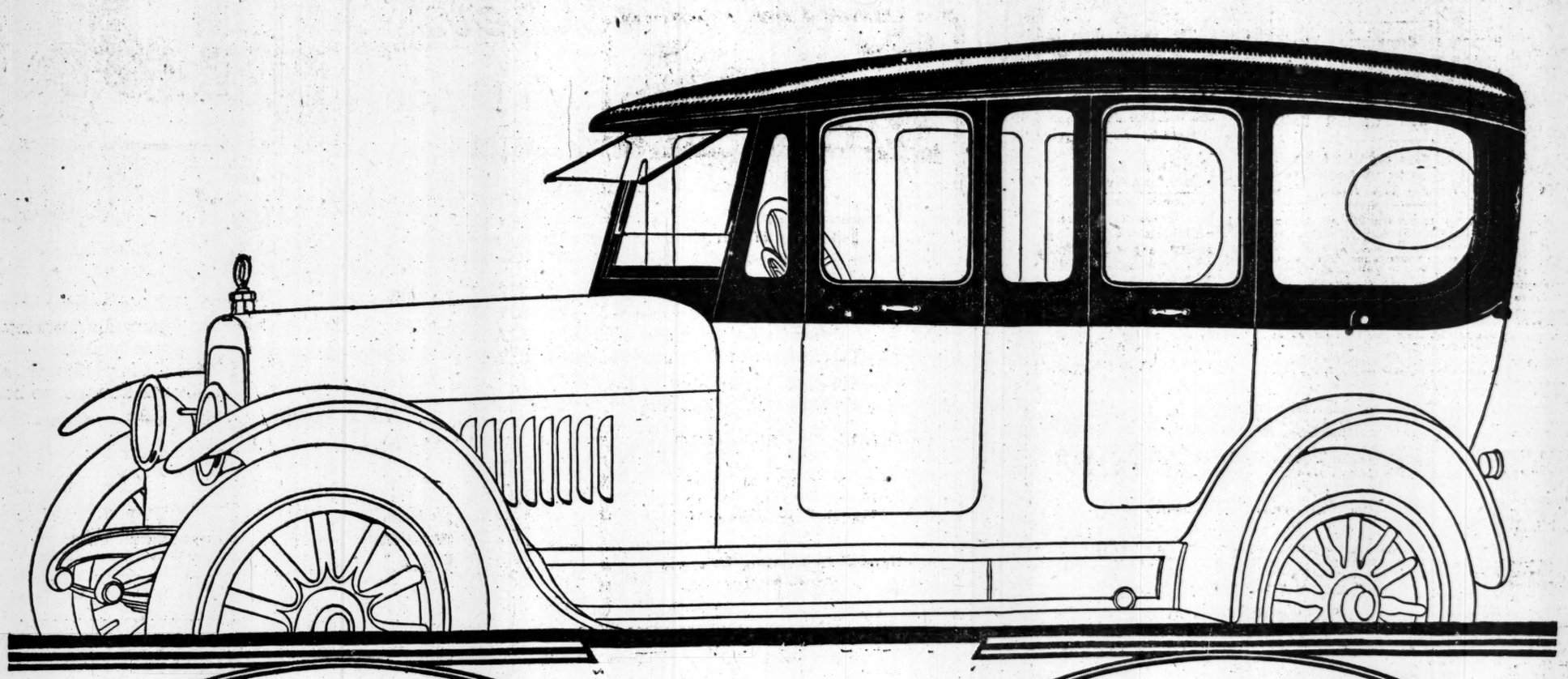
Message — YOU will miss the real meaning the show holds for you if you fail to see the beautiful, handsomely finished and completely equipped 1917 Briscoe models.

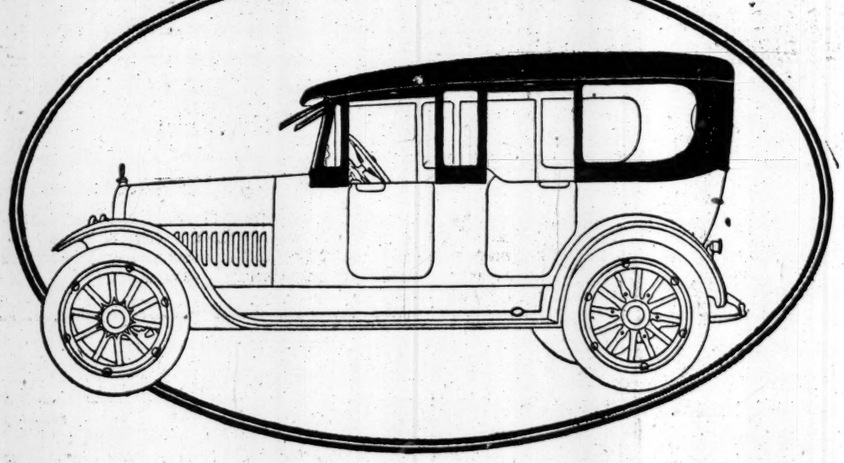
Five Passenger Touring Car $685
Four Passenger Roadster $685
Coupelet $815
Delivery Car (Canopy Top Body) $700

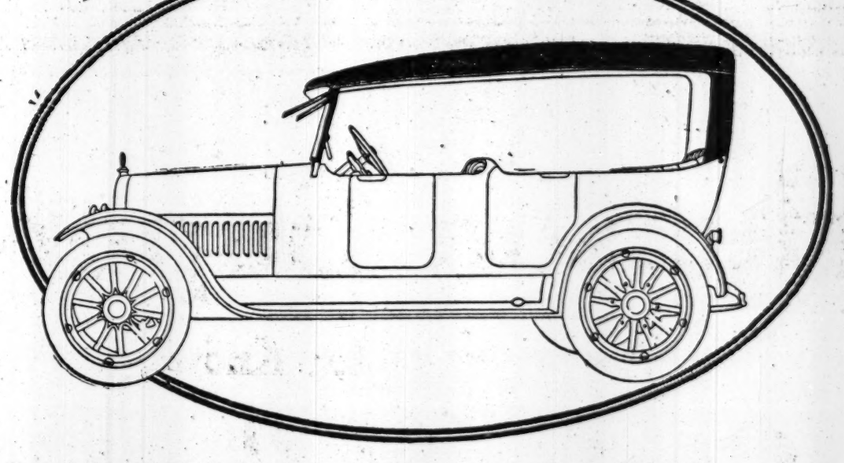
Headquarters, Claridge Hotel,

BRISCOE MOTOR CORPORATION

BRISCOE SALES CO., 1796 Broadway. Tel. Col., 6966.







New era in motoring comfort

Detroit Weatherproof Top

(PATENTED)

THE problem of weather protection, of comfort, convenience and economy in motoring, has been solved by ***Detroit Weatherproof Tops.*** The old makeshift "winter top," the flapping side curtains in winter weather, the expense, annoyance and discomfort of the old "detachable tops"—these have been "scrapped" by scientific design and concentrated manufacture.

Each Top is individual, distinctive to that particular make of car for which it is designed.

Detroit Weatherproof Tops are the logical development of the popular demand for luxurious, yet economical motoring.

A majority of the manufacturers of motor cars believe that the convertible top which can be *removed* if desired—and *adaptable* to all weather conditions—has come into universal use.

Detroit Weatherproof Tops are designed upon that fundamental principle of universal utility. And already their tremendous demand has confirmed the soundness of that principle.

There are many sumptuous Sedans on the market. For these, too, there is an immense sale. They are luxurious motor cars designed for a class of owners to whom the expense is not vital.

Detroit Weatherproof Tops are designed and constructed for *motorists who properly demand the highest quality and greatest comfort in their year-around motoring—at a fraction of the cost* which these permanently closed cars exact.

Detroit Weatherproof Tops are built for motorists who do not wish to pay the additional $400 to $700 for mere weather protection—but who are willing to pay from $90.00 to $180.00 for *an "All Weather Top!"*

The Detroit Weatherproof Top has eliminated the hinged door, with its rattling and breaking of glass; the excessive weight, the cumbersome, permanent windows, the bad ventilation, the obscured vision, the delay in installation and the HIGH COST.

The Detroit Weatherproof Top has been standardized for the following motor cars:

HUDSON *Super Six Phaeton*	CHEVROLET *"Four-90" Touring Car*
CHANDLER *"Series 17" Touring Car*	BUICK *"D-45" Touring Car*
CHALMERS *"Six-30" Five Passenger*	OVERLAND *"83"*

FORD *1915-16-17 Touring Car*

Prices from $90.00 to $180.00

The Detroit Weatherproof Top has patented flexible sliding doors which disappear instantly into the roof, side sections, doors and quarters—which can be entirely removed in a few minutes—making your car a perfectly open touring car.

An addition of about fifty pounds to the present weight of your car with touring top! Detroit Weatherproof Tops are the lightest on the market.

Detroit Weatherproof Tops are attached to the regular body irons of your car and fit flush with the sides. There is a Patented adjustable back which allows for any variation in body lengths.

The finish and materials throughout are elegant and in the best of taste.

A Detroit Weatherproof Top can be attached in less than two hours. And what is more, it can be quickly ***DETACHED*** without marring the car's body in the least.

We work in close co-operation with the motor car manufacturers; hence ***Detroit Weatherproof Tops*** are designed to harmonize with each particular car model.

In short, the ***Detroit Weatherproof Top*** enables the discriminating owner and driver to enjoy luxurious, year-around motoring—from November to June—by instant adaptability to weather conditions.

By careful and original design, by sheer simplicity, by quantity production, by concentrated and painstaking manufacture, we have made ***Detroit Weatherproof Tops*** the most luxurious, the most convenient and the ***least expensive*** on the American market.

See us at the Show and you will get a brand-new conception of the remarkable development of the Year Around **Detachable** Top.

Also, you will understand why the new patented features incorporated in the ***Detroit Weatherproof Top*** are winning overwhelming popularity among manufacturers, dealers and owners.

Manufacturers and Dealers cordially invited to inspect our exhibit at the

Grand Central Palace—Space D 174 and 175 (Fourth Floor)

Detroit Weatherproof Body Co.

Detroit, Michigan

Tax Exempt
First Mortgage Certificates on New York City Real Estate
5%
Principal & Interest GUARANTEED
5%
You may invest $100 and upward.
Interest mailed every six months.
Write for Booklet. "The Ideal Investment."

New York Title & Mortgage Co.
135 Broadway, New York
203 Montague St., Brooklyn

TARDY COOK DELAYS POLICE DIET TEST

And When 10-Cent Dinner Is Finally Served the Rookies Pitch In with Avidity.

25 CENTS A DAY THE LIMIT

Commissioner Woods Said the Stew Looked Good, but He Didn't Taste It.

Twelve husky and hungry young rookies from the Police Department Training School gathered around two tables at 47 Lafayette Street last evening and began the first meal in an economic diet test, under the supervision of the Hygiene Life Extension Institute, which hopes to show that an individual can live cheaply and satisfactorily despite the present high cost of food. In the test the cost of food per man is estimated at 25 cents a day.

The cost of the dinner, which will be the heaviest meal of the daily menu, was a fraction less than 10 cents for each man. The meal last night consisted of lamb stew with vegetables, stewed apricots, bread, butter, coffee, and ginger bread. At its conclusion all of the policemen praised the quality and expressed satisfaction with the quantity of the food, and each promised faithfully not to partake of food anywhere but at the scientific diet kitchen during the next twenty days.

"That portion of the stew which just passed me on the way to the tables looks pretty good and nourishing," commented Commissioner Woods, who, however, did not partake of any. In a brief talk to the squad he advised them to carry out the test honestly by abstaining from all other food. He told them they were doing a service to the public and to the department.

It had been arranged to start the test at luncheon yesterday, but the cook who had been engaged failed to appear and the larder was empty at noon. Miss Miriam Walker of the Teachers' College, the dietician, who was supposed to attend to the purchase of the supplies, was unable to provide them at the time specified. Mrs. Eugene Lyman Fisk, wife of Dr. Fisk of the Institute, volunteered to cook the rookies' dinner.

At the last minute it was found that one of the volunteers to the squad, Matthew Skea, would not be able to take part because he is entered in a regimental athletic contest as a representative of the Police Department. When Inspector Cornelius F. Cahalane lined the squad up on the gymnasium floor at Police Headquarters, preparatory to going to the Lafayette Street diet kitchen, and called for a substitute for Skea, half a dozen men volunteered from the class of recruits. Cahalane chose Abraham Goldman of 1,251 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.

This makes the squad consist of ten Catholics and one Jew, with no profession of faith by the twelfth man. There will be a fish or non-meat menu on Fridays, while any wishes Goldman may have on particular days will be respected.

"I think you will get all that you want," said Commissioner Woods as he glanced over the tables. "If not I would suggest that you each arrest Miss McClary on each successive day of the test until the service is satisfactory." Miss Eula McClary is the representative of the publicity department of the Life Extension Institute.

Dr. Fisk has arranged a diet which will provide each man with approximately 3,500 calories daily. This amount may be raised or slightly decreased, according to developments. During the test the members of the squad will continue their studies in the police school and keep up their daily work in the gymnasium.

"The reason we decided to make up the squad of bachelors exclusively," said Inspector Cohalane, "was due to the belief that they would be more likely to adhere to the test than married men, who might be tempted to eat between meals at their homes."

Professor Irving Fisher of Yale University and Professor Henry C. Sherman of Columbia University, Miss Mary S. Rose of the Teachers College at Columbia, and Dr. Fisk will supervise the scientific features of the test. Miss Mary McCormack will purchase the supplies.

The weights of the members of the squad have been taken for comparison during the test. Each man has been examined and found to be in perfect health.

LOST

Advertisements on next to last page.—Advt.

DON'T BELIEVE IT !!!!!!!!

You are not getting all of the power out of your motor.

Stop at

BOOTH 223-D
ACCESSORIES DIVISION
AT THE SHOW

and let us show you how to get 50% more efficiency out of it by installing the

H&N CARBURETOR

The H. & N. Carburetor Co.,
1675 Broadway, New York

FOR A DRY, TICKLING THROAT
THE NEW 10c BOX PROVES THEIR WORTH
Famous Since 1870, 5c, 10c, $1. at Druggists.
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
John I. Brown & Son, Boston, Mass.

SWANN CASE MAY GO TO BAR ASSOCIATION

Grievance Committee Would Hold Secret Inquiry and Take Result to Appellate Division.

WILSON OUT UNDER BAIL

Prosecutor Says He Will Summon Breckinridge Before Magistrate McAdoo This Week.

An effort to get the Bar Association to investigate charges of misconduct in office against District Attorney Swann may be made within a few days. Such a move has been under contemplation, but intimations came from the present officers of the association that they would prefer not to have the matter brought to the association's attention until new officers had been chosen at the annual election today.

If the Bar Association get the charges, or take upon its own initiative the controversy provoked by James A. Delehanty's accusation that Mr. Swann tried to dismiss indictments against labor union leaders in return for their election-time support of Tammany, the association's Grievance Committee would conduct a secret investigation. If it found merit in the charges, it would act in the nature of a prosecutor and present them before the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. The court could discipline the District Attorney if it found him guilty after a hearing. Its extreme penalty would be the disbarment of Mr. Swann, which would compel his removal by the Governor, since he could not then appear in the courts in any legal capacity.

Whether Mr. Delehanty and his allies will resist an effort to shift the scene of inquiry to the Bar Association is uncertain. Persistent rumors have come out of Albany for the last week that the Governor might himself ask the association to act.

Albert L. Wilson, who was detained in the Tombs as a material witness to Mr. Swann's countercharge that Lucian S. Breckinridge as special counsel to the District Attorney took $1,000 from manufacturers for prosecuting labor union leaders, was released on bail yesterday.

"There was a full eclipse of the moon last night," said Martin W. Littleton when asked about Wilson and his record.

Mr. Swann said yesterday that some day this week he positively would bring Mr. Breckinridge before Chief Magistrate McAdoo on a summons. He said he would present his evidence and leave the court to determine whether it appeared that a crime had been committed and a warrant should be issued. He admitted Mr. Breckenridge could defeat his effort to have a hearing of the whole matter in a court not of record by waiving examination.

"I do not care, as I do not myself want such a hearing," he explained. "I only proposed it so that Mr. Breckinridge might be dealt with openly and fairly."

Safety

The recent drop in stocks caused great distress to many investors who bought after the sensational advance of the last two years.

Real Estate to-day is in about the same condition that stocks were before the advance. We can offer some exceptionally attractive investments combining safety, a good income and an excellent prospect of increase in value.

Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street
Telephone 5700 John

Brill Brothers

Annual Sale of High Grade Overcoats and Suits

At Substantial Price Reductions

Practically the entire stock of fine Winter Overcoats and Suits carried at these two Brill Stores—they offer men and young men a remarkable clothes buying opportunity at the reduced prices.

Overcoats and Suits now Reduced to $37.50
Overcoats and Suits now Reduced to $32.50
Overcoats and Suits now Reduced to $27.50
Overcoats and Suits now Reduced to $23.50

Included at $37.50 are a few $60.00 Overcoats of genuine Worumbo Montagnac, lined throughout with Skinner's satin.

This is the first time this season that any price reductions have been made in these "Stores of Style." With the price of woolens going higher and higher every day, and with every indication that prices this year will reach a higher mark than has ever been known, the man who buys enough now to cover next season's needs will save many dollars.

Brill Brothers

Broadway at 49th Street — 1456 Broadway at 42nd Street

NASH Jeffery MOTORS

Jeffery Six $1465

THIS big, roomy seven passenger Jeffery Six Touring Car will impress you as rare value at $1465. It is perfect in every detail—handsome streamline body—divided front seats.

Its 53 horsepower motor combines giant power with marked economy.

Sixes are priced as follows: 7 Passenger Touring Car, $1465; Roadster, $1435; 7 Passenger Sedan, $1630; Sedan Combination, $1690. Fours: 7 Passenger Touring Car, $1095; 7 Passenger Sedan, $1260; Sedan Combination, $1320.

See the complete line of Jeffery Cars at the Automobile Show

POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1759 BROADWAY.

THE NASH MOTORS COMPANY.
KENOSHA, WIS.

Makers of Jeffery Cars and Trucks Including the Jeffery Quad

Again Cole Leads

COLE 8

We were the first manufacturers of eight cylinder cars to combine large size and tremendous power with light weight and economy of operation.

The famous chassis on which all Cole models are mounted is the largest, but relatively the lightest Eight built

Last year we introduced the Springfield Type Body with such sweeping success that it was later adopted by the builder of practically every well-known car.

The Toursedan and Tourcoupé are essentially and unmistakably Cole, even to their names—as well as in details of construction.

These were the first permanent, all-season cars—The first eight cylinder automobiles to offer equal comfort and convenience, both winter and summer, all in one and the same unit, at a single price.

In these, as in many other important and fundamental advanced features, the Cole Eight leads.

All Cole models will be shown at the automobile show. Be sure to see them.

A demonstration of any of our models will show you what the Cole Eight represents in modern motor car construction and value.

Ask us for one.

United States Prices

Cole-Springfield Four-Door Toursedan,	$2495
Seven Passenger Cole-Springfield Toursedan,	$2295
Four Passenger Cole-Springfield Tourcoupé,	$2295
Seven Passenger Cole Eight Touring Car,	$1695
Four Passenger Cole Eight Roadster,	$1695

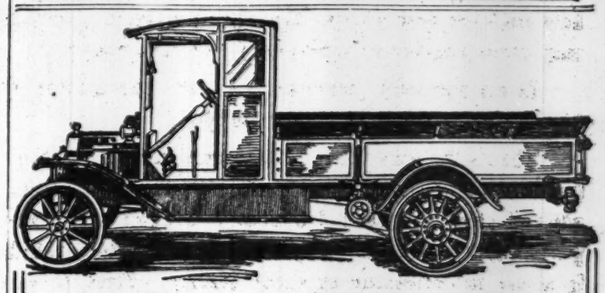
Prices f. o. b. factory

Colt-Stratton Company
Broadway at 57th St. — Phone Circle 1600

BROOKLYN:
Bishop, McCormick & Bishop
30 Halsey St., at Bedford Ave.

NEWARK:
Wallace Motor Car Company
Clinton and Avon Aves.

Cole Motor Car Company, Indianapolis, U. S. A.



See It Today

See the peer of all One-Ton Truck Units—the DEARBORN. It will outsell any other truck attachment, two to one. It is unquestionably the best dealers opportunity to be found.

The Ford-Dearborn is vastly superior to any other combination of a one-ton truck unit with the Ford chassis. It is strong where other units are weak.

$350 and a Ford Chassis, new or old, makes the guaranteed Ford-Dearborn One-Ton Truck—a truck with all the Ford Economy, Ford Efficiency, Ford Simplicity and Dearborn Strength.

You'll appreciate Ford-Dearborn superiority when you see the Unit. You'll want to handle it when you get our dealer's proposition.

The Ford-Dearborn has a show of its own at our salesrooms. Come around and see it today. You will see our demonstrator on the streets in the vicinity of Grand Central Palace during Show Week.

ALEXANDER-CROSS CO., Inc.,
New York Distributers,
456 Fourth Ave. (31st)
Dearborn Truck Co., Manufacturers, Chicago.

FORD-DEARBORN One Ton Truck

SAXON

This new series Saxon "Six" is roomier and more comfortable than ever before. Also the doors are wider.

"SIX," $865 — ROADSTER, $495

At Show—Main Floor—2nd Aisle Right—Straight Ahead
Saxon Motor Co., of N. Y., 1744 Broadway

LOOK UP THE MAKER OF THE MOTOR TRUCK YOU ARE CONSIDERING AND INVESTIGATE THE SERVICE FACILITIES AT YOUR DISPOSAL.

THE AUTOCAR COMPANY
ARDMORE, PA.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

The TRANSMISSION and YOUR NEW CAR

How Specialization and Unusual Care in Manufacture of this Important Unit Has Made for Increased Safety and Greater Efficiency in Automobiles.

HOW well informed are you, Mr. Car Buyer, on the important subject of automobile transmissions? Have you ever seen a transmission built? Do you know why one is better, safer than another?

If you are like the average car buyer your knowledge of the subject, undoubtedly, is very limited. You are not likely to give it a second thought in buying a car. The chances are you will never stop to consider how well—or how poorly—the transmission in your car may serve you—in an emergency, for instance.

Don't just buy your car and leave the matter of transmission solely to the car builder.

That's the way folks used to buy cars before they knew much of anything about them. Then, as knowledge of cars increased, frequently through costly experience, the wiser ones began to look for certain points in a car as indicating superior quality. First, it was the motor; then, the axle; the springs; the top; and so on.

For the past year or more buyers have been demanding the right transmission as an essential of an otherwise good car. Some forty wide-awake manufacturers have already anticipated this demand. They have eliminated all possibility of an unfavorable opinion against their car as a whole by buyers who have become transmission-wise, through the use of what they found to be the best transmission.

Their wide search for this transmission brought these car manufacturers to Cleveland. They went no farther—realized it was needless—after what they found.

Here is what they found:

What Car Builders Found

The largest plant in the world devoted exclusively to the manufacture of automobile transmissions, headed by a group of transmission specialists specializing on transmission building.

A plant which, because of this specialization and the resulting excellence of its product, has grown in four years from an annual production of 6,000 transmissions in its first year to 75,000 this year—with an ultimate production of 100,000 or more transmissions a year, when additions contemplated and in process of erection are completed.

A plant with trained employes imbued with the spirit that their work is more than a mere "job"; employes who actually vie with each other in trying to improve their ability—and the finished product. Employes who are guided daily by foremen and department heads who for more than four years have devoted their entire time to the perfection of an organization with a common understanding of every detail; an organization whose watchword is "Quality."

The plant is that of The Grant-Lees Gear Company, and the product the world-famous Grant-Lees transmission. If you are posted in automobile mechanics, the name of the company and the product are not unfamiliar.

A First Impression

The first point that appeals to you as a car buyer when you see the Grant-Lees transmission, even though you know nothing much about transmissions, is its neatness, compactness and cleanliness.

Being of the ball and socket type of control, it is out of the way—doesn't take up any unnecessary space in the front of the car.

And with both the emergency brake and control levers pivoted on the same center, there's no chance for dirt to gather, or dust from the road to get up through the usual long slot in the floor-board common to other types of transmissions.

Then again, in the Grant-Lees transmission you'll find no unsightly accumulation of oil or grease on top of the transmission case after you have removed the floor-board. The special construction of the spiral lead end plates in the transmission case keeps the oil and grease where it belongs—inside the case.

More Than Appearance

But the secret of Grant-Lees transmission superiority is not confined to these points. It does lie in the quality of materials, the strength of design, and the care exercised throughout every step in the process of manufacture; also the elimination to the last iota of the possibility of failure through the human element in attaining that accuracy essential to uniform perfection.

The services of Mr. Robert Abbott, recognized as the country's foremost practical metallurgical engineer, and the laboratories of Case School of Applied Science combine to insure uniform quality in the highest grade materials used in Grant-Lees transmissions.

The mountings are on imported double row annular ball bearings, put on by a method distinctly characteristic to The Grant-Lees Gear Company, by selected employes in a dust-proof room.

Gear cutting is done on the most modern type of gear cutting machines.

Each Grant-Lees gear is individually tested. After special heat treatment, it is mounted by hand with special tools that eliminate all chances of the usual distortion. All gears are then fitted so as to do away with any possible shaking or rattle, even under the hardest service.

Assembling is sub-divided into a half dozen minor assemblies, each of which goes under the trained eyes and ears of experts before the final inspection of the finished product.

Nowhere is dirt more carefully guarded against than in these various assembling processes, as the smallest amount, if allowed to settle in assembling, would cause endless trouble.

Safety a Big Factor

Then there is the safety factor. Never thought of it, perhaps, in a transmission, did you? But The Grant-Lees Gear Company have.

In the Grant-Lees transmission the interlocking pin fits in grooves. These grooves prevent one rod from moving while another is out of neutral, in forward or reverse positions. This insures against accidental engagement of two gears at the same time.

But the Grant-Lees obligation does not rest with the manufacture of the best transmissions. It extends to the all-important point of prompt delivery to the car manufacturer and of prompt service.

Insurance of both these points—prompt delivery to car maker and service—is found in the fact that the company carries in stock at all times parts for 6,000 completed transmissions, and the further fact that Grant-Lees transmissions are standardized products of uniformity and interchangeability.

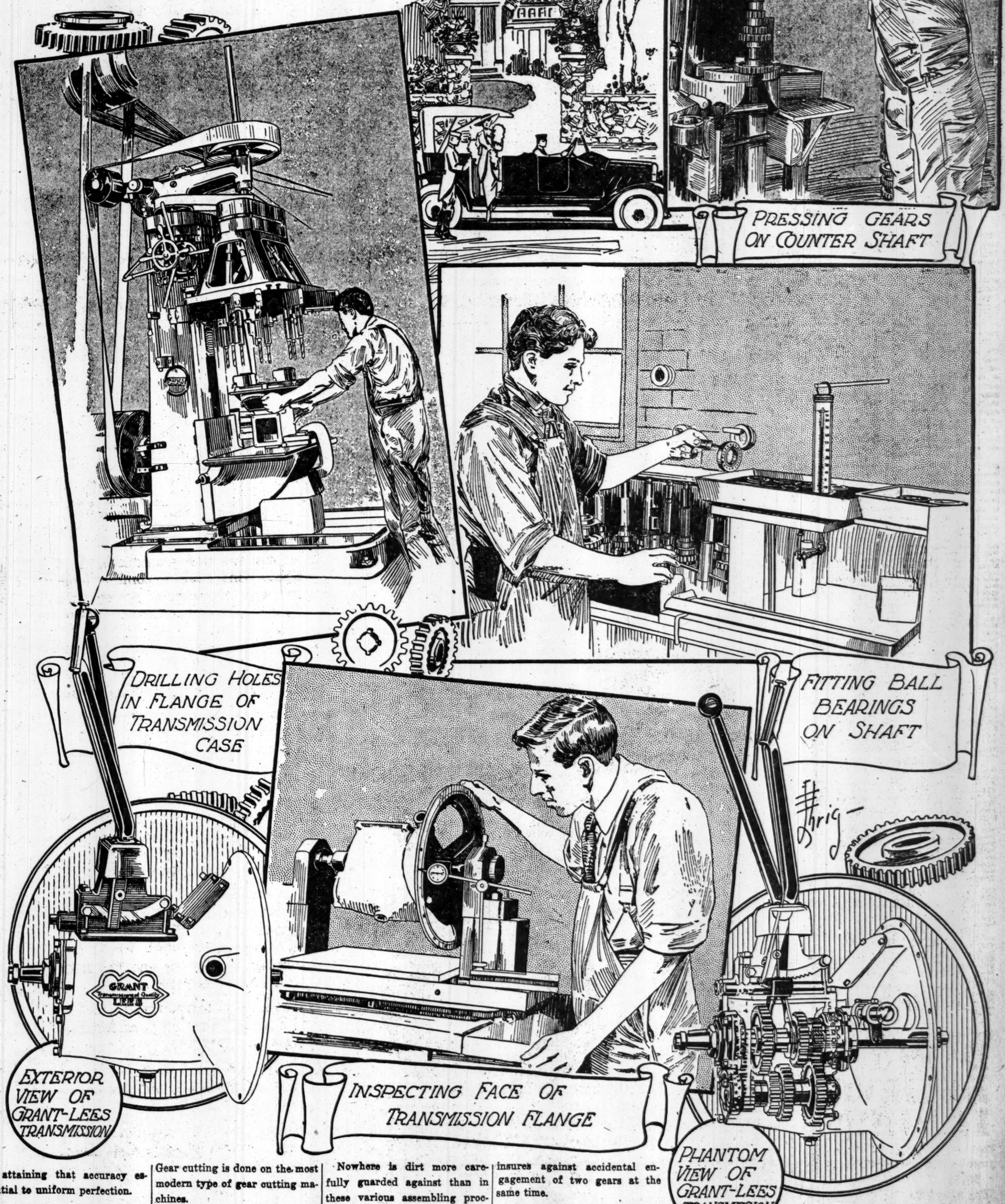
The Obvious Result

Small wonder, then, that Grant-Lees transmissions should be the choice of more than forty manufacturers of high grade cars and of thousands of "knowing" car buyers.

Briefly, the fact that a car is equipped with this famous transmission is in itself a type of guarantee of quality for the remainder of the car.

For the fact that a manufacturer is so particular about the transmission feature, even at a probably increased cost, is prima facie evidence that he is making an honest effort to build real value into his entire car.

For this reason, we say, that if this article has set you to thinking to the extent of selecting a Grant-Lees transmission-equipped car, we feel sure it will have served you well in insuring for you a better, more satisfactory automobile than if you had neglected this important point.—(Advt.)


PRESSING GEARS ON COUNTER SHAFT
DRILLING HOLES IN FLANGE OF TRANSMISSION CASE
FITTING BALL BEARINGS ON SHAFT
GRANT Transmissions of Quality LEES
EXTERIOR VIEW OF GRANT-LEES TRANSMISSION
INSPECTING FACE OF TRANSMISSION FLANGE
PHANTOM VIEW OF GRANT-LEES TRANSMISSION

HOTEL CLERK AGAIN TRIED FOR PERJURY

Safford, Who Swore James W. Osborne Was "Elusive Oliver," Is Accused.

WAX NOT IN THE COURTROOM

Wily Adventurer Who Was Friend of Rae Tanzer Will Testify Later, Lawyer Says.

Before Judge Learned Hand and a jury in the United States District Court, Franklin D. Safford, former clerk at the Kensington Hotel in Plainfield, was placed on trial for perjury yesterday, and another chapter was opened in the legal tangle that was begun when Rae Tanzer filed suit against James W. Osborne, the lawyer, charging him with being the Oliver Osborne who won her favor. Safford is 60 years old.

To the crowd that clamored for admission into the courtroom the white-haired defendant held little interest. They wanted to see the Government's principal witness, Charles H. Wax, self-confessed Oliver Osborne. Those who wanted to see "Oliver Osborne" confront Miss Tanzer for the first time since he was brought back from Chicago were disappointed. None of the principals was in court.

Safford, once convicted of perjury, but released by a decision of the Court of Appeals, is charged with having made a wilfully false statement when he identified James W. Osborne as the man who came to the Plainfield hotel with Rae Tanzer on Oct. 18, 1914, and registered as "O. Osborne, New York." He made this statement at Rae Tanzer's trial on March 19,1915. His is the first of a series of trials that grew out of the tangle that Rae Tanzer wove when she wrote to James W. Osborne accusing him of being her admirer. It will be the first time, also, when the Government will be able to answer in court the question that has been asked of the prosecution ever since the case began: "Where is Oliver Osborne?"

Before the work of selecting the jury, Judge Hand permitted only those having business in court to be admitted.

Little time was lost in getting a jury, and when the morning session was over the jury box was filled. The jury as finally constituted was as follows:

GEORGE A. WAGNER, retired, Middletown, Orange County.
GEORGE W. STORM, contractor, 764 East 172th Street, the Bronx.
JOSEPH H. FINK, diamonds, White Plains.
MICHAEL J. HOWARD, silks, 145 Valentine Lane, Yonkers.
LOUIS LOWINSON, cotton broker, 301 West 108th Street.
SAMUEL GRINTHAL, printer, 960 Fox Street, the Bronx.
WILLIAM SMITH, shipping clerk, 537 East 135th Street.
GERSON STEIN, retired, 530 West 125th Street.
ARCHIBALD L. YOUNG, florist, 54 West Twenty-eighth Street.
WALTER L. LASCELLES, merchant, 131 Riverside Drive.
JOHN L. ADAMS, spices, 462 East 183d Street.
MALCOLM LAIDLAW, broker, 257 West 72d Street.

Wax was in the corridor in charge of a United States Deputy Marshal, and William Rand, Jr., the prosecutor, wanted him admitted to the trial. To this Benjamin Slade, for Safford, objected. He said the defense desired Wax brought in when it came time for him to testify. After a debate, it was decided by Judge Hand that the principal witness against Safford should be excluded from the room until it was time for him to take the stand.

"We will produce as an exhibit in this case the real Oliver Osborne, the man who knew Rae Tanzer," said Samuel Hershenstein, Assistant United States District Attorney. "We will produce the man who was with Rae Tanzer and who went with her to the hotel."

With the calling of Commissioner Houghton, the first witness for the prosecution, there was introduced into evidence the original complaint against Miss Tanzer, in which James W. Osborne charged her with being in a scheme to defraud. The Commissioner told of the hearing and recited how Safford had pointed out James W. Osborne in the courtroom and positively identified him as Miss Tanzer's companion on the visit to Plainfield.

The afternoon session was held in a courtroom on another floor in the Federal Building. It was in this room that Safford is alleged to have committed perjury, and it was thought best to use the identical room during the taking of some of the testimony. After the jury was excused for the day Mr. Slade made a motion for the dismissal of the indictment against his client, on the ground that Commissioner Houghton had no jurisdiction to hear testimony or administer the oath. Judge Hand took the matter under advisement. The case will be continued at 10:30 o'clock this morning.

ROBERT HOE GETS DIVORCE.

Said Wife Was Student of "New Thought" and Had No Affection for Him.

RENO, Nev., Jan. 8.—Robert Hoe, manufacturer of printing presses and son of the inventor, received a decree of divorce in the District Court here this afternoon on grounds of cruelty and desertion. Hoe said his wife told him she did not want to be bothered with married life and had no affection for him. She was a student, he said, of "modern philosophy" and "new thought."

Mrs. Hoe did not contest the case. They were married in New York, Nov. 1, 1900.

FOUNDED 1856

THERE is a feeling of complete satisfaction in knowing that you buy your clothes right. Our suits and overcoats are right from the fabric to the finished garment. The prices are right too because they are based on the cost of materials a year ago, antedating the advent of present values.

BROKAW BROTHERS
1457-1463 BROADWAY
AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

$1150 F.o.b. Racine
For Mitchell Junior—120-inch wheelbase

Mitchell

$1460 F.o.b. Racine
For 7-Pass. Mitchell—127-inch wheelbase

$1150 Model Also Now On Show

See the New Mitchell Junior with Hundreds of Mitchell Extras

Now we invite you to see Mitchell Junior. A somewhat smaller Mitchell—a $310 lower price than the 7-passenger Mitchell. But with generous size and ample power for a 5-passenger car. And with all the exclusive Mitchell attractions, due to John W. Bate.

Another step in Mitchell efficiency appears in the new Mitchell Junior. We urge you to come and see it.

A 7-passenger car, to have ample power and ample room, can't be smaller than the $1460 Mitchell, which has won for itself one of the envied places in the motor world. But 40 horsepower is enough for a 5-passenger car. And a 120-inch wheelbase gives room enough—more than most cars give.

So the Mitchell factory this year brings out Mitchell Junior. Not a new type—simply a size reduction. So a man who buys a Mitchell can get the size he wants.

Thousands of these new cars have been run for months, on every sort of road. And they have proved themselves as perfect as the 7-passenger Mitchell car itself.

See the New Extras

In both Mitchell models there are hundreds of extra features. They give you at least 20 per cent extra value over any other car in this class.

These extras—most of them exclusive to Mitchells—are paid for by factory savings. They are the result of efficiency methods, applied by John W. Bate.

This great efficiency engineer built and equipped this whole plant. Every method and machine is adapted to producing this car economically. These methods have cut our factory cost in two. Nowhere else is a car of this class built anywhere near so low.

You will be amazed to see how many extras these new-day methods pay for.

Double-Strong Parts

One result is the Mitchell standard of 100 per cent over-strength. That is, every vital part is twice as strong as need be.

The Mitchell standard used to be 50 per cent over-strength. That itself was extreme. The Mitchell car has always been a marvel of endurance.

But, in the past two years, we have doubled this standard to give you a lifetime car. That fact is announced for the first time in the models now on show.

Over 440 parts are built of toughened steel. All parts which get a major strain are built of Chrome-Vanadium, and built oversize. We pay for steels in the Mitchell as high as 15 cents per pound.

31 Unique Features

There are also 31 extra features in Mitchells. That is, features which nearly all cars omit. Things like a power tire pump, reversible headlights, ball-bearing steering gear and never-broken springs.

These extras alone, on this year's output, will cost over $4,000,000. But all are paid for by these factory savings.

Many New Luxuries

Our new body plant gives us for this year another enormous saving. All Mitchell bodies, open and enclosed, will be built in our own shops.

This saving enables us to add 24 per cent to the cost of finish, upholstery and trimmings. The finish coats are now heat-fixed. A rare-grade leather is employed. A hundred new touches make today's Mitchell the handsomest car in its class.

Every Mitchell extra is something that you want. Nearly all are things you don't find in other like-class cars. They are things which can't be given without added price, save under Mitchell methods.

Come and see them. Judge for yourself what they mean to you. And see which size you like best.

MITCHELL MOTORS COMPANY, Inc.
Racine, Wis., U. S. A.

TWO SIZES

Mitchell—a roomy, 7-passenger Six, with 127-inch wheelbase. A high-speed, economical, 48-horsepower motor. Disappearing extra seats and 31 extra features included.
Price $1460, f. o. b. Racine

Mitchell Junior—a 5-passenger Six, on similar lines, with 120-inch wheelbase. A 40-horsepower motor—¼-inch smaller bore than larger Mitchell.
Price $1150, f. o. b. Racine
Also all styles of enclosed and convertible bodies. Also demountable tops.

MITCHELL MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y., INC.

New York: Columbus Circle, Facing South — TELEPHONE 8000 COLUMBUS
Brooklyn: 1418 Bedford Ave. — TELEPHONE PROSPECT 8600

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVES

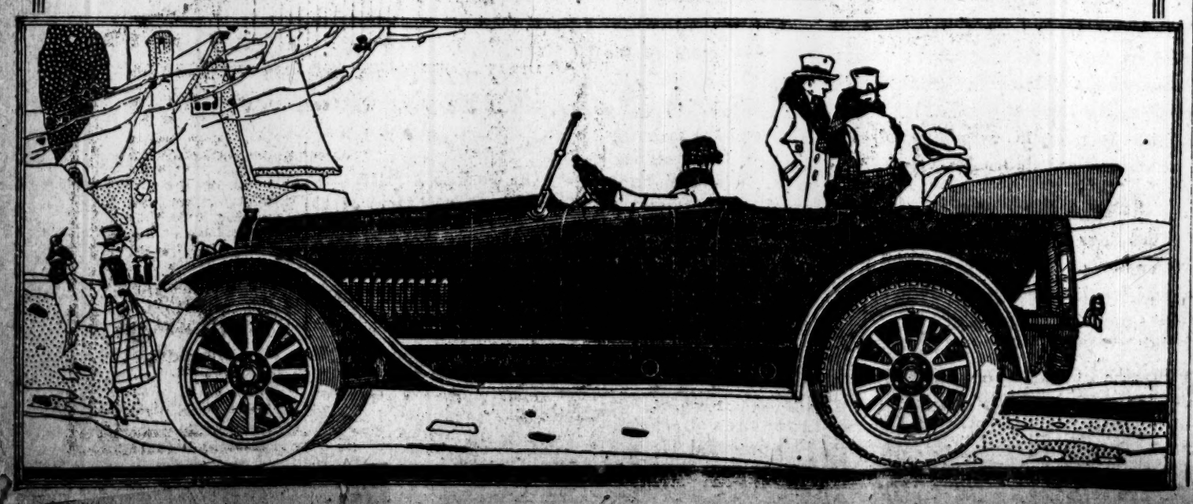
CONNECTICUT
BRIDGEPORT—Automobile Repair Co.
DANBURY—The Fillow Auto Co.
NEW HAVEN—J. W. Gorgarn & Co.
SHELTON—United Motor Co.
SO. NORWALK—Bracken, McMahon, Olsen Motor Car Co.
WATERBURY—Mitchell Motor Sales Company.
WINSTED—Chas. P. Gray.

LONG ISLAND
ELMHURST—Meintire Bros., Inc.
FREEPORT—Freeport Garage & Supply Co.
GLEN COVE—Red Spring Garage.
HUNTINGTON—Carson Orcutt Sales Co.
LAWRENCE—P. Nanchera & Son.
OYSTER BAY—Blue Ribbon Garage
PATCHOGUE—John R. Swezey Auto Co.
WOODHAVEN—Meintire Bros., Inc.

MASSACHUSETTS
SPRINGFIELD—Mill River Motor Co.

NEW JERSEY
BOONTON—C. R. Tucker.
CLOSTER—Closter Auto Co.
HACKENSACK—Van Dusen's Garage.
JERSEY CITY—D. W. Remkins.
NEWARK—Foley Motor Car Co., 35 William St.
PATERSON—Centre Garage Co.
PERTH AMBOY—Colwak Motor Co.
PLAINFIELD—M. & L. Auto Co.
RED BANK—Mitchell Auto Sales Co.
WESTWOOD—I. J. Demarest.
WEEHAWKEN—The Standard Auto Co.

NEW YORK
BRONX—Geo. H. Tyrrell Co., 2639 Webster Ave.
HAVERSTRAW—Louis Hoyt.
JEFFERSONVILLE—W. J. Grishaber.
KINGSTON—Stryker-Youmans Co.
MIDDLETOWN—West End Garage.
MT. VERNON—Michel-Schneider Garage, Inc.
NEWBURGH—Bellinger's Garage.
NEW ROCHELLE—Michel-Schneider Garage, Inc.
NYACK—Whipfalls Garage.
POUGHKEEPSIE—W. C. Morehouse.
WEST NEW BRIGHTON—Columbian Auto & Motor Car Co., Inc.
YONKERS—Rose & Hibbard.



THIS IS THE REAL STORY OF HOW EDWARD S. JORDAN AND CARL H. PAGE GOT TOGETHER

Edward S. Jordan

Carl H. Page

ONE year ago today I stood on the corner of Fifth avenue and Forty-second street and watched the motor cars go by.

Not a single car selling below $2,000 was distinctive and individual in appearance.

All medium priced cars were funereal in color. Every car of each individual make looked just like every other car of the same make.

I turned and glanced at the people passing. Every well-dressed woman wore a distinctive gown.

Every well-dressed man carried with him some distinguishing mark of his individual taste.

One year ago not a single motor car had been built in America to sell below $2,000, except on a competitive price basis. No manufacturer had yet thought of including in a standard chassis the one best unit produced by the one leading manufacturer in each department of parts specialization, not leaving out a single high-grade unit.

One car featured a motor. Another car a body. This one an axle. That one a starting system.

But not a single car in America selling below $2,000 had been distinguished by a series of custom style bodies.

I knew that the day must soon come when all people of good judgment would prefer to buy a high-grade standard chassis complete in its equipment and superior in the quality of its units.

I knew that a car, to be distinctive, must be distinctive not only in appearance, but in quality of finish. Distinctive not only in comfort, but in detailed workmanship.

In short, I knew that people would soon see the folly of buying automobiles on price alone or because of any single mechanical feature.

I realized they would soon buy automobiles that were complete in every detail of quality, not only in body but chassis.

That day I decided to build the Jordan.

The market was filled with cars. How could I hope to build a motor car of quality, assemble it carefully, inspect it as it should be inspected, and give the customer the service to which he is entitled and put more money into that car than any car selling at a similar price?

I decided that I could do it only provided that, first, the car could be made so good that it would sell itself, thereby saving the factory selling cost.

Next, I determined that the car must be so carefully built and inspected that the enormous service expense common to ordinary cars would be entirely eliminated, making another big saving.

So I concluded to put these big savings into the units, into the body, into the equipment, into the owner's value, rather than into the pockets of the salesmen and the repair men.

The company was organized.

Then 2,600 dealers made application for the line.

The Jordan standard chassis to-day is nearer than that of any other car I know to the complete Society of Automobile Engineers standard specifications.

Twenty New York dealers made application for the line when the announcement first appeared.

Carl H. Page, whom I consider the livest dealer in New York City, was engaged in selling another car at the time. Two weeks ago I found it was possible to get him as our New York distributor. His judgment of motor cars is final.

He will now sell Jordan cars to the people of New York who know best what a motor car should be.

He will sell what I know positively to be the finest automobile that has been produced in America since the inception of the industry, to sell for less than $2,000.

I know that the bulk of our output will be sold to men who have had long experience with other cars.

In short, the Jordan is intended for the man who, if he could afford it, would build a car to suit himself.

The price of the car is no indication of its great value. It simply means that we have been satisfied to take seven per cent profit.

The great overhead that usually goes into big salaries, excess service expense and experiments is in the car.

That is the story of how I was able to build this high grade car at such an astounding price.

ONE day last August we dealers in New York heard of a car of startling value—the new Luxury Jordan.

Most of us were interested.

I certainly was.

I knew the Jordan chassis contained more nearly the complete Society of Automobile Engineers' standard specifications than any car built.

I knew that the New York public wanted also, above everything else, style bodies.

For certain reasons, I could not be anything more than interested at that time.

Soon after I found that many of my dealer friends in Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago—all over the country—were after the Jordan Agency. Then I communicated from time to time with those who got it and found they were meeting with marked success.

The cars had a peculiar appeal and dignity as well as individuality, which made them marked among motor cars.

Of course, I regretted not being able to get in on this good thing.

Then we began to hear more and more Jordan talk. Salesmen began to say:

"Why don't our cars have Bosch D U Six Ignition?"

"Why don't our cars have Bijur Starting and Lighting?"

"Why don't our cars have Timken axles and bearings?"

"Why don't our cars have a tire pump?"

"Why don't our cars have motometers?"

"Why don't our cars have the Jordan body finish, with the hood the same color as the body?"

"Why don't our cars have 48-inch rear seat and real leather?"

"Why does our body have such cheap binding?"

"Why is our car so cheap in little details?"

"Why is it that Jordan has all of these features when we have only one or two, and Jordan sells at virtually the same price?"

Little by little this talk grew in the trade, among people in the know. Finally the public got it.

Just before Thanksgiving I was taken ill and have been confined at home nearly ever since.

My automobile friends came to call one me. Always the conversation got around to Jordan. Then the suggestion was made: "Why don't you try and get the Jordan for New York?"

Finally one night while I was thinking, as business men do think over their affairs in the middle of the night, I decided to call Mr. Jordan on the phone.

The next morning I called him on the wire in Cleveland and asked him if he would consider getting together with me.

He said: "In another day or two I would have been in New York to talk to you."

There must have been some mental telepathy between us that night. So I got out of bed, took a doctor and a trained nurse, went out to Cleveland, saw the cars, saw the factory, saw the organization and decided I would not go back to New York without the contract.

So I took rooms and stayed there until I got the contract.

Although I have been ill in bed ever since, I have gotten together an organization of men who were enthusiastic about the Jordan car, heard of my connection with it and came and asked the privilege of working with me.

I confess that since closing the deal some of my most conservative friends have said: "Carl, how did an old stager like you happen to take up a new car?"

I replied: "I grant you that the name is new, but in every other sense of the word the car is as old as the industry. It is the only car that I have ever known in all of my experience in which there is not one single new, untried, untested, unproved unit or part.

"Not one which has not commanded for years the respect and confidence of the entire industry.

"One car may have a well-known motor. Another may have a well-known axle. Another may have something else that is well known. The Jordan has every part that is good and well known."

I know that hundreds of Jordan cars have been sold throughout the country. Through correspondence with dealers and owners I have learned that the Jordan Company has yet to send out a service man to repair a car.

Because I have been and am still ill in bed I have been obliged to take temporary salesrooms at 1848 Broadway, corner 61st street, where the complete line of Jordan cars is on view. We have also an exhibition on the third floor of the Palace Show.

The public know that I would not sign an advertisement that is not truthful—and I intend to sign this one.

I know that if every man in New York who is going to buy a car could sit down quietly with me and hear the interesting Jordan story—the factory output would hardly take care of New York alone.

I will be back in harness in a few days.

I will put my time against that of any man.

Edward S. Jordan — Carl H. Page

Temporary Salesroom, 1848 Broadway, at 61st St.
Telephone, 4751 Columbus

Third Floor at Grand Central Palace Show

JORDAN

Price of Touring Models $1650

MRS. SANGER'S AID IS FOUND GUILTY

Mrs. Byrne Convicted on Technicality in First of Birth Control Trials.

WOMEN NOISY IN COURT

Defendants Bring Before Justices a Mother and Her Six Children as a "Demonstration."

The first step of the Sanger fight against the New York law prohibiting dissemination of information on the subject of birth control came to an end yesterday with the conviction of Mrs. Ethel Byrne, Mrs. Margaret Sanger's sister, on a charge of selling articles prohibited by law. Mrs. Byrne's was the first of the so-called "Sanger cases" brought to trial, and was heard before the Court of Special Sessions in Brooklyn.

The effort of the defense in the trial was to prove the law—section 1,142 of the State Penal Law—to be unconstitutional and arbitrary, and to this end the fact that Mrs. Byrne had assisted her sister in conducting the "birth control clinic" which was raided in Brownsville, Brooklyn, last Autumn, was admitted. Special Sessions passed the question up to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, to which Jonah J. Goldstein, attorney for Mrs. Byrne and the other two involved, said that he would take an immediate appeal. Meantime Justice Garvin deferred passing sentence until Jan. 22.

The trials of Mrs. Sanger herself and of Miss Fannie Mindell, another of her former assistants, were then set for Jan. 29.

Mrs. Amos Pinchot, Mrs. Ralph Rainsford, Mrs. Harry L. Blume, Mrs. Frank Cothren and other prominent women who have championed the birth control fight were among the spectators in court yesterday. There was also a poorly clad woman with six children ranging in age from sixteen months to ten years, who said she was Mrs. Rose Halpern of 375 Bradford Street, Brooklyn, and that she had come as a "demonstration" of the need of information on birth control among the poor. Her husband was a garment worker and made only $17 a week to support this large family, she said.

"Disorder" in the form of violent handclapping by the women present, of whom there were nearly a hundred, interrupted the proceedings at one time. This was while Mr. Goldstein was arguing on the constitutionality of Section 1,142. He said that it was not birth elimination that was sought, but the legalizing of making motherhood voluntary.

EMMA GOLDMAN ACQUITTED.

Court Finds She Did Not Circulate Birth Control Information.

Emma Goldman, the anarchist, was acquitted yesterday by Justices McInerney, Freschi, and Collins in Special Sessions of a charge of circulating birth control information at a meeting held last May in Union Square, at which Bolton Hall, lawyer and sociologist, presided. Miss Goldman, who acted as her own attorney, produced witnesses who testified that while she had spoken in advocacy of the birth-control theory she had not distributed any pamphlets.

14,016 PLANTS IN GARDEN.

Dr. Brittan Reviews Botanical Work for 1916 in His Report.

Visitors to the New York Botanical Garden can see 14,016 kinds of living plants, the annual report of Dr. N. L. Brittan, Director in Chief, has disclosed. It was read at a meeting of the Board of Managers yesterday. More than 5,000 of the plants are outdoor specimens.

Dr. Brittan took up each of the departments of the garden and told how it had been developed in 1916. During the year the garden received $8,400 from 108 of its members, and some of this money was spent in developing a 140-acre tract added by the city to the garden reservation. One of the undertakings on this tract is the planting of a garden that will serve as an out-of-door convention hall for the Society of American Florists and Ornamental Horticulturists when they meet next Summer. Dr. Gilman Thompson was re-elected President of the garden, as were the following officers: Andrew Carnegie and Francis Lynde Stetson, Vice Presidents; James A. Scrymser, Treasurer, and Dr. N. L. Brittan, Director in Chief.

There's something about them you'll like—

Twenty for a Quarter

Herbert Tareyton London Cigarettes

THERE is one thing that you cannot give growing children too much of, and that is fresh air. Let them have all of it that is possible. One of the ways of doing it is to send them to school and to play by

Fifth Avenue Bus

MURRAY

The New

MURRAY "8"

will be exhibited for the first time in New York at the

SALON

Hotel Astor

Jan. 2nd to Jan. 10th

Morton W. Smith Co., Inc.,

228 West 57th Street

New York City

Distributors for

Murray Motor Car Company

Pittsburg, Pa.

MURRAY

7-20-4

R. G. SULLIVAN'S

Advance in price is an assurance to the smoker that the uniform high standard of this famous 10c. Cigar will be maintained.

FACTORY, MANCHESTER, N. H.

THE WESTCOTT MOTOR CAR CO. SPRINGFIELD, O. U.S.A.

The Westcott Six

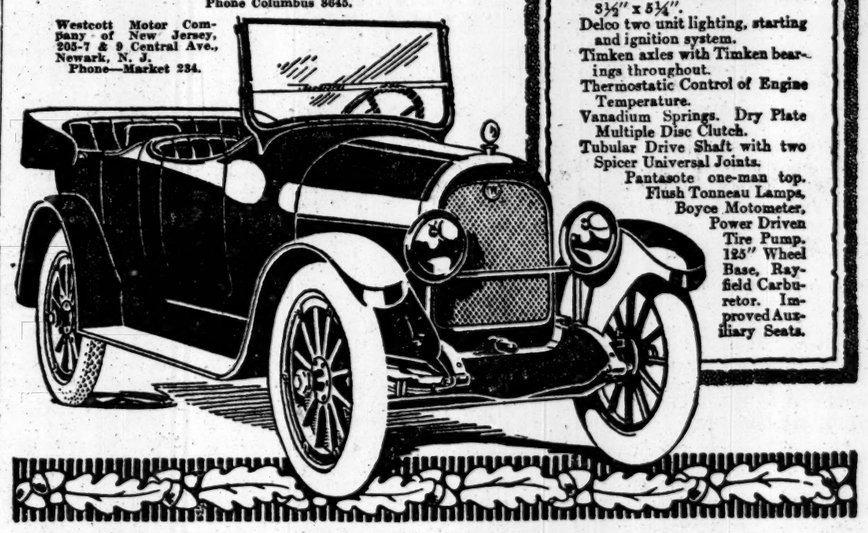
The Center of Attraction at the Show!

Consistently maintaining its former records, the Westcott Six stands in the spot light of popular interest at the show. Follow the crowds to our exhibit and hear the spontaneous tribute of admiration. Examine with critical care every detail of design and appointment. Note the lavish hand with which the luxuries have been united to the fundamentals. Compare the Westcott with all other sixes of the light-weight tendency. Then you will appreciate the Westcott Superiorities. Then you, too, will be satisfied with nothing less than a Westcott.

Five Passenger Touring Car.....$1590 Five Passenger Touring Sedan..... 2090
Seven Passenger Touring Car..... 1690 Seven Passenger Touring Sedan..... 2190
Four Passenger Cloverleaf Roadster..... 1590
f. o. b. Springfield, O.

Allen-Westcott Motor Car Co.
LEW. H. ALLEN, Pres. and Gen. Mgr.
1920 Broadway, Corner 64th St.,
NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.
Phone Columbus 8645.

Westcott Motor Company of New Jersey, 205-7 & 9 Central Ave., Newark, N. J. Phone—Market 234.



WESTCOTT SUPERIORITIES

Westcott Continental Motor, 3½" x 5¼".
Delco two unit lighting, starting and ignition system.
Timken axles with Timken bearings throughout.
Thermostatic Control of Engine Temperature.
Vanadium Springs. Dry Plate Multiple Disc Clutch.
Tubular Drive Shaft with two Spicer Universal Joints.
Pantasote one-man top.
Flush Tonneau Lamps,
Boyce Motometer,
Power Driven Tire Pump.
125" Wheel Base, Rayfield Carburetor. Improved Auxiliary Seats.

"There must be money in Flowers, Jim. I wish the hat business would support a $5,000 craft like that."

"Ha, ha! That's good. I bet Henry Ford would give today's profits of a quarter of a million to hear someone class his car as a '$5,000 craft.'"

"Gee! There is something strangely familiar about that hood and rear axle. It's a Ford, all right. But certainly Ford never built that panelled coach body. And do you get the wheel base? It's 130 inches at least. What's the trick?"

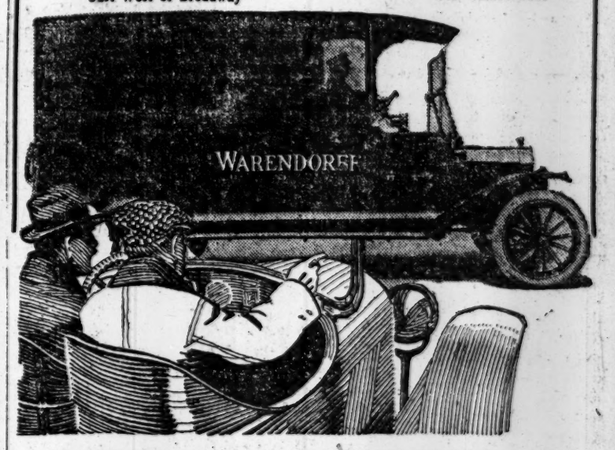
"That's one of Hayes-Diefenderfer's creations. They have a patented way of lengthening and strengthening a Ford chassis and then mounting on it a body built specially for each particular line of business."

"But is the Ford up to the work?"

"Why not? 90% of all merchandise is bulky rather than heavy. A thousand pounds of your hats would fill a freight car. Same with flowers, furniture, laundry or groceries. Why, they make an undertaker's car that beats anything else on the market, and an ambulance that makes you want to get hurt so you can ride in it! One of these Hayes-Diefenderfer rigs will do the work of a heavy, costly truck for any of these lines of business with upkeep costs of a Ford pleasure car. First cost is only about $658."

"That settles it. You'll see my name in fancy gold leaf on one of them in a day or so."

HAYES-DIEFENDERFER CO.
237 West 55th Street, Just West of Broadway
OPEN EVENINGS
Tel. Circle 3440



More Facts About the "Wolverine Eight"

Jackson

"No hill too steep—No sand too deep"

With a bore of 3 inches and a stroke of 3½ inches it has a piston displacement of 198 cubic inches, and on block tests and road tests shows *more power per cubic inch of piston displacement than any other motor ever built.*

Its A.L.A.M. rating is 28 h.p. It exhibits on tests over 50 horsepower.

This motor with its enclosed overhead valves will throttle down to a snail's pace and yet it will instantly jump into a burst of speed. It establishes entirely new ideals in the matter of vibrationless performance. This is largely due to its rigid construction.

It is efficiently lubricated—and you know the importance of reliable, and *ample* lubrication for the bearings and all working parts of a high speed motor.

To further emphasize its power, its flexibility, its snap, its economy is literally to "gild refined gold"—you will find one demonstration convincing.

Five-Passenger Touring Car, $1295. Four-Passenger Cruiser, including five wire wheels $1395. Wood wheels $100 less. Two-Passenger Roadster, $1295. Five-Passenger Sedan (Demountable Top) including regular top, $1505. All prices f. o. b. factory.

Space B-13
Grand Central Palace

Jackson Automobile Company, Jackson, Mich.
N. Y. Hdqtrs., Hotel Knickerbocker.

13

Mr. Louis Chevrolet

invites you
to come to the automobile show
and see the

AMERICAN SIX

In producing this new car Louis Chevrolet—whose name is another word for automobile leadership—has given to the world a car that is distinctly uncommon among cars of moderate price.

It is uncommon in its individual lines and superior finish.

It is uncommon in its ample proportions and generous dimensions.

It is uncommon in its sound and substantial construction.

It is uncommon in its driving ease and riding comfort.

In all that goes to make an automobile worth owning the AMERICAN SIX is a car of uncommon distinction.

See it at the Palace—on the fourth floor.

AMERICAN SIX $1285

SpringfielD

Type Body

The body that can be changed from a summer open touring car to a snug, cozy, closed limousine,—*anywhere,—anytime —instantly.*

The Springfield Body Company

New York Springfield, Mass. Detroit

A Touring Car One Minute—

A Limousine The Next

The New Hupmobile

Twelve months ahead in beauty—in refinement—in all that is good. The World's Best Four made still better by style elements that are a full year ahead. Main Floor, Automobile Show.

The Capital-to-Capital Hupmobile—fresh from its 20,000 mile endurance tour to all the State capitals—will be a big attraction at the Automobile Show. See it.

Dealers desiring territory adjacent to New York should call on our wholesale representatives at the Show, at Room 635 Biltmore Hotel, or at 1764 Broadway, corner 57th Street.

CHARLES E. RIESS & COMPANY, Inc.,
Telephone Circle 1616. 1741 Broadway at 56th St.

DIUGUID BROTHERS
1065 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn

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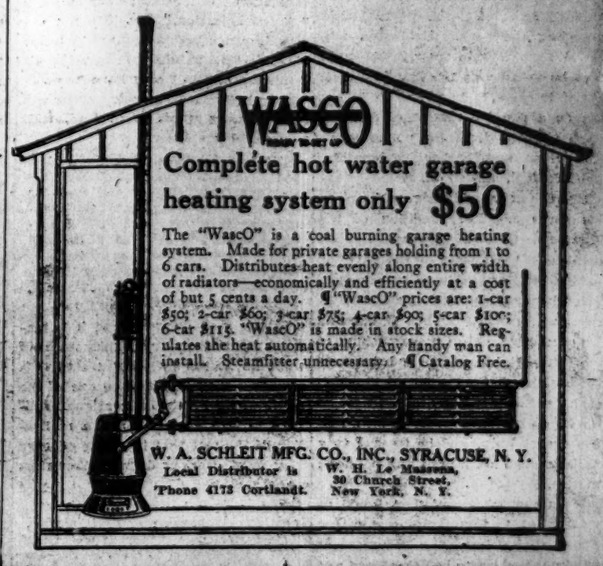

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1917

THE ADAMSON LEGISLATION.

When the Adamson legislation is perfected, or at least completed, it will be fair to criticise or to praise it as the case may call for. So long as it is subject to alterations and additions according to afterthoughts which ought to have been forethoughts, encouragement should be given to the disposition to learn by experience if not from counsel. The proposal now to limit the working hours of the trainmen to eight might better have been made originally, if the intent of the bill was then what it is now said to be by its friends. The omission to limit the hours of work, if the object was to allow men leisure with their families and to increase the safety of the traveling public, was remarked when the bill was introduced. The criticism that the bill was a bill to raise wages and not to limit hours was so fatal that it now is met by a proposal which will suit nobody, and which will weaken the bill with those whom it is the object of the bill to please and a great many others. If the trainmen are to be forbidden to work more than eight hours without the permission of a Government bureau, others are in danger of the same sort of limitation upon their efforts to improve their position in the world. Legislation suitable for women and children is not suitable for men of exceptional physical capacity. It is to the credit of the trainmen that they will have none of that sort of protection.

Representative ADAMSON is quoted as saying that the railways "lie" about the measure, and that they are in "collusion" with the trainmen to make an eight-hour law appear impracticable in the railway business. The author of the law regards it as so entirely practical that he loses patience with those who doubt it. All that is necessary is to put fewer cars behind the engines and speed up the trains so as to make the ten-hour mileage in eight. It is just as practical to order the trains to increase their speed as it is to order the men not to work more than eight hours. The railways cannot hurry their trains by ordering it. It requires billions of capital to flatten grades, strengthen bridges, improve terminals, and generally provide the plant necessary to do the work. Billions have been spent for that purpose while rates were being reduced and wages raised. No return has been paid on those billions until this year. More billions will not be spent in that manner while legislation like the Adamson bill is pending.

THE OMNIBUS.

The Hon. FRANK CLARK of Florida, Chairman of the House Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, informs The Sun that the Omnibus Pork bill "will pass and become a law without material amendment." Evidently Mr. MCADOO was in error in not adding its $35,000,000 or $39,000,000 or paltry $28,000,000, as its own mathematicians reckon, to the $379,000,000 Treasury deficit foreseen for June 30, 1918. A deficit of over $400,000,000 would be such an attractive Democratic campaign argument, and Mr. CLARK is so tenderly attached to the old method of parceling the pork. Evidently, too, Mr. WILSON was in error in believing that he would veto the Omnibus Pork bill if it came to him, and in insisting on a rational system of deciding upon appropriations for public building, river and harbor reclamation, flood control, and so on.

Mr. CLARK is whistling to keep up his courage. The condition of the Treasury, the awakening of public opinion to the abuses of the omnibus public building grabs, the warnings given last year and this by Mr. WILSON and unheeded by Mr. CLARK and his committee, assure the smashing of the 1916 pork bill, assure or bring near the beginning of a system under which each project will be considered on its merits or its necessity by a nonpartisan expert body, and be treated as a national, and not a local and political, matter.

What sort of commission should be established to investigate and report upon applications for Government buildings has yet to be determined and should not be determined hastily. It is permitted to doubt, for instance, the effectiveness of a Public Building Commission composed of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Postmaster General, and the Attorney General, as proposed by Representative FREAR of Wisconsin, whose analysis of the Public Buildings bills of 1913 and 1916 is a notable public service. These officials have plenty to do already. Into whose hands would the work of the proposed commission fall? Nor can they always divest themselves of political intentions. Moreover, Mr. FREAR'S commission "may provide rules concerning the size of communities, Post Office receipts, and rental paid by the Government in determining where public buildings are to be erected." Rules have been made and violated; and in some of them there is no reason. The question of the cost of rental of sufficient accommodations, as compared with cost and upkeep of a Government building, should be foremost. The $10,000 limit of Post Office receipts is merely an excuse for giving hamlets a chance to get a "Government monument," and the Public Buildings Committee doesn't stick to it. The Postmaster General favors a $15,000 limit, the Treasury a $25,000 limit. There can be no sound general rule. As Mr. FREAR himself says, "the matter of local receipts as a measure of Government needs has no relation to the subject. Each project should be judged independently and individually." Mr. MCADOO has the right idea about that.

THE UNCHANGED KAISER.

Of course the Kaiser's utterances are approved in Germany. To disapprove them would be sedition and lèse-majesté, and would be attended with discomfort and danger. Still, if there are silent Germans who had begun to distrust the righteousness of his cause, his latest sayings will do nothing to change their minds. For it is exactly the same song, without the change of a note, that he sang at the beginning of the war; the same call, in the same voice, in the same manner.

"The sword is being forced into our hand," said he from the balcony of the palace on July 31, 1914. "Our enemies did not want the understanding offered by me," he says in his new order to the army and navy. "It has become necessary to protect our most sacred possessions, the Fatherland, our very hearths against ruthless destruction," read his proclamation to the army and navy on Aug. 6, 1914. "Their hunger for power desires Germany's destruction," reads his new order to them. "In the midst of perfect peace the enemy surprises us; therefore to arms!" read another of his proclamations on Aug. 6, 1914. "With justified indignation at our enemies' arrogant crime," is the way he phrases it today. "To be or not to be—German power and German existence!" said the proclamation. "With determination to defend our holiest possessions and secure for the Fatherland a happy future, you will become as steel," says the 1917 order. "You are my guarantee that I can dictate peace to my enemies," he told the First Regiment of Foot Guards at Potsdam. "With GOD'S help our arms will enforce it," (the peace he seeks to dictate,) concludes the 1917 order.

Not the change of an idea, or of the fraction of an idea; not a word of argument with the questioning spirit that is slowly beginning to awake in Germany. Yet the Kaiser's order has its value. Taking it and the Entente note answering his peace offer together, the case is made up. The Entente note arraigns Germany for the spirit of militarism, aggression, conquest, the defiance of human rights; and the Kaiser immediately issues an order illustrating the spirit which they thus arraign. The note and the order make a picture, a picture of the issue in this war, of the spirit of militarism and aggression that must be destroyed in the peace that the arms of the Allies will bring to the world it has stricken.

AMERICANIZATION.

Mr. SAMUEL STRAUSS revealed his possession of a good share of constructive patriotism in his address before the Educational Alliance last Sunday. For twenty-five years the Alliance has been working for the Americanization of Jewish immigrants. "Americanization," Mr. STRAUSS declared, means both allegiance and obedience. The immigrant fit to be an American citizen "may have no political bond whatsoever, either in thought, in word, or in deed, with any land but America."

His love for father and mother left behind in a fatherland of pleasant associations, his love for art, even his religion, may hold a place in some country other than this, but his political allegiance must be confined to the land of his adoption; his love for her and her institutions must be marked with the zeal of the convert. Either that, or this is not his home.

This is good doctrine, and it is bettered by the orator's explanation of what he means by obedience in citizenship. He holds it to be one of the great tasks of the Educational Alliance to lead newcomers to a realization of the fact that in a free country they must consider duties rather than rights:

> A democracy is sometimes a terrible tyrant and always a difficult master. Liberty, freedom—whatever we call it that brought them to these shores—are not all receipt and no payment, all profit and no sacrifice. Tyranny means obedience, but liberty means obligation. This is not a land where men are free, but a land where men are free to serve, and woe to the individual or the group of individuals that does not learn this far-reaching truth in time!

There is no doubt that any immigrant who conducts himself according to this doctrine will be a good citizen, as worthy of his place in the Republic as any descendant of Pilgrims or Huguenots. He will serve his country as well as it can be served, and he will think of it at all times as his own country, not the land of his adoption. In regard to the Jew, there is always the question what relation his citizenship bears to his Judaism. Mr. STRAUSS indicated that the fulfillment of Judaism may be through the way of true democracy. The Jewish citizen must not at any time let his Americanism seem doubtful:

> He must convince his neighbors beyond any lurking doubts. For he is not an American all by himself; he is an American in relation to millions of others, and that relation is not the bond of formal citizenship, but the bond of common and general understanding.

This clear affirmation of the qualities that the adopted citizen should possess is particularly gratifying and encouraging in an hour of many bewilderments. If all our immigrants could be thus trained to a comprehension of the duties of citizenship, our outlook for the future would be bright.

TIMELY DISCUSSIONS.

What is the proportion of income-tax dodging in the United States? What are the dangers of the fact that our gold supply is now tenfold what it was in 1875 for each of us? How are the belligerent nations dealing with their deficiency of gold? What is the relation between our domestic and foreign trade under conditions never before existent in our national experience? How is labor affected by a prosperity without parallel in the history of the world? It would take a book to answer these questions, and such a book is the Annual Review this week by THE ANNALIST. The answers are not final, but they are authoritative. Among those who discuss them are Treasury officials and university professors, who are particularly charged with the administration and study of these topics, and many others similar.

It is gratifying to find that Assistant Secretary of the Treasury MALBURN doubts that income-tax dodging is as flagrant as some have thought the records show. Mr. MILLER of the Federal Reserve Board discusses the conditions arising from the increase of our gold by a billion dollars within a year. It is a new and singular "yellow peril," uncontrolled and needing control. Banks are tempted to put the idle treasure to use, individuals are tempted to extravagance and speculation, and there is danger of waste of such an opportunity as never before was offered any country. It is one of the singularities of the situation that the belligerent nations have more gold in their banks than before it began to come to us in such a flood. The explanation is simple. The belligerents are using ten billions of substitutes for gold. It gorges the banks abroad because the people have no use for it and are making patriotic sacrifices. The economic, financial, and commercial consequences are occupying the attention of all interested, that is, of every trader. Millions more than those are not aware how they are concerned in the matter. They are not doing themselves justice when they neglect the opportunity of hearing professors of such subjects think aloud, as they may in THE ANNALIST.

The United States Commissioner of Labor Statistics thinks that labor's interest lies in the fact that prices rose faster than wages. He finds compensation for wage earners in the other fact that the increase of employment filled the gap and that the net income of workers was greater than ever. There have been many similar publications, as is the habit since the custom was started, but it would be difficult to name a better selection of topics, or more authoritative treatment by more competent writers.

EVIL IN SOUTH DAKOTA.

South Dakota defeated woman suffrage by about 10,000 and adopted the prohibitory amendment by 12,000, while Iowa defeated equal suffrage by 10,000.—Des Moines Register.

Whence The Register seeks to get a line on the attitude of Iowa toward the prohibition amendment. Is there not a sinister meaning in the South Dakota figures? The woman suffrage leaders have seldom failed to explain defeats of the Cause as due in part to "the forces of evil." "The forces opposed to woman suffrage include," says Mrs. IDA HUSTED HARPER, "the liquor and vice interests of the country." If South Dakota voted for prohibition and against woman suffrage, is not that fact prima facie, not to say Bible truth, evidence that the liquor and vice interests tampered with the returns of the suffrage amendment vote? Must not South Dakota be one of the five, and perhaps more, States of which Mrs. CATT, President of the National American Suffrage Association, says the suffragists were cheated "by willful fraud, or fraud perpetrated within the law"?

For prohibition, against suffrage? It cannot lawfully or honestly be. The forces of evil in South Dakota may have consented to prohibition, which is relative, but to woman suffrage, which is absolute, they could not consent. There must have been election frauds. It is constructive fraud upon our suffrage friends for a State to vote Dry and Anti on the same day. It is, besides, a loss with injury. It shatters a hallowed tradition, upsets a beloved argument.

Was woman suffrage in Iowa beaten by the forces of evil last year? The vote on prohibition will show.

THE LETTERS OF "COSMOS."

The letters of "Cosmos," recently printed in THE TIMES, in which the conditions of permanent peace after the end of the European war were presented and discussed, have attracted such wide attention and been read with such general interest that we have received many letters inquiring whether the series would be published in permanent form. In answer to these inquiries, it is a pleasure to say that the "Cosmos" letters will be published in pamphlet form by Charles Scribner's Sons at the price of 30 cents a copy. We are informed that the pamphlet is ready for immediate issue.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Red Cross Funds Exhausted.

It is not to depreciate any of the many appeals for money that come daily from agencies of relief managed in ways and by persons assuring a proper use of the funds contributed to say that none of the others quite equals in force the one made by President WILSON as head of the American Red Cross in behalf of that magnificent organization. Its labors since the European war began have been in many fields, covering practically the whole of Europe and extending into both Asia and Africa. The only claim required for obtaining its attention and its services has been the need of them and the possibility of rendering them, for the Red Cross knows nothing of races or of nationalities.

The calls upon its resources have been so many, however, that they are now nearly exhausted, and the continuance of its work in the several theatres of war depends on the immediate refilling of its treasury. "We find ourselves," writes the President in his letter to the American public,

> at the point where activities must be seriously curtailed and we must turn away from the heartbreaking appeals brought by every European mail, unless by your contribution you help us to continue.
>
> It is for you to decide whether the most prosperous nation in the world will allow its national relief organization to keep up its work or withdraw from a field where there exists the greatest need ever recorded in history. We leave the decision in your hands, confident of its outcome.

As shown by the statement of Red Cross expenditures and receipts made by ex-President TAFT, contributors can, if they choose, name the use to be made of the money they give, in full assurance that no other employment of it will be made. If they prefer, they can leave its disposition to the judgment of the Red Cross officials, and be equally confident that the need most pressing at the moment will determine its disposition.

The organization, too, can utilize personal services, especially those of nurses and doctors who are willing to work for small remuneration or none, and some of its most valued benefactions have thus been made possible.

Surely the response to the President's appeal will be prompt and generous. National honor requires that, and it is one way of answering to some degree America's many critics.

New York at Last Well Ruled.

That "vice" has not been abolished in this city is admitted in the annual report of the Bureau of Social Hygiene. That, however, is only saying that the millennium has not yet arrived, and the report, far from expressing the discouragement that would have followed a futile struggle, proclaims the achievement of a substantial victory over the powers of evil. There are still vicious people in New York, but whereas a few years ago "commercialized vice was open, organized, aggressive, and prosperous, in 1916 it is furtive, disorganized, precarious, and unsuccessful." For once, "reform" has not been a spasm of virtue, and the "reformers" have shown themselves persistent and efficient as well as enthusiastic.

For the improvements in local conditions that have been effected the bureau credits many influences and organizations, with special words of commendation for the Committee of Fourteen, the District Attorney's office, and the Criminal Court, but most of all does its grateful recognition go to the Mayor, JOHN PURROY MITCHEL, and to the Police Commissioner, ARTHUR WOODS. It is a pleasing novelty to read such hearty approval of municipal officials as these two receive in the bureau's report, for during many a weary year most of them have been the objects of constant and bitter criticism, and so often has this been with more or less justice that New Yorkers had come to accept as deserved the charge of their neighbors that they were incompetent to conduct their public affairs either honestly or well.

That feeling has passed away under the present administration. According to all unprejudiced judges, it is the best administration New York has had in the memory of men now alive, for though there have been others with intentions presumably as good, none of the others demonstrated the same continuous practicality in well-doing. And, close beside the Mayor in public esteem, as in the bureau's report, stands Commissioner WOODS. Of his exceptional qualifications for the most difficult of municipal positions—the position for the filling of which more than one good and able man has proved inadequate—there is no longer reasonable or honest question, in or out of the department which he has governed so well and raised so high in both character and repute.

Examples Chosen Unhappily.

A British scientist, Professor KILBURN SCOTT, is quoted in one of THE TIMES special cable dispatches from London as having in a recent public address mentioned three things as the chief achievements of science in relation to the war. First on the list he put the success of Germany in supplying from the air its need for nitrogen, the second was the same nation's destruction through Zeppelin raids of Great Britain's insularity, and the third was the gyroscopic compass.

This enumeration is a surprising one. As a matter of fact, though it may be that the Germans have drawn much nitrogen from the air, the assertion that they thus have supplied all their needs for that substance is a wild exaggeration. The state of their crops shows that, if nothing else did. And it is news indeed that Great Britain has lost her insularity because of the Zeppelin. It is much nearer the truth to say that the only efficiency of the Zeppelins has been in exciting deserved criticism all over the world against their users. What military service, if any, they have rendered is yet to be revealed. As for the gyroscopic compass, it is much older than the war, and it is far from having replaced the "needle" which is supposed to be so faithful to the pole, though its fidelity is of a lamentably wavering and uncertain kind.

Professor SCOTT confesses too much—for a Briton mysteriously much—and as an advertiser of science he is not a brilliant success.

"COSMOS" REPLIES.

British Authorities on the Rights of Private Property at Sea.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter signed J. J. Bisgood, addressed to you from London under date of Dec. 12, 1916, and printed in your paper of Dec. 30, invites reply. The writer vigorously attacks the suggestion contained in my fifth article that private property at sea not contraband must be made immune from capture or destruction as a condition of durable peace.

Mr. Bisgood obviously speaks for that body of opinion which, in England, as in every other country, makes difficult, if not impossible, international agreement to diminish the likelihood of war, by taking an attitude which is quite as extreme and quite as indefensible as the analogous attitude so sharply attacked when taken by Germany. Mr. Bisgood's slighting reference to Viscount Grey may be passed by with the remark that history is certain to do justice to that statesman's noteworthy administration of the British Foreign Office, as well as to his high-minded patriotism and his sound liberalism in thought and in policy. Mr. Bisgood asks me to read what he describes as "that wonderful book" by Thomas Gibson Bowles entitled "Sea Law and Sea Power," which, he tells us, "destroyed the Declaration of London." I am familiar with this book by Mr. Bowles, but cannot regard it as anything more than a bit of vigorous and chauvinistic pamphleteering. In the precincts of St. Stephen's its author is not known as Thomas Gibson Bowles, Esq., M. P., but as "Tommy" Bowles, who sat for King's Lynn on opposite sides of the House in quick succession. This particular book, which is but one of several by Mr. Bowles on similar topics, is, to speak frankly, a partisan and narrow-minded attack upon the work of the second Hague Conference of 1907 and upon the London Naval Conference of 1909. The work of the British delegates to these two important gatherings is included in the scope of Mr. Bowles's animadversions.

I prefer to find the voice of liberal, progressive, and peace-loving England in the book entitled "Capture at Sea," written in 1913 by Earl Loreburn, who, after a most brilliant career at the bar and in Parliament, became Lord Chancellor in 1905, and served in that great post until his retirement in 1912. Whereas the final chapter of Mr. Bowles's book is entitled "Keep the Sword Sharp," the principle upon which Lord Loreburn's argument proceeds is that "at sea, as on land, unoffending private individuals should be unmolested either in person or in property except from imperative military necessity. * * * The proposal is that unoffending commerce shall not be interfered with and that war shall not be directed against an unoffending population."

I venture to set these two points of view and these two expressions of policy in contrast, and let public opinion decide whether the proposals of Mr. "Tommy" Bowles or those of Earl Loreburn, supported as they are by the unanimous action of the Council of the London Chamber of Commerce, which I quoted in my original article on this subject, are more likely to assist in maintaining the peace of the world. Lord Loreburn would have Great Britain assent to the position which the Government of the United States has maintained throughout its history.

Jan. 6, 1917. COSMOS.

AN AQUEDUCT MEMORIAL.

A Fountain Is Suggested as a Monument to a Great Work.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The greatest single piece of construction work that has ever been carried out by a municipality is unobtrusively but triumphantly nearing its end. The Catskill Aqueduct, which in places runs 400 feet below the surface, and is to deliver billions of gallons of water to our city daily, will be completed early next Spring.

A project which almost equals the Panama Canal in administrative problems and excels it in engineering difficulties will be finished before the estimated time and within the estimated cost. Our very life and health, and in great part the protection of our property, will be wholly dependent upon this new water supply. The Mayor has realized the importance of the successful termination of this great work, and has appointed a representative committee to arrange for a celebration befitting an event of such material and historical significance to the future welfare of our city.

In addition, may I suggest that in co-operation with this committee a memorial of a permanent nature be planned? It seems to be peculiarly fitting to erect a great monumental fountain, of such architectural and sculptural beauty as to mark worthily the importance of the occasion, the dignity of our great city, and the appreciation of our people. It could be located in one of our plazas, or in some conspicuous part of Central Park. Perhaps the site of the present reservoir would be found suitable. The water would be partly arched over, forming a large plaza, while open spaces spanned by bridges would enhance the general effect. Broad approaches would give interesting points of vantage from which to view a work of art which should add to the glory of our city. This great new plaza would provide additional recreation space for the multitudes who would gather from far and wide.

The cost of the monument would preferably be defrayed by public subscription. European cities, like Rome, Munich, Marseilles, and many others, have such monuments, which they point out to visitors with just pride. Let this great metropolis prove that it has interests other than purely material ones, and with a spirit of civic pride show that we have aspirations as high as any of the cities of the old world.

MORTIMER J. FOX.

New York, Jan. 6, 1917.

PERKINS WILL MEET FOOD COMMITTEES

Governor, Mayor, and Experts from All New England to be Dinner Guests.

FAVORS CONTROL BY STATE

Financier Wants Assemblage to Consider the Situation Along Northeastern Seaboard.

In order to consider the food supply situation in the northeastern seaboard States George W. Perkins will give a dinner in honor of Governor Whitman and Mayor Mitchel at the Biltmore Hotel on Thursday evening. Governor-elect Walter Edge of New Jersey will be one of the guests. Other guests will include members of Governor Whitman's Market Commission, the Executive Committee of Mayor Mitchel's Food Supply Committee and the Wicks Legislative Committee, who recently joined in a report to Governor Whitman recommending the creation in this State of a market department empowered to promote the better handling of the food supply of New York.

Others who will attend include similar committees which have been appointed by the Governors of Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Vermont to study the situation in those States and also in its interstate relationship.

"The appointment of committees in Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Vermont to study this question is an important step forward," said Mr. Perkins last night. "Governor Whitman took the lead in this matter, and under his leadership I am very hopeful that something practical and constructive can be worked out.

"All these States have Public Service Commissions to look after the people's interests in the matter of transportation, yet it is estimated that only ten per cent of the average man's income goes for transportation while upwards of 40 per cent. of his income goes for food.

"We have been careful to regulate our transportation service in the interests of the public, but as yet practically nothing has been done in the regulation of our food supply in the interest of the people. Because of the lack of proper market departments the people's interests in this all-important matter have been left almost wholly in private hands.

"If experience has shown that the public's interests in the matter of health, education and transportation need to be safeguarded by the State, through supervision and regulation, does it not follow that in the all-important matter of their food supply the people's interests should also be safeguarded by the State in a similar manner?

"I am hopeful that the dinner on Thursday evening will provoke discussion which will enable all of us to get a clearer understanding of the problem and a better insight into the remedies which must be applied if it is to be solved."

TALKS OF DILLON REMOVAL.

Governor, However, Refuses to Confirm Report as to Perkins.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 8.—Governor Whitman tonight refused to confirm the story published in New York that he was contemplating removing Commissioner John J. Dillon of Foods and Markets, replacing him in a reorganized department by George W. Perkins.

"I would say, at least," said the Governor, "that it is a little premature to announce the appointment of a man to a position which does not yet exist. The law under which a Commissioner of Markets will be named has not as yet even been introduced in the Legislature.

"I will say, however, that I would gladly appoint Mr. Perkins to any position as responsible as this new place would be if he would accept it."

It is understood here that while the Governor would like to see Mr. Perkins in the office when it is created, and that Mr. Dillon would not object to yielding to him, yet Mr. Perkins has said that he has too much work to attend to to permit him to give all his time to the place.

TRAVIS ASSAILS FISKE.

Controller Incidentally Defends Report on Mt. Vernon Finances.

ALBANY, Jan. 8.—Controller Eugene M. Travis has sent a letter to Mayor Edwin W. Fiske of Mount Vernon, criticising that official for the attitude which Mr. Fiske has assumed over the examination conducted into the financial affairs of Mount Vernon by examiners of the Controller's office. In the report, which was submitted to Mayor Fiske some time ago, the Controller made certain recommendations. In his letter Mr. Travis says:

"Supplementing previous correspondence on the subject of the finances of the city of Mount Vernon, permit me to say that you appear neither to appreciate the purpose of the examination nor the benefits which may be derived from a careful study of the report, followed by affirmative, corrective methods of administration.

"I realized that the facts reported did not reflect credit upon those responsible for them, but believed many of the unbusinesslike, irregular, and illegal acts to be unintentional—the result of ignorance, established custom, and obsolete charter provisions. The eagerness which you display in attempting to explain, to justify, to extenuate, and to defend an administration notable only for its lack of business methods, its extravagance of expenditure, and its disregard for legal procedure, impels me to admit that I reasoned from false premises.

"I have again reviewed the report, my letters to you, and your several communications, but fail to see where I should subtract anything from the facts set forth in the report or detract from the observations incorporated in my letters. If I erred, it was in the use of moderate language where blunter statements and stronger, more energetic words should have been employed."

Needs Funds for New Assay Office.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—W. G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, sent a memorandum to the Senate today containing the information that, because of the increased cost of building materials and labor, it would be necessary for Congress to make an additional appropriation of $200,000 in order to erect the new Assay Office in New York City authorized two years ago. The original appropriation was $807,408. Senator O'GORMAN has framed a bill providing for increasing the amount to $807,408 in order to carry out the Government's original plan.

INVICTUS.

Who sang "Invictus" loud and long—
and fell—
Doubt not thou sangest well!
For there are those who had not known
that song
But for thy chanted word,
Which they, despairing, heard
And rose and triumphed; passing it
along
Wave after wave in ever-widening arc
Until the far reverberance of the strain
Comes back to thee again
Across the world; and mark,
O thou of mighty will,
Unconquered and unconquerable still,
Above the flesh that fails
The spirit still prevails,
And 'tis thine own first song that
lifteth thee
To final victory!
Early or late
Thou rulest still thy fate,
Despite all winds or tides through all
eternity.

M. E. BUHLER.

OPPOSES AN ENLISTED ARMY

Major Harlee Would Leave Men Free to Quit the Service.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Widely divergent views as to the proper military policy for the United States were laid before the Senate Sub-Committee on Universal Service today by two of the Government's military officers, Captain George V. H. Mosely of the General Staff of the Army and Major William G. Harlee of the Marine Corps. The committee heard also urgent recommendations that universal military training be enacted from a score of surgeons and physicians representing the important medical associations of the country.

Major Harlee disapproved of all universal service proposals. "The oath of enlistment is an oath of bondage," he said. "It brands the man who takes it as of a lower caste. I am opposed to any service except that rendered by willing men."

The Major proposed that no enlistments be required and that the men trained annually be permitted to leave the service at will.

Captain Mosely explained the purposes of his bill, already before the committee, to provide for the training annually of a million boys 19 years old. He said thirty-six training divisions, properly distributed through the country, should be created as permanent training factories. In case of war each of these would constitute an army division with the regiments raised to war strength by summoning back to the colors the last two classes graduated.

Dr. Lucien Howe of Buffalo, President of the American Medical Association, heading the delegation of medical men, told the committee that military training would go far toward correcting the alarming increase in physical defectives in the United States which is now physically a sub-standard nation with the highest middle age death rate in the world, due to preventable ailments.

NO DAMAGES FOR CHALONER

But Supreme Court Gives Him Hope of Quashing Lunacy Charges.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—What the plaintiff in error regards as his "first line of attack" was completed today in the long-drawn-out litigation over the right of John Armstrong Chaloner to exercise possession of his property in the State of New York. The United States Supreme Court decided that the action in trover for damages for withholding from him income from securities and moneys was completely met by the orders of the New York Supreme Court appointing a committee to take charge of Chaloner's estate, and that those orders were not only not void, but not subject to collateral attack.

"If the orders ought to be set aside," said Justice Brandeis, who rendered the opinion, "because they were entered corruptly, irregularly, or inadvertently, or because, owing to a change in the plaintiff's condition, a committee is no longer needed, the remedy must be sought in direct proceedings to that end. There is no evidence of an attempt made to vacate or modify the orders."

The action thus decided today was brought in 1904 in the Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York and transferred under the judicial code in 1912 to the United States District Court. The aim was to set aside two orders by the New York Supreme Court appointing W. A. Butler as a committee to take charge of Chaloner's estate, and later substituting Thomas T. Sherman for Mr. Butler.

Mr. Chaloner was in court when today's decision was rendered, and later gave out a statement indicating his satisfaction with suggestions in the opinion that proper proceedings might now be taken in the New York courts to set aside or modify the order appointing the committee on the ground that the order was improvidently entered, or that the necessity for a committee no longer existed.

TO CURB SUPREME COURT.

Owen Would Bar Rulings on Constitutionality of Acts of Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Senator Owen introduced in the Senate today a joint resolution designed to take away from the United States Supreme Court the right to declare an act of Congress unconstitutional. The assumption of this power by the Federal courts, Senator Owen declared, "interferes with the reasonable exercise of the sovereignty of the people of the United States and diverts it from the hands of the people, in Congress assembled, to a tribunal appointed for life and subject to no review and to no control by the people of the United States, and is therefore against wise public policy." It is understood that the introduction of the resolution at this time was suggested by the litigation over the constitutionality of the Adamson law, now before the Supreme Court.

In the Constitutional Convention in which the Constitution of the United States was framed," says the resolution, "the motion was three times made to give to the Supreme Court in some mild form the right to express an opinion upon the constitutionality of acts of Congress, and was three times overwhelmingly rejected."

When characterizes as a usurpation of power the declaration by a Judge that the acts of Congress are unconstitutional, and provides that any Judge who makes such a declaration shall be adjudged guilty of violating the constitutional requirement of good behavior, and his office shall be vacated.

SCHOOL OFFICIALS NAMED.

Mayor Mitchel Appoints Commissioners, Including Negro.

Mayor Mitchel announced yesterday the appointment of twelve Commissioners of Education. Four of the present members are reappointed; five of the new members have been appointed for a full term of five years and three for unexpired terms to fill vacancies. Five of the present board were not reappointed. As foretold on Sunday, one of the new members is a negro, Dr. E. P. Roberts of 242 West Fifty-third Street, who receives a full five-year term. The other appointees are:

Manhattan—Isadore M. Levy, reappointed; Cornelius J. Sullivan, reappointed; Joseph P. Brennan, 68 East Ninety-third Street, appointed for five-year term; Mrs. Irma B. Levy, 2 East Fifty-fifth Street, appointed to succeed George J. Gillespie, resigned, whose term expires Dec. 31, 1917.

Brooklyn—Joseph Barondess, reappointed; James H. Post, 88 Remsen Street, member of the firm of B. H. Howell, Son & Co., and President of the National Sugar Refining Company of New Jersey, appointed for five-year term; George F. Allison, 263 Clinton Avenue, lawyer, appointed to succeed Miss Mary E. Drier, resigned, whose term expires Dec. 31, 1919.

The Bronx—Elisha Harris Janes, 2,203 Sedgwick Avenue, architect, appointed for five-year term; William J. Weber, 500 Fairmont Place, printing business, appointed for a term of four years to succeed Thomas J. Carroll, deceased, (term expires Dec. 31, 1920.)

Queens—William W. Gillen, 489 Hillside Avenue, Jamaica, lawyer, appointed for five-year term.

Richmond—John Martin, reappointed.

Those whose terms expired and were not reappointed are Thomas M. De Laney, D. J. McDonald, M. D., Morton Stein, Rupert B. Thomas, and Frank D. Wilsey.

SERBIAN ENVOY DUE TODAY.

Minister Mihailovitch the First to Represent His Government Here.

Ljubomir Mihailovitch, Serbia's first Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States, will arrive today from Paris on the American Line steamship St. Paul. He was formerly Chargé at Rome and later Minister to Montenegro, resident in Paris.

M. Mihailovitch is 45 years old, and educated in Serbian universities and in Paris, and is unmarried. Accompanying him is Alexandre Georgevitch, first Secretary of the new legation.

The announcement of M. Mihailovitch's appointment was made in Washington on Nov. 18, 1916, when word was received from George L. Lorillard, special agent of the State Department with the Serbian Government in Corfu, Greece.

PRESBYTERY MOVES FOR UNITED CHURCH

New York Body Votes for Consolidation of North and South Divisions.

UP TO GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Overture Is Aimed to Wipe Out Misunderstanding of Civil War Days.

A move to unite the Presbyterian Church North with the Presbyterian Church South, which have been separated since civil war days, was made yesterday at a meeting of the New York Presbytery held in the First Presbyterian Church, Twelfth Street and Fifth Avenue. The motion was introduced by the Rev. William Payson Merrill, pastor of the Brick Church, and was carried unanimously. It will come up for final action at the North Church General Assembly in May at Dallas, Texas, and if the vote is accepted a committee will be formed to consult with the Church South.

Such a consolidation would give the Presbyterian Church a united membership of more than 2,000,000 and would result in a co-ordination of effort that would greatly stimulate foreign missionary work. A like step has for some time been agitated in the Methodist Church, which also split in 1861.

In introducing his motion, Dr. Merrill said that he did so in the belief that it was the only way in which the misunderstandings of past years could be wiped out. Dr. J. F. Forbes, Stated Clerk of the Presbytery, said the introduction of the motion marked an epoch in Presbyterian history. The motion, officially termed an overture, follows:

> The Presbytery of New York hereby overtures the General Assembly in session at Dallas, Texas, May, 1917:
>
> 1. That the General Assembly expresses its fraternal affection for the Presbyterian Church in the United States and its earnest desire for reunion at the earliest time consistent with the arrangements of necessary details on the basis of our common inheritance of faith and order, and the prevalence of mutual confidence and love which are necessary to a happy union and to permanent peace and prosperity of the United Church.
>
> 2. That the General Assembly appoint a committee for the purpose of conferring with the representatives of the Presbyterian Church in the United States in regard to the feasibility and practicability of reunion, and if, after conference and inquiry, such reunion shall seem to be desirable and practicable to suggest suitable measures for its accomplishment and report to a future assembly.

The overture was seconded by Professor William Adams Brown of Union Theological Seminary, who based his desire for unity on what he learned during his recent visit to Japan and China. There both South and North churches are represented in missionary work, which, Professor Brown said, could be better accomplished under a united direction. Dr. D. G. Wylie, Secretary of the Board of Church Erection, in favoring the adoption of the motion, said that he was thankful that it had been presented.

The Moderator of the Presbytery, Dr. H. G. Mendenhall, in supporting the measure, recalled that he had been a member of the Assembly of 1882 when reunion was almost accomplished. He said that he was proud that "as the son of a Federal officer he could extend the hand of love and peace to the sons of Confederate soldiers in the Southern Church."

The Southern Presbyterian Church separated from the Northern Presbyterian Church in 1861 on issues that grew out of the civil war. In the General Assembly of that year, which met in Philadelphia, the Rev. Dr. Gardiner Spring, pastor of the Brick Church in this city, introduced a set of resolutions which have since gone in ecclesiastical history as the Spring Resolutions. These, among other things, declared it to be the duty of the ministry and churches under its [the General Assembly's] care to do all in their power to promote and perpetuate the integrity of the United States and to strengthen and encourage the Federal Government."

The two sections of the church have at different times sought to bring about reunion, and this object was almost accomplished in 1882, when a so-called explanatory resolution, passed by the Northern Assembly, defeated the matter. The two denominations in doctrinal belief are one, as the Westminster Conf

DEMOCRACY REBELS AT PRINCETON CLUBS

Grover Cleveland's Son Leads Movement for New Social Standards at University.

THE FACULTY IN SYMPATHY

Sophomore Protestants Would Have All Students Dine at Commons in Equality.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 8.—Students and members of the faculty of Princeton believe the fate of the Princeton system of dining clubs may be determined by the attack made by a group of sophomores of which Richard F. Cleveland, a son of Grover Cleveland, is a prominent member.

The dining club system, which began in 1878, two years after the abolition of secret societies, is confined to the two upper classes at Princeton, and the seventeen dining clubs have 85 per cent. of the two upper classes for members. The existence of the clubs was threatened when Woodrow Wilson was President of Princeton, but they survived when his efforts to establish a "quad" system failed.

The present attack is the first serious movement started from within the ranks of the students themselves. It was launched openly in a letter in today's Princetonian written by young Cleveland and four others, arraigning the alleged undemocratic tendencies of the clubs.

Dr. John Grier Hibben, President of the university, issued a statement commending the movement. Princeton professors said today that the majority of the Faculty was in sympathy with the attack. Several prominent seniors, including George W. Perkins, Jr., all of whom are members of clubs, signed a letter to The Princetonian today, expressing sympathy with the stand taken by Cleveland and his associates.

The five signers of the sophomore letter of protest were D. K. E. Bruce of Baltimore, R. F. Cleveland of Princeton, S. Floyd, Jr., of New York; J. S. Schmalz of Buffalo, and H. H. Strater of Louisville. Other members of the original group of ten which started the movement are H. D. Knower of Cincinnati, Duncan M. McCulloch of Baltimore, K. B. and R. Z. Mickey of Cleveland, R. C. Sailer of Engiewood, and W. M. Fletcher, Jr., of Ivy Depot, Va.

These sophomores have announced that they would not accept nomination to any of the dining clubs which select their new members in March each year. About ten others joined in promising to refuse invitations. Richard Cleveland, a big, yellow-haired young fellow, refused today to make any prediction of the number of sophomores who would pledge themselves to board during the next two years at the commons. If a considerable body of sophomores agree to remain out of the dining clubs, some of the seventeen will necessarily go to the wall next year for lack of financial support.

President Hibben told a NEW YORK TIMES reporter today that the main fault of the club system was that, since 85 per cent. of the students were members, the few who, because of lack of money, or for other reasons, did not belong were marked in a disagreeable way.

A commons was established for the freshmen in 1906 and one for the sophomores in 1908. New buildings have been erected for this purpose, and President Hibben announced in his statement today that upper classmen who wished to board at the new commons building, which will be opened next term, would have that privilege.

While this movement and that led by President Wilson during his last years at Princeton both contemplated the abolition of the dining clubs, their other objects are entirely different. Under President Wilson's "quad" system, the students would have boarded as well as lodged in separate buildings. The insurgent sophomores of today, however, want the clubs abolished so that all the students will dine at commons.

Cleveland and his associates expect that, even if the plan is successful, the forcing out of the clubs will be a gradual process. The property of the seventeen clubs is worth considerably more than $1,000,000, and the question of finding other uses for it would be serious. Only graduate members living at Princeton, or who make visits here, are allowed to make the clubs their homes, as the students all live in the university dormitories. In the letter setting forth their position, the five sophomores said:

"In a small college such as Princeton, cut off from the outside world, conditions are most favorable for democracy, but the clubs, by setting up false standards, oppose this democracy. Making a club is usually considered the most important event in college life. Not to make a club constitutes failure; and a man's success is measured by the prestige of the club to which he is elected. In order to achieve this success, a man must repress his individuality enough to conform to the standards which upper classmen may determine."

Other arguments in the letter are that, if the clubs did not exist, it might be presumed that the large sums which the alumni now contribute to them would go to the university for broader uses and that, after the new commons are erected, there will be no necessity for the clubs, considered as eating houses.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., has sent out invitations for a supper and dance which she is to give on Monday night, Jan. 15, at her house, 666 Fifth Avenue, for Miss Flora Whitney, a débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Whitney.

Mrs. William Pierson Hamilton is the hostess tonight for the dance at the Colony Club, to be held in aid of the New York City Visiting Committee. Many dinners will precede the dance. One for the younger set will be held at the club by Miss Isabel Stettinius.

Miss Helen Fiske, daughter of Haley Fiske, and the Rev. Edward D. Evans of Baltimore, Md., are to be married at 10 o'clock this morning in the Church of St. Mary the Virgin. A reception and breakfast will follow at the bride's home, 39 Riverside Drive.

The wedding of Miss Leila B. Larendon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Washington Larendon, and Ezra Hunt Dyer of St. Louis will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, 311 Riverside Drive.

Mrs. Henry M. Tilford is to hold a large dance tonight at Sherry's for her two daughters, Mrs. David Wagstaff and Mrs. Stanley G. Mortimer. The guests will be chiefly the young married set.

Mrs. Joseph Flannery entertained with a small dance last evening at her home, 612 Fifth Avenue, for Miss Viola Flannery and Miss Honor Henry, both débutantes.

Southland Ball on Thursday Night.

The Southland ball, the annual charity ball which is given under the auspices of the New York Southern Society, will be held on Thursday evening at the Hotel Astor. One of the chief features of the ball will be a Japanese garden and lake in the centre of the ballroom. The music will be furnished by a Russian, a Guatemalan, and a Southern orchestra.

The proceeds from the affair will be devoted to the fund for the destitute Southerners in New York. The fund now exceeds $30,000, and the income from it has been used for the relief work for several years.

McQuillen-Martinez Engagement.

Mrs. Robert C. McQuillen of Cambridge, Mass., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Catherine McQuillen to Edward L. Martinez, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Miguel R. Martinez (Maria de la C. Varela) of 50 East Fifty-eighth Street, this city. Mr. Martinez was graduated from Williams College in 1915. He is a member of the Seawanhaka Yacht Club and Squadron A. John M. R. Martinez is his brother.

Miss Knauth to Wed H. F. Dunbar.

Mrs. Antonio Knauth of 321 West Ninety-second Street and Lake George has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Ilse Knauth, to Henry Fowler Dunbar, son of the late Judge James R. Dunbar and Mrs. Dunbar of Brookline, Mass. Miss Knauth is a student at Bryn Mawr College. Mr. Dunbar, who was graduated from Harvard in 1913, is now taking a course at Columbia University. No date has been set for the wedding.

Col. Cody Told His Death Is Near.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 8.—The condition of Colonel William F. Cody, known best as "Buffalo Bill," was improved slightly today, and he sent for cards and played for a time with members of his family. He also discussed with them plans for reorganizing his Wild West show. Later in the day he sent for Dr. J. H. East, his physician, and asked what was his chance for life. Dr. East told him that his death was but a matter of a short time, and afterward said that the old scout would die within thirty-six hours. Buffalo Bill took the bad news with his accustomed stoicism and began making his final arrangements.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Jan. 6th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 12.06 cents per pound.—Advt.

If your skin is sick try Resinol

No remedy can honestly promise to *heal every case* of skin ailment. But Resinol Ointment, aided by Resinol Soap, usually gives such relief from the smarting and burning, and so *generally* succeeds in clearing the sick skin for good, that it is the standard skin treatment of thousands and thousands of physicians. Why not try it?

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap are sold by all druggists. For sample of each, free, write to Dept. 2-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

Automobiles on GUARANTY PLAN Automobile Time Payments Time Payments

Buy a Standard Car
On the Guaranty Plan

Of course you would not buy a car on any haphazard time-payment arrangement. If you are entitled to credit you have the right to buy a car on the Guaranty Plan. It assures you of business-like terms and courteous treatment.

When you buy a car on the Guaranty Plan you avoid the red-tape, delays, uncertainty, legal complications, exorbitant charges and publicity that go with the average time-payment arrangement. Your note is put in the safety deposit vault of our trust company. It is not hawked about in payment of other people's debts.

You choose from any one of 23 recognized makes. Guaranty Recognition implies that a car is a standard product made by an established organization that renders service.

You pay for the car just as you might pay for a house—a small sum down and the balance in equal monthly amounts, like rent.

Thousands of the best people all over this country and Canada are enjoying cars bought on the Guaranty Plan. During the past few months we have financed over $26,000,000 worth of cars.

There is every reason why you should own a car, provided you are entitled to credit. We shall welcome the opportunity of facilitating your purchase. We cordially invite you to visit us in the Equitable Building, or to mail us your name and address. We will explain the Guaranty Plan in detail and put you in touch with a responsible dealer.

Invitation to Visiting and Resident Dealers

Sixty-four per cent of the purchasers on the Guaranty Plan were introduced to dealers by us. Wouldn't you like to have purchasers introduced to you?

This is the only time-payment plan that costs you absolutely nothing. Use it and you will get every cent of your cash-sale profit on time sales. The Guaranty Plan opens up a big new field of desirable purchasers and links them to you through its advertising. You would not bother with an unadvertised motor car. Why use an unknown, unstandardized, unadvertised time-payment arrangement?

We shall be glad to meet you in person at our office or to hear from you through the mail.

Invitation to Visiting Manufacturers and their Representatives

Manufacturers and their representatives are cordially invited to visit us while in New York for the Shows. We will be glad to talk with them regarding the details of the Guaranty Plan for financing dealers, as well as time-payment sales at retail. We suggest telephone appointments. Our number is Rector 7580.

GUARANTY SECURITIES CORPORATION
Incorporated under Banking Laws of New York State
EQUITABLE BUILDING
San Francisco NEW YORK Montreal

LEFT ESTATE TO CHARITY.

Miss Eliza Haynes Gave Bulk of It for Memorial to Mother.

The New York Magdalen Society of Inwood is the chief legatee under the will of Miss Eliza Jane Haynes, who leaves her residuary estate, understood to be between $50,000 and $100,000, to erect the Eliza H. Haynes Memorial on the property in honor of the decedent's mother, who died on Dec. 15. Miss Haynes gave her valuable collection of paintings to the Metropolitan Museum of Art. She left $5,000 to the Convent of Mount St. Ursula at Bedford Park, and $2,000 each to the Door of Hope, Tappan, N. Y.; St. Mary's Free Hospital for Crippled Children, Harvard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers, Washington Square Home for Friendless Girls, and the Society of Helpers of the Holy Soul. The Bide-a-Wee Home for Animals received $1,000.

Miss Haynes left the income of $20,000 to her friend, Lulu Leah Getz, and on her death the principal is to be distributed in sums of $5,000 each to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, St. Barnabas House, Servants for Relief of Incurable Cancer, and House of Mercy. She distributed a collection of jewelry among friends by a paper she left which is independent of her will.

Charles D. Baker.

Charles D. Baker, a member of the editorial staff of The Brooklyn Daily Eagle, and prior to that for several years with The Brooklyn Daily Times, died on Sunday night in a drug store at Coney Island Avenue and Church Street, Brooklyn, where he was taken after being stricken in the street while waiting for a street car to take him to his home, 633 Decatur Street. Mr. Baker was born in Brooklyn seventy years ago, and in 1877 began the publication of an illustrated monthly called "Our Neighborhood." Later he became an editorial writer on The Standard Union. Mr. Baker was for three terms President of the Suffolk County Association.

Admiral Warrender Dead.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—Vice Admiral Sir George John Scott Warrender died here today in his sixty-seventh year. He was appointed to the command of the Plymouth Naval Station on Jan. 20, 1916, previously being in command of the Second Battle Squadron.

Admiral Warrender was the seventh Baronet of Lochend, East Lothian, Scotland, and was born in Scotland. He entered the Royal Navy in 1870 as cadet, becoming a Commander in 1893, a Captain in 1899 and a Rear Admiral in 1908. Twice he saw active service on land, the first time during the Zulu war of 1879, and then during the China war of 1900, when he was a Flag Captain to the Rear Admiral of the China Squadron.

J. Finlayson, Explorer, Dies at 105.

WRANGELL, Alaska, Jan. 8.—John Finlayson, an explorer, for whom Finlayson River and Finlayson Lake in Yukon territory were named, died today, aged 105 years. Finlayson was a native of Scotland. He prospected and mined gold in California, Oregon until he was 86 years old and then went to British Columbia and Yukon territory, where he explored large areas in which white men had never penetrated.

Col. Sage, Ex-Warden of Sing Sing.

CATSKILL, N. Y., Jan. 8.—Colonel Omar V. Sage, warden of Sing Sing Prison from 1894 to 1901, died at his home here last night, aged 82 years. Heart disease and other ailments attendant upon old age caused his death. After resigning the Sing Sing wardenship Colonel Sage was appointed Superintendent of the House of Refuge, Randall's Island, New York City, where he remained six years. Previous to his appointment to Sing Sing Colonel Sage had been County Clerk and member of the Assembly from Greene County.

Obituary Notes.

AUGUST A. BROWN, who served in the famous Light Brigade of the British Army at Balaklava, died in Elkton, Md., yesterday. He was 92 years old.

CHRISTOPH R. J. ROGGE, a confectioner of New Rochelle, died yesterday in the New Rochelle Hospital in his fifty-fourth year.

FRANK L. GILMORE, President of the Lenox Savings Bank, died last night at his home in Lenox, Mass., in his fifty-eighth year.

The Rev. Dr. ISAAC NEWTON CLARK, active for years as a missionary in the Southwest, where he was a pioneer, dropped dead on Sunday while addressing a Sunday school class in Kansas City, Mo. He was in his eighty-eighth year. He had for more than twenty-five years was Southwestern Secretary of the American Foreign Missionary Society.

JAMES TROY, 82 years old, formerly Assistant District Attorney of Brooklyn and County Judge of Kings County, died last night of pleurisy at his home, 26 Eighth Avenue.

Mrs. MARGARET ADLER, wife of Thomas Adler, a retired builder, died from pneumonia on Saturday at her home, 206 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, aged 80 years.

RUSSELL CALDWELL ROWAN, auditor of the stock brokerage house of Emanuel Parker & Co., in Mannattan, is dead at the home of his father-in-law, Thomas Hannon, 411 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, in his thirty-fourth year.

SAMUEL SPEERS, 72 years old, a retired tea merchant, died at his home, 249 Emerson Place, Brooklyn, on Saturday.

SIMEON BENJAMIN, a member of Forth-Lodge No. 19, F. and A. M., and the Masonic Veterans' Society, died on Sunday at his home, 358 State Street, Brooklyn, leaving a widow, two sons, and four daughters.

Mrs. ARRIETTE SALT, widow of William Henry Salt and a resident of Brooklyn for more than sixty-five years, died from pneumonia on Saturday at her home, 372 Jay Street, Brooklyn, in her ninety-fifth year.

Mrs. AMELIA ROSS, widow of John H. Ross, a Brooklyn physician, died on Saturday at her home, 712 Union Street, Brooklyn, in her eighty-eighth year. She is survived by two daughters.

WILLIAM A. BERG, 80 years old, a retired shoe manufacturer, died at his home, 108 Penn Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was a native of Denmark and a member of the Danish Veterans' Association.

Mrs. ELIZABETH EVESERVELT, widow of Abram J. Westervelt, died at her home in Paterson, N. J., in her eighty-first year.

Sister ROMAULD, a teacher in the parochial school in Englewood, N. J., died in St. Joseph's Hospital, Paterson, N. J.

JOSEPH CASSERELLI, one of the oldest residents of Long Island, was found dead yesterday morning in his home in Long Island City. He was in his one hundredth year.

MATTHEW M. GOGGINS, formerly connected with the Highway Department in Queens, died yesterday at the home of his niece, Mrs. Edward Clifford, in Flushing, L. I., in his fifty-third year.

ARTHUR KING HUNTER, a decorator, died on Sunday at his home in College Point, L. I., in his fifty-seventh year from pneumonia, four days after his wife died from the same disease.

CHARLES FICKELS, formerly owner of a trucking business, died on Saturday night at his home, 15 Carlisle Street, in his forty-ninth year.

DAVID FULTON THOMPSON, a member of the cotton goods firm of Thompson, Son & Co. of 236 Church Street, died yesterday at his home, 314 West Ninety-fourth Street, in his forty-fifth year.

JAMES E. CROSS, connected with the State Insurance Department since 1873, and a veteran of the civil war, died on Saturday in Albany, N. Y., in his seventy-eighth year.

Mrs. ELIZABETH WARD SHAFER, widow of Joseph L. Shafer, and a descendant of Robert Morris, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, died on Sunday at her home in East Orange, N. J.

ELIZABETH CYNTHIA SYPHER, widow of Obadiah L. Sypher, died on Sunday night in East Orange, N. J., in her eighty-fourth year.

Mrs. MARY A. WATSON, widow of Captain Robert S. Watson, civil war veteran and journalist, died on Sunday at her home in Yonkers, in her seventy-first year.

WALTER DEAR formerly connected with the advertising department of the old Jersey Journal, died yesterday at his home in Jersey City, in his eighty-first year.

Mrs. WILLIAM ALWORTH, mother of Thomas P. Alworth, former County Register, died yesterday at her home in Montclair, N. J., in her seventy-ninth year.

Mrs. EMELINE L. PEPPER, a resident of Divided Creek, N. J., and the widow of Lieutenant William B. Pepper, died on Sunday night in Montclair, N. J.

Mrs. MARY JEROLEMAN, widow of Jeremiah Jeroleman, died on Saturday at her home in Newark, N. J., in her ninety-seventh year.

Major JOHN ENGEL, twice Postmaster of Hackensack, N. J., died yesterday at his home there, in his seventy-third year.

Dr. HENRY A. KORNEMANN, a member of the American Medical Association and the American Health Association, died yesterday at his home, 249 Springfield Avenue, Newark, N. J., in his eighty-fifth year.

Mrs. HARRIETTE C. PERRINE, wife of Thomas E. Perrine, died yesterday at her home in Jamesburg, N. J., in her seventieth year.

FREDERICK H. SMITH of 861 Scotland Road, South Orange, N. J., and a member of the brokerage firm of F. H. Smith & Co. of 71 Broadway, died suddenly yesterday in a fruit store at 81 Vesey Street, in his forty-sixth year.

EGID VOGEL, a shoe merchant for many years in this city, died yesterday at his home in Bayonne, N. J., in his fifty-eighth year.

SEAMANS ESTATE $467,520.

Typewriter Maker's Bequests Scaled After Appraisal.

Through the appraisal of his estate filed yesterday with the Brooklyn Surrogate, it was learned that Clarence W. Seamans of the Remington Typewriter Company, Illion, N. Y., who died on May 30, 1915, left $903,412.45 gross, and debts of $435,892.16, a net estate of $467,520.29.

The bequests to his widow, Mrs. Ida Gertrude Seamans, who takes the home of the decedent at 789 St. Mark's Avenue, valued at $150,000, include a life interest in $65,000, and personalty of $18,446.50. After the appraisal had shown that payment in full to the widow would prevent payments of $30,000 each to Mabel G. L. Seamans and Dorothy Seamans, daughters, their portions were cut to $28,707 apiece. A life interest in $82,560 willed to each of them was allowed to stand.

Similarly a bequest of $35,000 to the decedent's sister, Cornelia Seamans of Illion, was scaled down to $20,065, while a brother, Francis Marion Seamans, gets $28,707, instead of $50,000.

The estate's realty holdings amount to $280,250 and include a $50,000 farm at Glen Cove, L. I. Mr. Seamans's holdings in the Remington Company were appraised at $309,620.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BATTLEBAUM.—Jan. 6, 454 Fort Washington Av., to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Battlebaum, a baby girl.

Engaged.

McQUILLEN.—Mrs. Robert C. McQuillen of 110 Newbury St., Boston, announces the engagement of her daughter to Mr. Edward Luis Martinez, son of Mrs. Miguel Ramon Martinez of this city.

FLEGG—REDDING.—Theresa A. Redding to Harold G. Flegg.

Married.

ARONS—SALOMON.—Mr. Samuel Lederman announces the marriage of his daughter, Jeannette L. Salomon, to Mr. Abraham H. Arons by Rabbi Nathan Krass, Monday, Jan. 8, noon, at Hotel Touraine, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM—PHILIP.—Thursday, Jan. 4, 1917, at Westfield, N. J., by the Rev. James A. Smith, rector of St. Paul's Church, Majorie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Philip, to Mr. J. Herbert A. William, son of Mrs. David William of New York City.

Died.

ANDREWS.—On Jan. 7, 1917, at her late home, Inwood, L. I., Susan D., beloved wife of James J. Andrews, in her 77th year. Services from the Russell Sage Memorial Church, Far Rockaway, N. Y., Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 3 P. M.

ATKINSON.—Jan. 7, Janet Clark, widow of John F. Atkinson and aunt of Jeannette Way. Funeral services at her late residence, 140 West 62d St., on Tuesday afternoon, 1 o'clock. Interment Greenwood.

AUERHAHN.—Jan. 8, Jeannette, widow of the late Michael and devoted mother of Theodore, Norman, Robert, Flora Wolf, and Selina Bartelstone. Funeral from the late residence, 118 Antony Av., Bronx, Wednesday, Jan. 10, 1:30 P. M.

BEINERT.—On Jan. 7, 1917, Charlotte Beinert, (nee Mathes,) widow of William C. Beinert, in her 68th year. Funeral services 8:30 P. M., Tuesday, Jan. 9, 1917, at her late residence, 663 53d St., Brooklyn. Interment Wednesday.

BENNETT.—Charles Waterbury, on Jan. 8, 1917, after a short illness, in his 65th year. Services from his late residence, 616 West 179th St., on Wednesday, Jan. 10, 3 P. M. Burial at Barnegat, N. J. Jersey City papers please copy.

CAMPBELL.—On Jan. 7, Isabell Campbell, in her 91st year. Funeral services from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. G. W. Harper, 54 W. 96th St., on Tuesday evening, Jan. 9, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

CARDEZA.—On Jan. 5, Louis G. M. Cardeza, aged 39 years, of Kew Gardens, L. I., New York, beloved husband of Ethel G. Cardeza. Funeral services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th and 67th Sts., Campbell Building, on Tuesday morning, 10 o'clock. Interment Woodland Cemetery, Philadelphia, on Tuesday, 2:30 o'clock. Members of Company L, 7th Regiment, and friends invited to attend.

CARDEZA.—Members of Company L, 7th N. Y. Inf. are requested to attend the funeral of Mess Sergeant Louis G. M. Cardeza at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., on Tuesday, Jan. 9, at 10:30 A. M.

FANCHER NICOLL, Captain.

COLE.—On Monday, Jan. 8, 1917, Percy A. Cole, beloved husband of Emma Cole, (nee Taylor.) Funeral from his late residence, 227 West 135th St., to St. Alban's Church, 163d St. and Summit Av. Requiem mass at 10 A. M.

COMBS.—On Saturday, Jan. 6, 1917, Mrs. A. H. Combs. Funeral private.

CRANMER.—Jan. 8, Mary Rose, wife of Dr. Charles Cranmer and mother of Mrs. A. C. French, Los Angeles, Cal., and Minnie Ford Cranmer, New York. Funeral services at her late residence, 2,653 East 18th St., Sheepshead Bay, Wednesday morning at 10:30.

CRUIKSHANK.—Entered into rest, at Turin, N. Y., Jan. 5, 1917, James Cruikshank, LL. D., of 206 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CRUSE.—Mrs. Florence S., daughter of the late Thomas Warhurst, on Jan. 8, at St. Luke's Hospital. Funeral services at Zion Church, Wappinger Falls, on Thursday morning.

DAVIES.—On Monday, Jan. 8, 1917, Mary Belden Davies, at her residence, 218 St. James Place, Brooklyn. Funeral services and interment at Newburgh, N. Y.

DRISCOLL.—Monday, Jan. 8, 1917, George B. Driscoll. Funeral from his late residence, 200 West 81st St., Wednesday, Jan. 10, 1917. Funeral private.

FIGGE.—On Sunday, Jan. 7, 1917, Louis Figge, aged 59 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 305 East 52d St., on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Funeral Wednesday, Jan. 10, 1917, at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

FINK.—On Jan. 7, Elizabeth Celeste, widow of William Fink. Funeral from her late residence, 85 7th Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem at St. Augustine's Church. Interment private.

FOOTE.—On Jan. 7, 1917, at the home of his son, Arthur Foote of Englewood, N. J., after a brief illness, Sherman F. Foote, in the 76th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 19 Howe St., New Haven, Conn., Tuesday, Jan. 9, at 3 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

HAHNESAND.—On Monday, Jan. 8, 1917, Joseph Hahnesand, beloved brother of Mrs. Frances Mayer. Funeral from his late residence, 190 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 2 P. M. Interment Machpelah Cemetery, Cypress Hills.

HALL.—At Roosevelt Hospital, Jan. 8, Irene C., beloved wife of Charles F. Hall. Funeral service at her late residence, 87 Euclid Av., Hackensack, N. J., Wednesday, Jan. 10, 8:30 P. M. Train leaves Erie Depot, Jersey City, 7:45, via N. J. and N. Y. Carriages will meet train at Anderson Street Station.

HAMILTON.—John Stowe, suddenly, on Saturday evening, Jan. 6, 1917, in the bloom of youth, at the age of 18 years. Funeral services from the home of his parents, 96½ Hicks St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, 2 o'clock.

HARRIS.—Samuel H., beloved son of Morris Harris and brother of Mrs. A. Bennett, Bella, and Annie Harris, Monday, Jan. 8. Funeral Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 2 P. M., 412 West 129th St.

HOOKER.—Harry Chester, age 47, at 400 Convent Av., Jan. 7, 1917, husband of Christena Halstead Shipman. Funeral services at Reformed Church of Harlem, Lenox Av. and 123d St., Tuesday, 4 P. M.

JACKSON.—On Jan. 8, Eva Newland Jackson, daughter of the late Susan Newland. Funeral service at her late residence, 417 Riverside Drive, Jan. 9, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment private.

KAISER.—At St. Luke's Hospital, Jan. 8, Frederick Henry Kaiser. Funeral Tuesday, from St. Luke's Hospital then to Church of Notre Dame, Morningside Drive and 114th St., at 9 A. M., where a requiem mass will be said for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary.

KASTOR.—Sara, on Jan. 6, at Cologne, Germany, in her eighty-fourth year, beloved mother of Nathan, Adolph, Sigmund, August, Frieda, and Babette Hertz

ALL securities listed on the New York Stock Exchange bought and sold for cash or on a conservative marginal basis.

Harvey Fisk & Sons
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.
Uptown Office
15 East 45th St.
Main Office 62 Cedar St.

Died.

KATZENSTEIN.—Paubchen, passed away at the home of her daughter, Sarah Schloss, 214 Audubon Av., in her 83d year. Interment at Mount Hope Cemetery, Long Island, on Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 10:30 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

KEAN.—On Jan. 6th at the rectory, 207 West 96th St., Right Rev. Monsignor John J. Kean, rector of the Church of the Holy Name of Jesus, 96th St. and Amsterdam Av. Solemn requiem mass on Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 10:30 o'clock. Divine office at 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

KRAUSHAAR.—Suddenly, on Jan. 6, Charles W., beloved son of Ellen and the late J. C. Kraushaar, in his 63d year. Funeral from 260 West 76th St. on Tuesday, Jan. 9, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at the Church of the Holy Trinity, West 32d St., near Broadway, on Tuesday, Jan. 9, at 10 A. M.

LANDSMAN.—Suddenly, on Jan. 7, 1917, Julia, (nee Meyer,) beloved wife of Bernard Landsman. Funeral Tuesday, Jan. 9, at 1:30 P. M. from her late residence, 656 Crotona Park South, Bronx. Interment Union Field Cemetery.

LEONARD.—At his residence, Cos Cob, Conn., on Sunday, Jan. 7, 1917, Joseph Cooper, son of the late Elizabeth Cooper and Alexander S. Leonard, D. D., in the 77th year of his age. Funeral at Christ Church, Greenwich, Conn., on Wednesday, Jan. 10, 11 A. M. Chicago and Providence (R. I.) papers please copy.

LEWIS.—Rose (nee Baumgarten,) wife of the late Hill C. Lewis, in her 63d year, at her residence, 961 St. Nicholas Av., on Jan. 7, 1917. Funeral from her late residence Tuesday, Jan. 9, at 1:30 P. M. Newark papers please copy.

LOEB.—Henrietta F. Loeb, at Philadelphia, Jan. 7, 1917, mother of Mrs. Herman A. Loeb, Mrs. Benedict Gimbel, Horace Loeb, and Jacob F. Loeb. Funeral services at her late residence, 914 North Broad St., Philadelphia, Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 10 A. M.

McELROY.—Suddenly, at Atlantic City, N. J., on Jan. 8, 1917, Mary Arthur, widow of the late John E. McElroy. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her son, Charles E. McElroy, 2 Elk St., Albany, N. Y., on Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 2 o'clock P. M.

MacKRELL.—On Sunday, Jan. 7, 1917, at her residence, 259 Garfield Place, Clara Williamson, wife of George J. MacKrell and daughter of the late Steven H. and Elizabeth Williamson. Funeral services Wednesday at 8 P. M. Interment private.

MITCHELL.—On Monday, Jan. 8, Clara De Moyne, widow of Samuel A. Mitchell, in the 82d year of her age. Funeral service at St. Matthew's Church, 28 West 84th St., on Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 2 P. M. Philadelphia papers please copy.

MONTENECOURT.—On Jan. 7, 1917, Antoine A. Montenecourt, in his 76th year. Services at the residence of his son, Edward Montenecourt, 22 Central Av., Cranford, N. J., Tuesday, Jan. 9, at 8:15 P. M. Interment private.

MORRISON.—In Peterboro, N. H., Jan. 7, Mary Morison, aged 65, daughter of the late Rev. John H. Morison, D. D., of Milton, Mass.

MORRISON.—On Jan. 8, 1917, John Morrison, in his 72d year, at his late residence, 73 3d St., Long Island City, N. Y. Funeral services at above address on Thursday at 1:30 P. M. Interment Maple Grove. Masonic services on Wednesday at 8 P. M.

MUNRO.—On Sunday, Jan. 7, 1917, George Munro, at his residence, 466 West 151st St., in his 90th year. Funeral services at the North Presbyterian Church, 525 West 155th St., Jan. 10, at 1:30 P. M.

NELSON.—On Jan. 7, after a long life of beautiful usefulness, Isabella, widow of Nathaniel Nelson, in the 94th year of her age, entered into rest. Funeral from her late residence, 167 West 92d St., Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn.

NEWLAND.—On Jan. 7, Susan Newland, mother of Eva Newland Jackson. Funeral services at her late residence, 417 Riverside Drive, on Tuesday, January 9, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment private.

O'SULLIVAN.—On Jan. 8, 1917, Harry D. O'Sullivan, suddenly, at his residence, 38 Cedar Av., Rockville Centre, L. I. Funeral on Wednesday, 10 A. M. Mass of requiem St. Agnes's Church, Rockville Centre, L. I. Interment Westbury, L. I.

PARKHURST.—Janet Lee, on Monday, Jan. 8, at her home, 132 Clifton Place, Brooklyn, wife of the late John Patrick. Funeral services at the residence of her son, John Patrick, 1st Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, Wednesday evening, Jan. 10, at 8 o'clock.

PERRINE.—At Jamesburg, N. J., Jan. 8, 1917, Harriette C., wife of Thomas E. Perrine, aged 69 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the Presbyterian Church, Jamesburg, N. J., on Thursday afternoon, Jan. 11, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Jamesburg, N. J.

RICHARDSON.—Jan. 7, of pneumonia, John Hall Timperly Richardson. Services, Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Wednesday, 12:30. Manchester and Birmingham (England) papers please copy.

RIGGS.—After a short illness, on Jan. 7, 1917, Harold Churchill Riggs, aged 46 years, eldest son of Henry B. and the late Frances Churchill Riggs. Interment private.

ROE.—On Monday, Jan. 8, at his home, Hillburn, N. Y., W. Stuart Roe, aged 48 years. Funeral services will be held at his late residence on Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 8 P. M. Interment Thursday, 12 o'clock, at Goshen, N. Y.

SAMUELS.—On Jan. 8, 1917, in his 79th year, Marx, husband of the late Dora Segall Samuels, father of Mrs. D. N. Zeman and Mrs. Samuel J. Katz, Maurice, Flora, Sydney, and Stella. Funeral service from his late residence, 249 West 107th St., New York, on Wednesday, at 10:30 A. M. Relatives and friends and members of Samuel Lodge, No. 68, I. O. B. B., and Gnesener Benevolent Society are invited to attend. Fort Jervis, N. Y., papers please copy.

SCHUMACHER.—On Saturday, Jan. 6, 1917, at Tupper Lake, N. Y., Rosalie Schumacher. Funeral services at All Saints' Church, at Millington, N. J., on Tuesday, 1:27 P. M., on arrival of train leaving Hoboken, N. J., at 12:15.

SCOTT.—On Jan. 7, 1917, of pneumonia, at her residence, 9 East 9th St., Mary Channing, wife of Donald Scott. Funeral from her late residence on Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 1 P. M.

SHAFFNER.—On Saturday, Jan. 6, 1917, William Marshall Shaffner, beloved husband of Anna J. Graham, at his home, Daytona Beach, Fla. Interment at St. Louis, Mo.

SMITH.—Suddenly, on Monday, Jan. 8, 1917, Frederick Hoffman Smith, third husband of Mary Hall Smith. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SYPHER.—On Sunday, Jan. 7, 1917, Elizabeth Cynthia, widow of Obediah Lum Sypher and daughter of the late William and Elizabeth Carpenter Thayer. Services at the residence of her son-in-law, Charles Capron Marsh, 63 East Park St., East Orange, N. J., Tuesday, Jan. 9, at 2:30 P. M. Automobiles at Brick Church Station on arrival of train leaving Hoboken at 1:48 P. M., D., L. & W. Interment at Newburg, N. Y., Wednesday, at 12 o'clock.

TAYLOR.—Suddenly, on Monday, Jan. 8, 1917, at his residence, Pamona, N. Y., William C. Taylor, M. D., husband of Ella Lyman Taylor. Notice of funeral hereafter.

THOMPSON.—On Jan. 8, 1917, David Fulton Thompson of 314 West 94th St., member of the cotton goods firm of Thompson, Son & Co., 236 Church St., New York.

TROY.—On Monday evening, Jan. 8, at his residence, 26 8th Av., Brooklyn, James Troy, in his 82d year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

VERLAGUET.—Mme. E., beloved mother of Miss Marie Verlaguet, on Jan. 7, 1917. Funeral from St. Joseph's Hospital, Broadway, Yonkers, Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 10 A. M.

WADE.—At Newark, N. J., on Sunday, Jan. 7, 1917, Clifford Elsworth, husband of Mary Hamilton Wade, in his 42d year. Funeral service will be held at his late home, 20 Vanderpool St. on Wednesday, Jan. 10, at 2 P. M.

WARNER.—Members of the Catholic Club of the City of New York are requested to attend the funeral services of Charles T. Warner at the Church of the Holy Trinity, West 82d St., between Broadway and Amsterdam Av., Tuesday morning, Jan. 9, at 11 o'clock.

EDWARD K. HANLON, Secretary.
PERCY J. KING, President.

WATSON.—Jan. 7, 1917, Mary A., mother of Dr. Henry B. Watson. Services Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Thursday evening, 8 o'clock.

WATT.—Jan. 7, 1917, Agnes T., Watt, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Peters of 86 Wickes Av., Yonkers. Solemn requiem mass Wednesday, at 11 o'clock, at the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, West 142d St., near Amsterdam Av., Rochester (N. Y.) papers please copy.

WELLS.—In Troy, N. Y., Jan. 6, 1917, Hester Elizabeth Judson, widow of George A. Wells. Funeral services at the residence, 171 2d St., Troy, Tuesday, Jan. 9,

'THE LODGER' PROVES HIGHLY AMUSING

Beryl Mercer Makes Off with the Honors of a New English Comedy.

ONE OF ANNESLEY VACHELL'S

With Lionel Atwill Hammering in an Insufficient Imitation of Henry Ainley.

THE LODGER.—A comedy in three acts, by Horace Annesley Vachell, from the novel of the same name by Mrs. Belloc Lowndes. At the Maxine Elliott Theatre.

Mrs. Bunting.....Beryl Mercer
Mr. Bunting.....Harry Ashford
Irene Harding.....Phyllis Relph
Tom Bunting.....Harold Becker
The Lodger.....Lionel Atwill
Prentiss.....Frederick Annerley
Inspector Stone.....Frank Howson
Policemen..Morgan Kelly and Charles Phillips

Most of the English plays brought here this season have been ghastly failures, but the one presented unostentatiously at the Maxine Elliott Theatre last evening came honestly by the plentiful laughter of genuine amusement which greeted it. This is "The Lodger," a pleasant, somewhat repetitious, but quite diverting comedy by that busy playwright, Horace Annesley Vachell. Under the name of "Who Is He?" and enriched by the presumably skillful performance of Henry Ainley, it ran its brief course at the Haymarket in London a season or so ago. Mr. Ainley, unfortunately, is not in the present company, which includes, however, a capital actress named Beryl Mercer, who calmly made off with all the honors of the first night.

"The Lodger," w hich, as the theatre-folk say, came into New York "on rubbers," is a dramatization of a novel of the same name by Mrs. Belloc Lowndes. It concerns the distracting adventures of an agreeable young eccentric, Lord Twyford of Twyford, who, plunged into morose melancholy when the lady of his heart jilts him, drops out of sight and takes up lodgings under an assumed name in a shabby lodging house. There his discarded heart is picked up by a pretty girl in hard luck, but their romance develops under the oppressive difficulties caused by the fact that his landlady and her stepson suspect the mysterious lodger of being The Avenger, a sensational murderer very much at large just then in 'orrified Bloomsbury.

All this is entertainingly unfolded and well enough played, except by one Lionel Atwill and one Phyllis Relph, who, for reasons not yet apparent, are presented on the programs as stars. Of these two inconspicuous players, Miss Relph is a youthful Lillah McCarthy and Mr. Atwill, in this rôle, at least, is an insufficient imitation of Henry Ainley, one of several brilliant English actors who, by keeping close to the Strand, prevent their country from being as ably represented here as it might be. Mr. Atwill is pleasant in person and possesses a fine, dynamic vitality, but he drives in his every point as if he were bound that no defective in the last row of the gallery should miss one of them. It is acting of the hammer-and-tongs school, which raises havoc with a play of such slight stuff as "The Lodger."

Mr. Atwill took last evening the curtain calls evidently intended by the audience for Miss Mercer, who has always amused New York playgoers, and who is enormously laughable as the tender-hearted but suspicious landlady. Harry Ashford and Harold Becker also help along the humors of a comedy which puts to blush most of the pieces England has sent us since the war began.

WISE AGAIN AS FALSTAFF.

He Returns In "The Merry Wives of Windsor" at the Park.

Thomas A. Wise returned to the local stage as the fat knight of Shakespeare's comedy, "The Merry Wives of Windsor," last night at the Park Theatre. It was at the Criterion last Spring that the chance of impersonating Sir John Falstaff, a character he had longed to play for many years, came to Mr. Wise, an opportunity brought about by the illness of James K. Hackett on the eve of his revival of the comedy.

Too few theatregoers saw how completely Mr. Wise realized his great expectation, since the engagement was a brief one. His impersonation of Falstaff is a fine bit of character delineation—a portrait worthy of a place in the actors' hall of fame of this or any other generation. Silvio Hein, who is responsible for the present revival, has surrounded the star with a splendid cast. Constance Collier plays the rôle of Mistress Ford, a part in which she was seen to advantage in Sir Herbert Tree's revival at the New Amsterdam last Spring, and Isobel Irving is the Mistress Page. Auriol Lee is the Mistress Quickly, W. Lawson Butt the Mr. Ford, and Gordon Burby the Mr. Page. Then there are Vera Fuller Mellish, Fuller Mellish, Robert Mantell, Jr., David Lindsay, Robert Craig, and Marcel Rousseau in other rôles.

The beautiful settings Josef Urban provided for Mr. Hackett's production have given way to a more conventional mis-en-scene from the studios of Joseph Physioo.

'The Master' Moves to the Bandbox.

Arnold Daly transferred "The Master" from the stage of the Fulton to that of the Bandbox last night to see whether the drama, which is an adaptation of the German original of Hermann Bahr and is essentially Teutonic in spirit in spite of the veneer of an American locale, might not thrive better in a theatre more closely identified with the German drama and in a neighborhood having a strong German strain. Mr. Daly has kept the original company practically intact for his experiment.

PIANOLA RECITAL
Today at three o'clock
Aeolian Concert Hall
The following Artists will appear:
ALICE SMITH GODILLOT
Soprano
DION W. KENNEDY
At the Organ
GERARD CHATFIELD
Pianolist
The Aeolian Company
29 West 42nd Street
Admission without charge

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR BEGINNERS.
SKATES TO HIRE
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CORT West 48th St. Evenings 8:20. Mats. To-Mo'w.(Pop.) & Sat. at 2:20. Oliver Morosco's Great Laughing Success
Upstairs and Down
STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Mat. TODAY, 25c and 50c. JULIAN ELTINGE in "COUSIN LUCY."
Punch & Judy THEATRE, 49th, nr. B'way. Charles Hopkins Mrs. Hopkins
LAST 5 DAYS.
Treasure Island
LAST NIGHT (SAT., JAN. 13.) 307 PERF. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Fri. & Sat. 2:30. $1, $1.50, $2. $2.50.
LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 15, 25c
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. NORMA TALMADGE in "PANTHEA."
Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'way Every Ev. at 8:15 All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50.
L. WOLFE GILBERT, Pernikoff, Rose & Imperial Ballet, Barry & McCormack & Co., and others.
Bramhall Playhouse Cor. 27 St. & Lex. Ave.
"The House of Truth."
"Keeping Up Appearances" Evenings 8:20 Mat. Sat. 2:20
"BEST PLAY AND PRODUCTION I HAVE SEEN IN A THEATRE IN AMERICA."
—EMANUEL REICHER.
Miss Mannheimer
WALDORF, Friday, Jan. 12, 11 A.M.
Goethe's FAUST Drama Reading
Part I. of Bayard Taylor's Translation.
Admission $2. Students $1.50. Tel. Columbus 9490.
LYRIC B'way & 42nd Mat. Today 2:30 25c to $1.00 TONIGHT AT 8:30
William Fox Presents "A DAUGHTER OF THE GODS" WITH ANNETTE KELLERMANN
AEOLIAN HALL, Mon. Aft., Jan. 15 at 3
PIANO RECITAL (Steinway Piano)
Oliver Denton
Tickets 50 cts. to $2. Mgmt. Haensel & Jones.
Aeolian Hall, Tues. Aft., Jan. 16, at 3. 2nd Recital—Danish 'Cellist Composer
SANDBY
81 st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. 8980 Schuyler
CHAS. RAY In "THE WEAKER SEX"
Keystone Com. Splendid VAUDEVILLE Mat. Today 10-15c; Evs. 15-25-50c.
ICELAND ICE SKATING
Sessions 10:00-2:30-8:30, Except Sunday Morn. & Monday Aft. Instruction. Music, Luncheon and Supper. BROADWAY AT 52D ST.
RIVERSIDE B. F. Keith's B'way, 96 St. DAILY MATS. 1000 Seats 25c. 500 Seats at 15c. NIGHTS, 500 Seats at 50c. 500 Seats at 25c.
ALL STAR BILLS booked direct from PALACE
PALACE B. F. KEITH'S B'WAY & 47 ST. Louis Mann, "Chic" Sale, Anna Wheaton & Harry Carroll, Claire Rochester, Mme. Doree's Celebrities and Bessie Clayton. Daily Mat. 25c-$1.
STRAND B'way & 47th St. NOON to 11:30 MARY PICKFORD "Pride of the Clan." Victor Moore (Comedy)
GERMANY & ITS ARMIES OF TODAY.
RIALTO NORMA TALMADGE in "Panthea." Soloists & INCOMPARABLE RIALTO ORCHESTRA 15-25-50c.
IRVING PLACE Irving Place and 15th Street
Tonight 8:15, "MAMSELLE NITOUCHE" Wed., 1st time, "Die Wildente," by Ibsen
COLUMBIA Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15, B'way & 47th Pop. Prices. BILLY WATSON and His BEEF TRUST

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NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, WEST 42D ST.
MATINEES TOMORROW & SAT., 2:15
131ST TO 137TH TIME
THE GREATEST MUSICAL COMEDY IN NEW YORK!
Klaw & Erlanger's Supreme Success
MISS SPRINGTIME
Music by KALMAN. Book by BOLTON. AFTER THE PLAY VISIT ZIEGFELD ATOP THIS THEATRE
MIDNIGHT FROLIC
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Tomorrow & Sat. at 2:30.
MAUDE ADAMS | A KISS FOR CINDERELLA
J. M. BARRIE'S GREATEST TRIUMPH.
HUDSON West 44th Street. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tom'w. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
KLAW AND ERLANGER Present
ELSIE FERGUSON in Hulbert Footner's Comedy SHIRLEY KAYE
GEO. COHAN'S THEATRE. B'way, 43d St. Tel. 382 Bryant. Evs. 8:15.
MATINEES TOMORROW & SAT. 2:20.
Ruth Chatterton and Company, incl. BRUCE McRAE, in
COME OUT OF THE KITCHEN
"One of the most delightful evenings of the year."—Sun.
LYCEUM THEATRE. W. 45th St. n'r B'way. NIGHTS 8:25. MATS. 2:30.
MATINEES THURSDAY & SAT. 2:30.
MARIE TEMPEST, LAURA HOPE CREWS, NORMA MITCHELL, HENRY KOLKER, W. GRAHAM BROWNE, EUGENE O'BRIEN
HER HUSBAND'S WIFE
CENTURY B'WAY, 62 ST. & CENTRAL PARK W.
POPULAR PRICE MAT. TOMORROW.
DILLINGHAM-ZIEGFELD
THE CENTURY GIRL
NIGHTS 8:20 MATINEES WED. & SAT. 2:15
CENTURY THEATRE.....SPECIAL
TONIGHT AT 8:20
Gala Benefit P'f'm'nce For Men Blinded in Battle ..THE.. CENTURY GIRL
Together with
SPECIAL NOVEL FEATURES, incl. Mme. Gilda Darthy of Theatre Francais, Mme. Povia Frijsh, with Orchestra.
AND A HOST OF SURPRISES.
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HEDDON AND HUSTON, PROMINENT BILLIARDISTS, CHARGED WITH PROFESSIONALISM

TWO BILLIARDISTS FACE PRO CHARGES

Charles Heddon and Corwin Huston Accused Before National Amateur Body.

At the annual meeting of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players held last night at the Amateur Billiard Club, charges of professionalism were made against Corwin Huston of Detroit and Charles Heddon of Dowagiac, Mich., two of the most proffcient balkline experts in the Middle West. Both have several times been contenders for the national Class A championship, Heddon being a contestant a year ago. Huston made his last appearance two years ago at the tournament in Philadelphia.

Whether the charges will be substantiated or not remains with the Executive Committee of the association. The delegates last night voted to leave the decision to that body. It is alleged that Heddon and Huston are financially interested in the Sweeney-Huston billiard room in Chicago.

Under the amateur rule of the billiard association the charge that the two men are interested in the room is sufficient evidence to cause an investigation. On the other hand it is not absolutely binding that the men be declared professionals even though their connection with the room is proved. That is a discretionary power lodged in the Executive Committee in this case. It was said last night that in several letters sent by Heddon to members of the Executive Committee there was sufficient evidence by his own admissions to cause a charge of professionalism. A recent letter from Heddon, who had learned of the probability of a charge being made against him, asked that he be allowed the privilege of resigning from the association if it was felt that he had transgressed the laws of the governing body.

Heddon was in the East a short time ago, and arrangements were made to have him meet the Executive Committee of the billiard association at a dinner, so that there might be a discussion of his case. He telegraphed at the last moment, saying that he would not be present, but that he would be in the city the following day. It was possible then for only J. Ferdinand Poggenburg to meet him, and, as Mr. Poggenburg died before he had an opportunity to put his report in writing, the billiard association has no record of the proceeding.

Huston, it is said, has once before been under the ban, being what is known as a reinstatement player. While he was studying at the University of Michigan he worked at his brother's billiard room, and he was barred from the amateur ranks. At the solicitation of Heddon he was reinstated. The clause of the amateur rule which particularly refers to the cases of the two men read:

"Financial interest in billiard rooms, hotels, or clubs shall not constitute per se professionalism, but such interest may be considered as competent evidence bearing on a man's amateur standing.

"This definition shall be interpreted to exclude from the competitions under the jurisdiction of this association, room keepers or room employes."

Heddon & Huston are presumed to be back of the movement to launch an amateur billiard association which shall rival the control of the N. A. A. B. P. The action last night is taken to be the answer of the Eastern men.

On the other hand, one action taken last night tended to indicate that a compromise might be made. A committee was appointed to go over the constitution, by-laws, and rules of the association and make such changes as were desirable. Several have been proposed by Heddon, and these may be incorporated, particularly those for a championship 3-cushion shorter games in Class A, and another permitting amateurs to play with professionals even where gate receipts are charged.

George T. Moon, Jr., was elected President of the association to succeed Louis Reusche, who declined re-election. However, he accepted the position of Vice President. Walter C. Douglas was re-elected Secretary, and G. O. Rudolphy remains as Treasurer. The new Executive Committee is composed of Wm. H. Airy, James Pryor Allen, Francis S. Appleby, Louis A. Servatius, and Robert Weld.

PENN CREWS CALLED OUT.

Coach Wright Issues Order to Oarsmen to Report Today.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Jan. 8.—All belief among undergraduates at the University of Pennsylvania that Joe Wright would be unable to coach the Red and Blue crews this season vanished this afternoon when the Canadian rowing mentor appeared in the Athletic Association quarters and issued a call for crew candidates to report in Weightman Hall tomorrow.

Coach Wright arrived in town at noon and immediately began active preparations to drill the oarsmen. Since last Autumn there has been some question whether Wright would be at Penn this Winter and Spring, because he is in the Government service in Canada, and it was feared he would not succeed in obtaining a furlough.

In letters to the athletic authorities at Penn Wright said he would do all in his power to coach the crews this season. His appearance today, therefore, brought joy to rowing enthusiasts at Penn. Beginning tomorrow, the candidates will practice on the machines daily until weather permits rowing on the Schuylkill.

Candidates for the track team have also been called out by Coach Lawton Robertson. As a majority of last year's star trackmen have been lost to the Red and Blue by graduation, Coach Robertson will have a difficult time in rounding out a 'Varsity team. He has, however, the best material for the freshman team that has reported in years.

STUYVESANT WINS IN POOL.

Garrigus Lowers Interscholastic 50-Yard Swimming Record.

The Stuyvesant High School swimming team added another victory to its long list yesterday in defeating the New Utrecht High School team at the Sixtieth Street baths by a score of 47 to 19. Stuyvesant took first place in all six events. Paul Garrigus again won the 50-yard swim in record time. Three watches were held on him, and the slowest recorded 0:26 4-5, which betters the interscholastic record. This mark will not stand, however, as it must be made in championship competition.

Garrigus also won the 220-yard swim. Kun of Stuyvesant won the fancy diving contest with 33 points, with McKee of New Utrecht second with 31.5. Spickel of Stuyvesant was first in the plunge for distance, with a plunge of sixty feet. De Brull of Stuyvesant won the 100-yard swim.

St. Ann's Quintet is Victor.

The St. Ann's Academy basket ball quintet defeated the Manhattan Prep. School five by a score of 25 to 15 yesterday afternoon on the courts of De La Salle Institute. The feature of the game was the accurate passing and clever floorwork of the winners.

SALM WINS AT PINEHURST.

Rapid Progress Made on First Day of Midwinter Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 8.—Although thirty-one players took part in the opening rounds of the annual midwinter tennis tournament at Pinehurst today, the first two rounds in the men's singles were disposed of and the women's singles were brought down to the semi-finals. The luck of the draw scattered the leaders among the men players in different frames, and consequently today's matches aroused relatively little interest.

Count Otto Salm of the West Side Tennis Club, winner of the Maine championship at Bar Harbor, was pitted against Harlow Pearson, who is still very young for tournament tennis, and won by a margin of seven games without exerting himself. Count Salm is not expected to have much trouble with Frank C. Lewis of the Norfolk Country Club, whom he meets tomorrow, although Lewis defeated J. H. Chandler of the New Casino Club today by 6—1, 6—2. Count Salm is expected to come through to the final.

J. D. E. Jones of the Agawam Hunt, Providence, several times Rhode Island champion, also had an easy time so far, and is saving himself for the later contests. Jones has two legs on the Midwinter Cup, and came within an ace of securing permanent possession thereof last season when he won two successive sets against Harold Throckmorton, the interscholastic champion, in the final, only to lose in the end. It is taken for granted here that Jones will come through to the final, and Pinehurst is looking forward to an exciting contest between Jones and Count Salm as finalists.

In the women's singles, Miss Florence Ballin, champion of the West Side Club, defeated Miss Esther Tufts of Boston and Miss Erna Wood of Brooklyn in succession, the score being 6—1, 6—1 in each instance. She will meet Miss Dorothy Brown of Montclair in the semi-finals. The other semi-finalists are Mrs. P. N. Davidson of Washington and Miss E. M. Cohen of Philadelphia.

GRADS OUTCLASS STUDENTS

Yale Club Squash Men Defeat Undergraduates in Straight Sets.

The Yale University squash tennis players were turned back to New Haven yesterday without having won a game in the match against the Yale Club, of this city, in a contest on the latter's courts. Six contests were played and in all except one of them the Yale Club men were the victors in straight games. The extra game contest was that in which R. Abbott of the Yale Club defeated T. Coward of the undergraduate team. Coward was easily outplayed in the first set, but in the second showed unexpected strength and arrested the honors from his older rival at 15—10. The third game also was a hard fought contest, but in this Abbott asserted his superiority, at 15—12.

The summaries:

H. W. Carhart, Yale Club, defeated W. Wright, Yale University, 15—2, 18—15; Dr. C. J. Maguire, Yale Club, defeated H. Carter, Yale University, 15—6, 18—15; O. Guernsey, Yale Club, defeated S. S. Walker, Yale University, 15—10, 15—12; E. R. Hudson, Yale Club, defeated W. Adams, Yale University, 15—9, 15—10; S. Wainwright, Yale Club, defeated S. Guryee, Yale University, 15—9, 15—7; R. Abbott, Yale Club, defeated T. Coward, Yale University, 15—4, 10—15, 15—12.

KING SMITH ADVANCES.

Reaches Third Round in Seventh Regiment Tennis Tourney.

The Seventh Regiment Tennis Club has started its annual tournament, the Class A division of which will determine the champion of the year. The present holder of the title is King Smith. After drawing a first round bye he competed against J. L. Anderson in the second round and showed marked skill in banishing his rival by a score of 6—3, 7—5. Arthur S. Cragin, another of the prominent contenders, won a three set first round match from G. G. Grenz, with the score 6—3, 8—6, 6—4. He also came through the second round, but this advance was made by reason of the default of P. M. Hall.

The summaries:

Class A.—First Round—A. S. Cragin defeated G. G. Grenz, 6—3, 8—6, 6—4.
Second Round—King Smith defeated J. L. Anderson, 6—2, 7—5; A. S. Cragin won from P. M. Hall by default; C. H. Cragin defeated T. A. Bruno, 6—0, 6—1.
Class B.—First Round—H. J. Robinson, Jr., defeated L. S. Lestrade, 6—4, 6—3; H. L. Follett defeated B. R. Acker, 6—3, 6—3; C. Postley defeated T. A. Bruno, 6—4, 6—3.
Second Round—H. R. Houghton defeated J. L. Anderson, 7—5, 6—3.
Class C.—First Round—H. J. Robinson, Jr., defeated P. E. Langworthy, 6—3, 6—3; G. G. Rosell defeated L. Dorflinger, 6—0, 6—4.

FULTON VS. COWLER TONIGHT

Victory May Give Minnesotan a Chance to Box Jess Willard.

The first important boxing bout of the week will be staged at the Broadway Sporting Club of Brooklyn this evening, when Tom Cowler, the English heavyweight, and Fred Fulton of Rochester, Minn., meet for ten rounds. This contest has attracted considerable attention, and the outcome will be watched eagerly. Fulton's name has been mentioned frequently when talk of a match with Jess Willard has been revived, and upon the result of tonight's bout depends largely whether he is to receive favor consideration as a possible contender for Willard's crown. Cowler also has considerable at stake in tonight's affair, for he has been going along at a fairly successful pace of late, and seems to have developed some promise.

Yale Club Makes Squash Entries.

Announcement was made yesterday of the entrants from the Yale Club for the Class B national squash tennis championship which will start Saturday. Twelve men are entered for the event: Dr. C. J. Maguire, L. Bradford, H. V. Crawford, H. I. Stern, H. W. Carhart, O. Guernsey, D. C. Malcolm, L. Platt, A. Corey, J. Ford Johnson, J. G. Tomlinson, Jr., and S. Wainwright.

LOST
Advertisements on next to last page.—Advt.

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HOCKEY MEN CLAIM MISTAKEN IDENTITY

Wellington and Bawlf Aver Their Brothers Are Pros—Sequin and Whitten Cleared.

It will not be known until after 6 o'clock this evening whether or not the Irish-American A. C. in its opening game of the Amateur Hockey League season at St. Nicholas Rink tonight will be permitted to play two of its best players, Duke Wellington and Tom Bawlf, who, according to Secretary R. L. Von Bernuth, are protested on the grounds of non-residence and professionalism.

The Executive Committee of the league held an exhaustive secret meeting at the rink last night, and heard testimony for and against the four protested members of the Irish seven. Patsy Sequin, the centre, was charged with being a professional because, it was alleged, he was employed by the rink in the capacity of skate sharpener. It was shown to the satisfaction of the committee that the protest, as charged against the player by the Hockey Club, was groundless, and the charge was dismissed.

The same action was taken in the case of Ray Whitten, the Boston player, who is now a member of the Irish-American A. C. team. The allegations against Whitten were lodged by the Boston A. A., but as the charges were not specific enough in their nature they were dismissed.

Much testimony was heard in the case against Bawlf and Whitten. A telegram was received from Thomas Ross, manager of the Pittsburgh A. A. team, who stated that while they played for that organization both of these players were amateurs. H. P. Miller of the Duquesne Garden of Pittsburgh was also at the rink to testify in the players' favor, but the committee did not call upon him.

Secretary Von Bernuth said that the cases of Wellington and Bawlf were pending, as the committee was waiting for further evidence from Canada. It is charged that both of these men played hockey in Winnipeg and Port Arthur, and the committee has wired to ascertain if they belonged to amateur or professional teams. Both players maintain that they have brothers playing on Canadian professional teams and that the charges against them are the result of a mix-up in identity.

PRO-OUIMET TICKET NAMED.

Second List of Nominations Before Massachusetts G. C.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 8.—A pro-Ouimet ticket, admittedly pledged to bring about the reinstatement of the Woodland Golf Club's ineligibles, Francis Ouimet, Paul Tewksbury, and Jack Sullivan, has been filed in opposition to the regular list of nominations for officers and other members of the Executive Committee of the Massachusetts Golf Association, to be acted upon at the annual meeting of the association Jan. 17. It is understood that Webster Thayer of Worcester has been named for President, Ralph Alden of Springfield for Vice President, Walter Clark of Wollaston for Treasurer, and B. K. Stephenson of Winchester for Secretary, and that Henry H. Wilder of the Country Club and L. B. Paton of Homestead are two of those named for the Executive Committee.

The regular nominations, made some time ago by a committee composed of E. A. Wilkie, R. A. Hale, and F. F. Cutler, are:

President—Henry H. Wilder, the Country Club; Vice President—Paul R. Clay; Merrimack Valley Country Club; Treasurer—Joseph B. Russell, jr., Pedham Country and Polo Club; Secretary—B. K. Stephenson, Winchester Country Club; Executive Committee—Rodney W. Brown, Meadow Brook Golf Club; J. B. Chase, Woodland Golf Club; A. D. Locke, Brae-Burn Country Club; J. C. T. Baldwin, Chestnut Hill Golf Club, and S. K. Sterne, Worcester Country Club.

BROWN HOLDS ROBINSON.

Football Coach Signs Contract for Another Three Years.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 8.—Edward N. Robinson of Boston today renewed his contract with the Brown Athletic Association, and will continue to coach the brown football elevens for the next three years.

Robinson has been coaching at Brown since 1900, with the exception of two breaks of two years each. In 1902 and '03 he coached at Nebraska, and in 1908 and 1909 he coached the Tufts eleven. Previous to coming to Brown he coached at Exeter during the time that Tad Jones was a student at that school. Later he put in a year at the University of Maine, in charge of football and baseball.

Robinson was graduated from Brown in 1896, and during his college days won his letter in both baseball and football. He has been extremely successful with his Brown elevens, the climax coming this year, when he developed the best team that ever represented the Providence institution, a team that went to the last game before having its goal line crossed.

Losing only five men from his squad of sixty, the prospects for the coming year are the brightest in the history of football at Brown. Robinson is a lawyer, practicing in Boston. The assistant coach has not yet been chosen. Earl Sprackling, the all-American back, who has filled that position for the last three years, may not be able to accept again on account of business.

Abe Attell Takes the Count.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 8.—Phil Virgets of New Orleans knocked out Abe Ateell, one-time featherweight champion, in the fourth of a scheduled ten-round bout here tonight. Attell was unconscious for five minutes.

YALE DEFEATS ST. JOHN'S.

Rally at End Gives Victory to Eli Quintet, 35 to 25.

Yale University's basket ball team interrupted the home winning streak of the St. John's College of Brooklyn five last night, when the Eli representatives triumphed in the annual tilt between the institutions on the Brooklyn court by a score of 35 to 25, in a keenly contested game. A large crowd witnessed the contest, every available nook of the gymnasium holding its seated or standing basket ball enthusiasts. When the final whistle was blown, with the count posted on the walls of the gymnasium showing the New Haven five the victors with a ten-point advantage, there were mingled expressions of chagrin over the loss of the game and praise for the plucky fight the Brooklyn five had made to down their more prominent rivals.

Both teams showed interesting play, and there were many spectacular moments, but a final rally in the second half, when Yale managed to chalk up a lead of four points, which gradually grew to the ten-point mark shortly before the final whistle, gave the Eli five the honors of the game despite the gallant battle of the St. John's five. In the opening half the play was closest, the whistle finding both teams locked at 15 points. In the second half the Brooklyn team ran wild on even terms with the Yale players until the latter's spurt, which carried victory with it. The all-around playing of Mallon, Yale's left guard, stood out as the feature. He also aided materially in his team's score, caging five goals from the field. For St. John's College Nicklas played a good game, and scored four times from the floor.

The line-up and summary:

Yale, (35.)	Position.	St. John's (25.)
Kinney	R. F.	Murphy
Olson	L. F.	Mahony
Garfield	C.	Farrell
Taft	R. G.	Barry
Mallon	L. G.	Goette

Goals from the field—Kinney, 5; Olson, 2; Taft, 2; Mallon, 3; Mahony, 1; Farrell, 3; Goette, 1; Lizzoli, 1; Nicklas, 4. Goals from foul—Kinney, 7; Murphy, 2; Nicklas, 1. Substitutions: For St. John's College—Lizzoli for Murphy, Nicklas for Goette. Referee—Ed Thorp, De La Salle Institute. Umpire—Mr. Deering, Manhattan. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

OLSON TO QUIT DODGERS.

Shortstop Wants to Manage Coast Club—Other Baseball News.

Ivan Olson, the shortstop of the Brooklyn Club, will probably not be seen with the Dodgers during the coming season, as he is anxious to quit major league baseball and take the management of the Vernon Club of the Pacific Coast League. Manager Robinson is anxious to land a new shortstop, but he was going to hold Olson until he got a better player for the position. As Olson is so anxious to go to the Coast, however, Manager Robinson has decided not to stand in his way.

Offers have been asked on Olson's services, and if the clubs consent, the shortstop will take the Vernon job next season. President Charles H. Ebbets of the Dodgers will leave today for Hot Springs, Ark., to inspect the Brooklyn Club's training camp. The management will not close out contracts this week. The players whose contracts have run over for another season are Pitchers Coombs, Marquard, and Cheney, Daubert, Merkle, and Outfielder Jimmy Johnston. Manager Robinson will take thirty players on the training trip.

President David L. Fultz of the Players' Fraternity would make no comment yesterday on the signing of contracts by Slim Sallee and Bill Ritter of the Giants. Both players are enrolled in the organization, each member of which received notice from the Executive Board some time ago not to sign his contract until the demands of the minor league players had been granted. Mr. Fultz said that he would give out a statement just as soon as he was certain that both of the Giants' players had signed. There is no doubt about the players having signed, as their contracts were filed at National League headquarters here yesterday.

The National Commission handed down a decision yesterday in the case of the Muscatine, Iowa, Club of the Central Association in which it is held that the only test that should be applied in the engagement of a minor league player is his willingness to play for a salary within the prescribed limit of the club desiring his services. Any other restrictions imposed by minor league legislation is declared null and void and against the national agreement rights.

The Muscatine Club complained that the Central Association had thrown out some of its victories because the club had violated a league rule which prohibited the employment of more than five veteran players on a club. The commission ruled that the association had no right to impose such a rule.

MINORS FACE EXTINCTION.

Tearney Asks Heads of Baseball Leagues to Confer Tomorrow.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—A. R. Tearney, President of the Three I League, tonight invited President E. W. Dickerson of the Central League, F. C. Zehnpfund of the Western League, M. E. Justice of the Central Association, and James T. Hayes, owner of the Dapenport club of the Three I League, to meet in Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Jan. 10 for a conference regarding internal affairs within their organizations.

Mr. Tearney is convinced that some of the minor leagues in the Central West face a further financial loss and possibly extinction unless radical changes are made before the start of the 1917 season. He hopes to bring about a re-districting of territory in the four leagues. He contends that at least one, and possibly two, of the leagues will not be able to start the season unless changes are made. There is to be a meeting of the Central Association club owners in Cedar Rapids on the date of the proposed conference.

Moore Wins at Three Cushions.

George Moore, three-cushion billiard champion, who is playing a series of exhibition matches at Doyle's Billiard Academy, defeated Albert G. Cutler in the initial match last night by a score of 40 to 31 in sixty-one innings. Moore's best run was 6, while Cutler's best effort netted him 5. Moore will meet Richard Soudder in his second exhibition tonight.

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When ordering by mail give measurement two inches smaller than actual size of abdomen.

On Sale in Men's Furnishing Dept.

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FAVORITES IN VAN AT NEW ORLEANS

Kultur Carries Harry Payne Whitney's Colors to Victory in Opening Race.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 8.—Three favorites led their fields in the seventh day's racing of the New Orleans Winter meeting. Harry Payne Whitney's colors were carried to the front for the first time of the meeting when his splendid gelding Kultur won the opening race, which was a six-furlong dash for maiden three-year-olds. Langhorne repeated his performance of the other day, winning the third race in a walk.

The summary follows:

FIRST RACE.—For maiden three-year-olds, purse; six furlongs. Time—1:14 3-5.
Kultur, Harry Payne Whitney's br. g., 3 years, by Burgomaster-Whimsical, 118 pounds, 9 to 10, 1 to 3, and out, (F. Robinson) 1
Tioga, Thomas Clyde's b. g., 3 years, 116, 8 to 1, 6 to 2, and even, (L. McAtee) 2
Grundy, C. K. G. Billing's b. c., 3 years, 116, 3 to 1, 7 to 10, and 1 to 3, (C. Borel) .. 3
Baby Rasch, Sir Oliver, Walter Duncan, Miss Shot, Plunger, and Tasha also ran.
Class A and Velvet scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward, selling; six furlongs. Time—1:14.
Commensia, George Hartley's b. m., 5 years, 105 pounds, by The Commoner-Horientalis, 3 to 1, even, and 2 to 5, (Gourley) 1
Anxiety, F. W. Coleman's ch. g., 5 years, 115, 11 to 5, 4 to 5, and 1 to 3, (F. Robinson) 2
Thornwood, J. S. Seidenecke's br. g., 4 years, 117, 3 to 1, even, and 2 to 5, (Hanover) 3
Rio Brazos, Foeman, and Tactless also ran.
Myola and Shrapnel scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward, selling; six furlongs. Time—1:14 1-5.
Langhorne, W. Birnie's br. g., 5 years, 117 pounds, by Odd Fellow-Nun's Cloth, 9 to 10, 2 to 5, and out, (B. Koppelman) .. 1
Mikifula, S. M. Henderson's b. g., 4 years, 113, 10 to 1, 3 to 1, and 7 to 5, (J. Kederis) 2
Tribolo, L. J. Carey's b. g., 4 years, 117, 3 to 1, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5, (F. Louder) .. 3
Tantivy, John Douglas, Esther L., Colonel McNab, and Wrineck also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and up; selling; six furlongs. Time—1:13 4-5.
Recluse, Captain W. J. Press's b. c., 4 years, 116, by Von Tromp-Isolation, 7 to 2, even, and 2 to 5, (Jeffcott) 1
Brizz, J. F. Schorr's b. g., 4 years, 112, 7 to 5, 1 to 2, and 1 to 5, (Lyke) 2
Steiciff, W. C. Weant's b. g., aged, 115, 15 to 1, 6 to 1, and 5 to 1, (F. Robinson) .. 3
Captain Ben, Best Bib and Tucker, Thrill, Viley, and Irrawaddy also ran. Lady Mildred scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a furlong. Time—1:56 1-5.
Thanksgiving, S. Doyle's br. g., 4 years, 106, by Migrane-Busy Girl, 9 to 2, 7 to 5, and 1 to 2, (Gourley) 1
Yodeler, J. U. Strode's b. h., 5 years, 112, 3 to 1, even, and 2 to 5, (Crump) 2
Menlo Park, H. G. Bedell's ch. m., 5 years, 107, 3 to 1, even, and 2 to 5, (Lyke) 3
Kildare and 1020 also ran. Blue Baker also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:48 1-5.
Gibraltar, H. Neustetter's ch. f., 4 years, 102, by Stockton-Tocsin, 8 to 1, even, and 1 to 2, (Lyke) 1
Bay o' Light, Columbia Stable's ch. h., 5 years, 114, 8 to 1, 3 to 1, and 7 to 5, (Williams) 2
White Crown, Jefferson Livingstone's b. c., 3 years, 114, 3 to 1, even, and 1 to 2, F. Robinson) 3
Patty Reagan, Agon, Voluspa, and Disturber also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and up; selling; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50 1-5.
Savino, G. V. Barnes's b. c., 4 years, 112, by Voorhees-Corinna, 5 to 1, 7 to 5, and 7 to 10, (F. Robinson) 1
Orange, J. F. Jaffney's br. g., 6 years, 114, 3 to 1, 6 to 5, and 2 to 5, (Hanover) 2
Little Bigger, W. J. Johnson's b. g., 4 years, 102, 5 to 2, even, and 1 to 2, (Barrett) 3
Petlar, Burn Around, Royal Interest, and Counterpart also ran.
Weather clear; track fast.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—Two-year-olds; three furlongs. Gay Lady, 115 pounds; Madelyn C., Miss Mary, Henchen, 112; Bracelet, 112; Shade, 112; Water Wave, 112.

SECOND RACE.—Three-year-olds; selling; five and a half furlongs. Ophelia W., 111; Charles Nahm, 106; Pebble, 107; The Rose, 115; Kalitan, 110; *Rhymer, 108; *Wat, 107; *Meddling Miss, 105; *Enjoy, 98.

THIRD RACE.—Four-year-olds and up; selling; six furlongs. Sir Mort Morn, 105; Pontefract, 113; M. B. Thurman, 111; Garl, 110; Working Lad, 110; Souvenier, 108; Ignot, 108; Imp Sansyming, 111; Chad Buford, 110; Mingle, 110; Stonehenge, 110; Fernrock, 108.

FOURTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and up; D. J. Tranchini Restaurant Handicap; six furlongs. Leochares, 130; Roscoe Goose, 107; Bars and Stars, 104; Indience, 98; Squeeler, 110; David Craig, 105; Wise Man, 103, 108.

FIFTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and up; The Magnolia Purse; one mile. For Fair, 106; Bubbub, 104; Jacoba, 99; King Mart, 104; Ben Hampson, 98.

SIXTH RACE.—Four-year-olds and up; selling; mile and one-sixteenth. Narmar, 114; Broadbrook, 105; *School For Scandal, 105; Petelus, 115; Shugger, 104; Voluspa, 108.

SEVENTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and up; selling; handicap; one mile. Yenghee, 115; Cliff Field, 111; Jessie Louise, 105; Flag Day, 104; Fairy Legend, 102; Lucille P., 98; Tingaling, 112; Korfhage, 112; Conflagration, 105; Moss Box, 104; Pleasureville, 104.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track fast.

Six-Day Race in Chicago Feb. 11.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—Chicago's third annual six-day bicycle race will be held Feb. 11 to 17, it was announced today. Twenty-two riders, among them the stars of the sport, have been entered.

In January some folks might think a good stock of Summer things a white elephant—

But then they're forgetting the folks who flock south.

To be complete outfitters we must be just as ready with straw hats, white flannels and such like as we are with warm Winter suits and overcoats for the most of us who stay north.

Everything men and boys wear irrespective of seasons.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "The Four Corners" Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

SYRACUSE TO PLAY BROWN.

Orange Eleven Gets Date Between Harvard and Yale Games.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 8.—Brown is to play Syracuse in this city on Saturday, Nov. 3. Coming between the Harvard and Yale games, which are to be played at Cambridge and New Haven as usual, it should provide a strong home attraction, something that was lacking in the tentative schedule as first announced. Brown played Syracuse two years ago on Andrews Field in this city, and Syracuse won by a score of 6 to 0. It is understood that a two-year agreement has been signed, but that the game to be played next year at Syracuse will come at a much earlier date, probably on one of the first Saturdays in October.

This past season Syracuse's New England game was with the Dartmouth eleven at Springfield. The big intercollegiate game at Springfield this year is to be between Dartmouth and Brown, these two colleges having patched up their athletic differences.

One more game has been added to the Brown schedule for next Fall. Middlebury is to play here on Saturday, Oct. 13, the day following the game with Holy Cross at Worcester. Two games on successive days will be somewhat of an innovation for a Brown eleven, but with a big squad no trouble is anticipated.

YALE STARS MAY ORGANIZE.

Plan to Form Club of "Y" Men at Football Celebration Jan. 19.

An elaborate entertainment has been arranged by the Yale Club for Tad Jones and his victorious Eli football stars, who will be guests of the club on Jan. 19. The festivities will open with a reception and will be followed by a dinner at the club. This dinner has been arranged by former 'Varsity men who have won their "Y" in football, baseball, track, or crew.

After the dinner the athletes and their hosts will journey to the Century Theatre to witness a performance of "The Century Girl." A notable feature of this part of the celebration is that the entire allotment of seats for the theatre on this night has been made to the Yale Club and will be sold to Yale men only. Following the theatrical performance another dinner will be served at the club.

This celebration will mark the first reunion of "Y" men, and it is expected that something more than a complimentary celebration of the visiting squad will be evolved out of the occasion. There is a plan to organize a permanent Yale 'Varsity Club, of which every "Y" man, past, present, and future, will become automatically a member upon earning his "Y." An invitation has been extended to all 'Varsity men who are not members of the Yale Club to participate in the celebration, to whom the privileges of the club have been extended.

Announcements of the celebration have been mailed to 4,000 Yale graduates. Special invitations have been extended to Professor Arthur Twining Hadley of Yale, and to Frank H. Platt, President of the Yale Club.

The members of the committee in charge are: Archibald Foster Hodges, '88 S.; George Townsend Adee, '95; Mortimer Norton Buckner, '95; John Watson Dixon, '95, and George Sheppard Chappell, '90.

Among the "Y" men who are arranging the dinner to the football squad are:

T. De W. Cuyler, '74; H. W. Cushing, '91; M. L. McBride, '00; J. W. Curtiss, '79; G. B. Case, '00; Burnside Winslow, '91; H. C. Brooks, '85; G. B. Adee, '95; A. L. Corey, '11; Wyllys Terry, '85; F. S. Butterworth, '95; J. A. Reilly, '12, S.; R. N. Corwin, '87; W. F. Carter, '95; D. M. Bomelsler, '13; J. A. Hartwell, '90; P. A. Hinckley, '01; J. T. Emlen, '14; C. H. Sherrill, '89; G. C. Greenway, Jr., '98, S.; J. S. Sprague, '15; F. W. Wallace, '89; James W. Wadsworth, '98; W. M. Oler, Jr., '08; B. Cox, '97; F. W. Allen, '00; A. D. Sturdevant, '16, S.

49 IN BELMONT STAKES.

Final Declarations for Withers Event Also Announced.

Final declarations for the Withers and Belmont Stakes of 1917, which were due on Jan. 1, were announced yesterday by Secretary Earlocker of the Westchester Racing Association. These races are for three-year-olds exclusively, and the withdrawals show that few horses of importance have been taken out. Harry Payne Whitney has decided that seven of his richly bred youngsters did not do well enough in thei rtwo-year-old form to warrant their being continued as contenders for these stakes. Consequently the pen has been run through the names of Hard Cash, Cudgel, Bullion, Clean Up, Vivid, Bonnie Witch, and Bubble. August Belmont has declared Almondite, Sandusky, and Rockport out of both events, and among the declarations from the Belmont barn are James Butler's Bally, which showed fair racing ability as a two-year-old.

R. T. Wilson, Jr., has declared Navarre, Mannchen, and Firing Line out of the Withers, and in addition to these has taken the imported horse Glanaty out of the Belmont. In all the Withers, which had an original entry of 161, has been depleted so that now only 65 are eligible. The Belmont had an entry of 96, and is now reduced to a total of 49.

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FIAT 1915, 30, imported.
RENAULT 35, landaulet town car.
STUTZ 1915, "Bearcat," bargain.
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QUAKERS TO MEET ARMY ON GRIDIRON

May Play Return Game in Philadelphia in 1918—Navy Game at the Polo Grounds.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Jan. 8.—Important announcements were made today in connection with the publication of the Army's football schedule for next Fall. Chief among the new features will be a game at West Point with the University of Pennsylvania on Oct. 6. Only the Quakers of the big Eastern teams responded to the Army's invitation to come to West Point for a game this year. Yale, Harvard, Princeton, Cornell, Syracuse, Dartmouth and Colgate were all asked for a meeting, but without success.

Penn has been here only once before. In 1901 the Army played the Quakers on the "plains" and trounced them soundly by the score of 24 to 0. Charley Daly, now head coach of the Army eleven, was quarter back on the cadets' team that year.

It was also announced that a home-and-home contest with one of the big Eastern universities would be an annual feature of Army football in the future. Permission has been granted to the cadets to go away every year for a game in another city. As Penn is the first to respond to the Army's invitation, it is likely that the soldiers will go to Franklin Field for a game with Bob Folwell's pupils in 1918. A similar arrangement will be sought by the West Point management for return games with Harvard, Yale, Princeton or Cornell.

It is the Army's turn this year to choose a site for the Navy game, by terms of the agreement with the Annapolis football authorities, and the West Pointers will name the Polo Grounds in New York for next Fall's Army-Navy battle.

The schedule follows:

Sept. 29, Holy C

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We have prepared for the use of our customers a new edition of our income tax booklet which contains an analysis of and comments on the new Income Tax Law, together with the full text of the statute in convenient form. This booklet also contains an analysis of and comments on the Federal Inheritance Law, recently enacted. We shall be pleased to send to investors on request a copy of this booklet.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Irregular in Dull Market —Money's Increasing Ease.

If all the dealings on the Stock Exchange represented outright purchases and sales, transactions in the neighborhood of 600,000 shares would represent a very large business. As things are, trading in about that number of shares yesterday was commented upon as being a small day's work. And so it was by contrast with the much larger scale of dealings to which the Street was recently accustomed. At the moment the market reflects much uncertainty, and to all appearances it is being left almost altogether in the hands of those who trade in stocks just as other people follow their trades and professions.

Among these traders the question of how much substance there may be in the present agitation for peace is the one which they feel is the most important to have answered. They are trying to accommodate themselves to the ultimate answer to that question by market operations which are bringing changing and more or less meaningless fluctuations. Later on the public, and no doubt professional traders along with it, will attempt to gauge market values on the basis of things as they will be when peace has been restored, but their main thought at the moment is whether or not the war is to go on indefinitely. Those whose judgment on the matter is most respected in Wall Street express the belief that it will end some time before the year is over, but they hardly venture a more definite opinion than that.

Peace is certainly not near enough, according to any present appearance, to warrant the assumption that there will be no more war financing in this country. The suggestion that Germany has borrowed a large amount here privately is borne out neither by inquiry in quarters most likely to be well informed on the subject nor by known facts bearing on the matter. Certainly the movement in the Teutonic exchanges does not reflect the granting of large credits in this market to Germany. That would tend to improve the rate on Berlin and it has been moving in just the opposite direction. Private borrowing here may have been by bankers, but bankers say that it must have been on a very small scale measured by the standards which have been adopted in international financing since the outbreak of the war.

If nothing else stood in the way of an unsecured German issue here the recent statement of the Federal Reserve Board in regard to foreign loans would, bankin regard to foreign loans would, bankers believe, serve as a barrier against such a loan. It is now being taken for granted that any new financing to be done in the near future will be done against collateral. Specifically, this is expected to be so in the case of the British financing to which the banking community has for some time been looking forward. Large as the recent gold inflow has been, and it was augmented yesterday by another $25,000,000, it is not believed to be sufficient to provide all the money which will be needed by the Allies here within a relatively short time. This, it is thought, makes it practically certain that further resort will be had to the mobilized securities, of which many hundreds of millions are deposited in this country for use in further financing of this sort.

The way for such an operation is certainly being made smoother by the increased ease of the money situation, thanks to the conditions which within recent weeks have brought about a greatly improved reserve position. The further gold which is coming in should help to accentuate this tendency toward a new superabundance of loanable funds at this centre. This is a condition which also favors the bond market, and that market is in fact showing evidence of the availability of a large amount of money for investment.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call loans, 15 or Less, Over 15, up to 30, Over 30, up to 60, Over 60, up to 90.

	Call loans	15 or Less	Over 15, up to 30	Over 30, up to 60	Over 60, up to 90
Boston	4	4	4	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3½	4	4	4	4
Cleveland	3½	4	4	4½	4½
Richmond	4	4	4	4	4
Atlanta	4	4	4	4	4½
Chicago	3½	4	4	4½	4½
St. Louis	3	4	4	4	4½
Minneapolis	4	4	4	4½	4½
Kansas City	4	4	4½	4½	4½
Dallas	4	4	4	4	4½
S. Francisco	*3	†3½	4	4	4

*10 days or less. †Over 10 days.

Trade Acceptances.

	Agricul., Over 90.	Up to 60.	60 to 90.	Commodity.
Boston	5	3½	3½	
New York	5	3½	3½	
Philadelphia	4½	3½	3½	3½
Cleveland	5	†3½	4	
Richmond	4½	3½	3½	4
Atlanta	5	3½	3½	3
Chicago	5	3½		3½
St. Louis	4½	3½	3½	3½
Minneapolis	5	3½	4	4
Kansas City	5	4	4	4
Dallas	4½	3½	3½	3
S. Francisco	5½	3	3½	3½

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., and over 90, 5 per cent. †This bank has a rate of 3 per cent. for 30-day acceptances.

COLLATERAL LOANS.

Call. High.	Low.	Last.	Renewal Rate.
2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼

Time.

60 days	3¼@3¼	5 months	3½
90 days	3¼@3¼	6 months	3½
4 months	3¼@3½		

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ..... 3 @2½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 3½@4

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days 3½
4 to 6 months ..... 3½@3¾

Other Names.

4 to 6 months 4

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.76⅝	$4.75½	$4.75⅝	..
Cables	4.76¹⁄₁₆	4.76	4.76	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.84⅜	5.84⅜	5.84⅜	..
Cables	5.83⅜	5.83⅜	5.83⅜	..
Marks—				
Demand	70.25	69.62½	69.62½	—.87½
Cables	70.37½	69.75	69.75	—.87½

Closing Rates.

Following are yesterday's closing rates, compared with the normal rates of exchange based on the mint par of exchange adapted to the customary way of quoting the several exchanges. Sterling is quoted at so many dollars to the pound, German exchange so many cents to 4 marks, and French, Italian, and Swiss exchanges so many francs or lire to the dollar. The other exchanges in this list are quoted so many cents to the units of currency in the several countries.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close— Demand or Checks.	Cable.
4.8665 London	4.75⅝	4.76¼
5.1826 Paris	5.84⅜	5.83⅜
95.28 Berlin	69.62½	69.75
20.26 Austria	11.60	11.63
China—		
Hongkong	56.75	56.85
Peking	80.00	80.12½
Shanghai	84.00	84.12½
19.295 Greece	19.70	19.75
40.19 Holland	*40.81¼	*40.87½
32.44 India—		
Bombay	32.25	32.37½
Calcutta	32.25	32.37½
5.1826 Italy	6.50	6.55½
49.84 Japan—		
Kobe	50.75	50.87½
Yokohama	50.75	50.87½
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	50.12½	50.25
51.43 Russia	29.87	29.45
20.79 Scandinavia—		
Copenhagen	27.85	27.45
Stockholm	29.00	28.70
Christiania	28.00	27.10
19.305 Spain	21.20	21.40
South America—		
42.44 Buenos Aires	44.50	44.75
32.44 Rio	23.75	23.87½
5.1824 Switzerland	5.06½	5.07

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers—	Commercial—
60 Days. 90 Days.	60 Days. 90 Days.
84.71⅝ 84.59⅜	84.71⅛ 84.59

*Less 1-32.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $419,738,024; balances, $28,147,119. Sub-Treasury's debit balance, $765,472; Federal Reserve Bank credit balance, $5,116,077.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 10c discount to par; San Francisco, 40c premium; Montreal, .15625 premium.

Silver.

New silver in London, 32¾d., off ¼d.; in New York, 75¼c, off ¾c.; Mexican dollars, 57c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JAN. 8, 1916.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	588,859	672,301	210,642
Year to date	5,370,485	5,414,391	1,075,423

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
137	140	200	Adams Express	137½	140	137½	140	+4
18	18½	200	Advance Rumely	18	18	18	18	...
70	73	200	Ajax Rubber	72	72	72	72	— ⅝
10⅝	10¾	500	Alaska Gold Mines	10⅞	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
7	7⅛	500	Alaska Juneau	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
84½	85	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	84½	85	84½	85	+ ½
95½	96	3,000	Am. Beet Sugar	96	97	94½	95⅜	— ⅝
47¾	47½	4,000	Am. Can	47¾	47⅞	46¾	47¼	— ⅝
108½	110½	200	Am. Can pf	110	110	109½	109½	— ½
66	67	600	Am. Car & Fdry	67	67	65⅝	66	—1
116½	118	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf	117	117	117	117	+ ¼
49	50½	100	Am. Cotton Oil	49½	49½	49½	49½	— ¾
13¾	14	100	Am. H. & Leather	14	14	14	14	...
71½	71⅝	2,400	Am. H. & Leath. pf	72	73½	71	71⅜	+ ⅝
31½	31⅞	1,300	Am. Ice Securities	32	32	30¾	31⅞	+ ⅞
18¾	18½	800	Am. Linseed	18½	18⅝	18	18⅝	+ ⅛
50½	52	100	Am. Linseed pf	50½	50½	50½	50½	...
76⅜	77½	4,800	Am. Locomotive	77⅝	77⅞	76½	77	+ ¼
107⅝	107¾	40,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref	108½	109¼	107½	107⅝	— ¾
116½	117	620	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	116⅝	116⅝	116⅜	116⅜	...
94	95	200	Am. Smelt. S. pf. B	94½	94½	94	94	— ½
60½	61	400	Am. Steel F'dries	60⅝	61	60¾	61	+1
106½	111	100	Am. Sugar Ref	109½	109½	109½	109½	...
120½	121	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	120½	120½	120½	120½	...
123⅜	123½	1,300	Am. Tel. & Tel	123½	123⅞	123½	123½	...
...	...	3,200	Am. T. & T. rights	2	2¼	2	2	— ⅛
107	108¼	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	108	108	108	108	— ½
43⅜	44⅝	500	Am. Woolen	44½	44½	43⅜	43⅞	— ½
95	96¼	250	Am. Woolen pf	96¼	96¼	95⅞	96⅛	— ¾
45	47	400	Am. Writing P. pf	46	48	44⅛	44⅛	— 1⅞
35½	36½	600	Am. Zinc L. S.	35⅝	36	35	35	— ⅞
82½	82⅝	7,400	Anaconda Cop. Co	82⅞	83¼	81⅝	82½	— ⅛
107½	107⅝	17,000	Atch., Top. & S. F	106	107½	105½	107⅝	+1½
98⅜	99	1,035	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	99	99	98⅞	98⅞	— ⅛
14	15½	500	At., Birm. & At	15½	15½	14	14⅞	— ⅛
112	112½	10,400	At., Gulf & W. I	113⅛	113½	108½	112½	—1⅝
55½	55⅝	15,000	Baldwin Loco	58	58	53½	55½	—2⅛
83⅞	84	800	Baltimore & Ohio	84	84	83½	84	+ ⅝
485	495	10	Bethlehem Steel	510	510	510	510	+ ½
81⅛	82	200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	81¾	82	81⅛	82	+ ⅛
8½	10	500	Bruns. Ter. & Ry S	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
91¼	92½	800	Burns Brothers	91⅝	93	91⅝	92	+1
45	46½	900	Butte & Superior	46½	46½	45⅝	45⅝	—1
24½	24⅝	300	California Petrol	25	25	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅜
54	55¼	200	California Pet. pf	55	55	54¼	54¼	—1
159⅝	159⅞	4,400	Canadian Pacific	160	160	157⅞	159⅞	+ ⅛
93⅜	93⅞	18,900	Central Leather Co	94	94¼	92½	93⅞	+ ⅝
114½	116	200	Central Leather pf	114⅜	114½	114⅜	114½	+ ⅝
100½	102	100	Chandler Motor	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	+ ⅝
64⅜	64⅞	500	Chesapeake & Ohio	64¾	64¾	64¼	64¼	...
13	14	200	Chi. Great Western	13½	13½	13½	13½	— ⅜
39½	40	600	Chi. Gt. West. pf	40	40	39⅞	40	...
91	91½	600	Chi., Mil. & St. P	91	91⅜	91	91½	+ ½
124½	124⅝	700	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	124⅜	124⅝	124⅝	124⅝	...
122	122½	100	Chi. & Northwest	122½	122½	122	122½	...
32½	33¼	100	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	33	33	33	33	...
33	33¼	2,700	C., R.I. & P.cfs.of d	32⅝	33¼	32⅝	33¼	+ ⅛
110	120	153	Chi., St. P., M. & O	111	111	111	111	—3
24⅝	24¾	600	Chile Copper	24⅜	24⅜	24½	24⅝	...
53	53¼	1,800	Chino Copper	53⅛	53½	52⅝	53¼	+ ⅜
48	50	200	Clev., C., C. & St.L	50	50	50	50	...
72½	73	220	Cluett, Peabody Co	73	73	73	73	...
45½	45¾	1,100	Col. Fuel & Iron	45	45½	45	45¼	...
41⅞	42	2,400	Columbia Gas & El	42⅜	42⅝	41⅞	42	— ⅜
...	18	100	Con. Inst. Cal. Min	18	18	18	18	+1
108	115	200	Consolidated Coal	109	109	109	109	...
130¼	131	2,100	Consolidated Gas	131½	131½	129⅜	130¼	— ⅞
122⅜	124⅜	300	Consol. Gas, Balt	123½	123⅝	123	123⅜	+1
87	89	300	Continental Can	88	88⅞	88	88⅝	— ¼
21⅞	22	2,500	Corn Products Ref	21⅞	22⅜	21⅞	22	— ⅛
63	63¼	15,200	Crucible Steel	63½	63¾	61⅝	63¼	+ ⅞
114⅞	116	300	Crucible Steel pf	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞	115⅞	+ ⅛
51	51⅝	10,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	53	53	49¼	51	—1⅞
93	93⅞	400	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	93¼	93¾	93	93¾	+ ⅝
17	17¼	100	Den. & Rio Grande	17	17	17	17	...
38	43	700	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	38	38⅛	38	38⅛	— ⅛
29¼	29½	1,500	Distillers' Secur	29⅜	29⅜	28½	29	— ⅜
21¼	22¼	700	Dome Mines	21½	23½	21½	22¼	+1
55	62	100	Driggs-Seabury	56	56	56	56	+1
50	55	50	Do., odd lot	55	55	55	55	...
33	33¼	6,600	Erie	33⅛	33⅛	32⅝	33	+ ⅛
47	48½	200	Erie 1st pf	48¾	48¾	48	48	— ⅛
37	37½	100	Erie 2d pf	37¾	37¾	37¼	37¼	— ⅛
249	250	100	General Chemical	249	250	249	249	...
249	250	10	Do., odd lot	250	250	250	250	...
167⅜	167½	200	General Electric	167⅝	167⅞	167⅜	167⅝	+ ⅜
132	132½	6,600	Gen. Mot. temp. cfs	137½	137⅞	126¾	132	...
58	58¼	4,500	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	58¾	58¾	56⅝	58	— ½
111½	112	700	Goodrich pf	111½	111½	111½	111½	...
87	88	200	Graham-Paige	88	88	87	87	...
116¼	116¾	700	Great Northern pf	116¼	116⅜	116¼	116⅜	+ ⅛
36	36¼	1,500	G. N. ctfs. for o. p	36¼	36¼	35¾	36	— ⅜
43¾	44	200	Greene-Cananea	44	44	43¾	43¾	— ⅛
131	131	300	Gulf States Steel	131	131	127½	127½	—2½
105⅞	106	100	Illinois Central	105⅞	106	105⅞	105⅞	+ ⅛
57⅞	58	3,900	Inspiration Copper	57⅞	58	57	57⅞	+ ⅜
15⅜	15⅝	6,500	Interboro Consol	15⅜	15⅝	14⅝	15½	— ⅜
69½	70	2,600	Interboro Con. pf	69⅞	69⅞	68¼	69⅞	+ ⅜
42⅜	42½	500	Int. Agricultural pf	42⅜	42⅜	41	41	+2
85½	86	100	Int. Harvester Corp	85½	85½	83¼	85¼	— ⅝
25¼	25¾	4,100	Int. Mer. Marine	25½	25⅝	25½	25⅝	— ⅞
84⅜	84⅝	3,600	Int. Mer. Marine pf	85½	85⅝	83¾	84⅜	— ⅞
41⅜	42	1,600	Int. Nickel	42¼	42⅜	41	42	— ⅞
44½	45	3,300	Int. Paper	44⅞	45	43⅜	44⅞	— ⅛
99½	100½	800	Int. Paper pf	100¼	100¼	99¼	100	— ¼
77	79	200	Jewel Tea	77	77	77	77	...
23	23½	100	Kansas City South.	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	+ ⅛
60½	62	300	Kelly Spring Tire	60	61⅝	60	61⅝	+ ⅞
44½	44⅝	6,500	Kennecott Copper	44⅛	44⅝	43⅞	44¼	— ⅛
121½	122½	100	Kings Co. E. L. & P	122	122	122	122	— ½
85	85½	2,300	Lackawanna Steel	86	86	84	85	...
102	103¼	100	Laclede Gas	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	...
50½	53	100	Lake Erie & W. pf	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜	+ ⅛
23	23½	500	Lee Rubber	23½	23½	23½	23½	+ ⅛
77½	78½	600	Lehigh Valley	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	+ ⅛
34½	35½	1,600	Long Island	34⅞	35½	34	35¼	+ ⅛
24	26	1,300	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	24	26	24	25¾	+2⅜
55	55	100	Loose-W. Bis. 2d pf	55	55	55	55	+10
65¼	65½	135	Mackay Cos. pf	65¼	65½	65¼	65½	— ⅝
52½	53	2,200	Maxwell Motors	52½	52½	50	51¼	—1⅝
71	71	200	Max. Motors 1st pf	71	71	71	71	—1
37	37½	200	Max. Motors 2d pf	37	37½	37	37½	...
103⅜	104½	12,400	Mexican Petroleum	103⅜	104½	102½	103⅝	— ½
40	40½	1,000	Miami Copper	40½	40½	40	40⅜	...
26	26	100	Minn. & St. L. new	26	26	26	26	...
9	9¼	3,600	Mo., Kan. & Texas	9⅛	9⅜	9	9¼	+ ⅛
14	14½	1,100	Mo. Pacific & T	14½	14½	14	14⅜	+ ⅛
31¾	31¾	2,800	Mo., Pacific w i	31¾	31⅝	31¼	31⅝	—1⅛
121	122	200	Nat. Biscuit Co	122	122	121	121	—1½
27	27¾	500	Nat. En. & St. Co	27⅝	27⅞	27	27¼	— ⅝
113	113	100	Nat. Lead Co. pf	113	113	113	113	— ⅞
23¾	23¾	1,300	Nevada Con. Cop	23⅜	23¾	23½	23½	...
102⅞	103	1,200	N. Y. Central	102⅞	103	102¼	103	—2⅜
38½	38⅝	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	38¼	38½	38½	38½	—1¾
48½	49¼	6,700	N. Y., N. H. & H	51	51	48½	49¼	—2⅝
28¼	28¾	200	N. Y., Ont. & West	28¼	28¾	28¼	28¾	+1⅛
134¾	135	1,600	Norfolk & Western	134	134¾	133	134¾	+ ⅛
132⅝	132⅞	26	Do., odd lot	132⅝	132⅞	132⅝	132⅞	...
89	89	100	Norfolk & Western pf	89	89	89	89	+3
69⅞	70	100	North American	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	— ⅛
108¼	108½	900	North Pacific x d	108	108¼	108	108¼	— ⅛
106	106½	1,100	Ohio Cities Gas	106½	106½	106	106½	— ⅜
100¼	100⅝	100	Owens Bottle Mach	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
19¾	19¾	100	Pacific Mail	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	— ⅛
56¾	57	2,350	Penn. R. R.	57	57	56¾	56⅞	— ⅛
104	106	300	People's Gas, Chi	104	104½	103¾	103¾	— ⅜
32¼	32¾	2,700	Pere Marq. w i	32	32¾	31¼	32	...
70	70	100	Pere M. prior pf.w i	70	70	70	70	...
57	57	100	Pere Marq. pf. w i	57	57	56	56	...
41	41	300	Philadelphia Co	41	41	41	41	...
40¾	40¾	21,400	Pitts. Coal cfs. of d	40¾	45¾	40	45⅝	+4⅞
109	109	500	Pitts. C. pf. cfs. of d	108⅝	109	108⅝	109	+ ¾
102	102	100	Pittsburgh Steel pf	102	102	102	102	...
76½	76⅝	900	Pressed Steel Car	76½	76⅝	75½	75⅞	— ⅝
130½	130⅝	100	Public Service N. J	130½	130⅝	130	130⅝	— ⅛
2	2¼	400	Quicksilver	2	2¼	2	2¼	— ⅛
50	50	400	Railway Steel Sp	50	50	49½	50	—1
26⅜	26⅝	3,700	Ray Con. Copper	26⅜	26⅝	26	26⅝	+ ⅛
102¼	102⅝	10,500	Reading	102¼	102⅝	100⅝	102⅛	+ ⅛
80½	80⅝	5,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	80½	80⅝	78⅞	80¼	+ ⅛
103¼	103⅝	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	— ⅛
24⅝	24⅞	100	St. Louis & San F	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅛
17	17¼	100	Seaboard Air Line	17	17	17	17	...
38⅞	39¼	400	Seab. Air Line pf	38	39	37½	39	+ ⅛
227½	228¾	200	Sears, Roeb. & Co	229	229	228	228	+2⅜
126½	127½	100	Sears, R. & Co. pf	127	127	127	127	...
25	29	200	Shattuck-Arizona	27	27	25½	25½	— ½
68	69	1,200	Sloss-S. S. & I. Co	69¼	69¼	67⅝	68	—1
96⅝	97¼	1,900	Southern Pacific	96⅝	97⅛	96½	97⅛	+ ⅛
97⅛	97¾	6,300	Southern Railway	30¾	32¾	30¾	31⅞	+ ⅛
31⅝	32	200	Southern Ry. pf	31½	32	31½	31⅞	+ ⅛
68¼	69	10,200	Studebaker Corp	68¼	68¾	68½	68⅞	— ⅛
104⅜	104⅝	500	Stutz Motor	106	106½	104½	104½	—1½
49½	50¼	400	Tenn. C. & C. w i	49¼	50¼	49¼	50¼	+1⅛
14⅞	14⅝	2,000	Texas Co	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅜
234½	234¾	300	Tex.Co. sub.rcts.f p	235	235	232	234¾	— ⅝
232	233	900	Third Avenue	232	233½	232	233½	...
46¼	46¾	3,600	Tobacco Products	46¼	46¾	46	46	— ⅛
56½	56¾	100	Underwood Typew	56½	56¾	54⅝	55½	+ ⅛
103½	103⅝	100	Union B. & P. Co	103½	103⅝	103½	103½	+ ½
12¼	12½	100	Union B. & P. Co. new	12¼	12¾	12¼	12¼	—⅝
95¼	95¾	200	U. B. & P. Co. new	95¼	95¾	95	95	— ⅝
144¼	144⅝	5,100	Union Pacific	144¼	144⅝	143½	144¼	+ ⅜
83¼	83⅝	300	Union Pacific pf	83¼	83⅝	83	83⅜	— ⅞
44⅞	45	100	United Cigar Mfrs	44⅞	44⅞	44⅞	44⅞	+2
110	110	100	Un. Cigar Mfrs. pf	110	110	110	110	—1½
108	108	1,300	United Cigar Stores	108	108	101½	101⅝	—1½
71	71	400	United Drug	71	71	70½	70½	—1½
149¾	150	300	United Fruit	149¾	150	149¾	150	+ ⅞
10	11	100	United Rys. Invest	10½	10½	10½	10½	—2
20	23	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	21	21	21	21	— ⅛
20¼	22½	1,000	U. S. C. I. P. & F	22	22	22	22	— ⅛
118¼	119¼	19,600	U. S. Indus. Alco	119¼	119¾	115⅝	119¼	+ ⅛
104	105	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	— ⅛
19	21	200	U. S. R. & Imp. Co	20	20	19¾	19¾	—1⅛
62¼	63	300	U. S. Rubber	62¼	62	62¼	62¼	+ ⅛
113¼	113⅝	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	— ⅝
64¼	64⅝	400	U. S. Sm., R. & M	64¼	64⅝	64	64⅛	...
112¾	113	159,400	U. S. Steel	112¾	113	110¾	112⅜	+ ⅛
120	120½	1,100	U. S. Steel pf	120	120	119¾	120	...
101	101¼	3,300	Utah Copper	99⅝	101¼	99⅝	101¼	+ ⅞
22	22	800	Utah Securities	22	22	21½	22	— ⅛
14⅞	14⅞	1,900	Wabash	14⅞	14⅞	14½	14⅝	— ⅛
56	56	4,100	Wabash pf. A	54	56	54

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PUBLIC UTILITIES

Transactions in Stocks and Bonds—Quotations for Railway, Light, and Power Issues.

The following range of prices and closing quotations were reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES by dealers in public utility securities. The trading in these securities is done privately over the counter, and this record gives only those trades which are reported by the dealers making them:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Closing. Bid.	Asked.
500	A. W. W. & E.	13¼	12¾	12¾	13
100	A.W.W.&E.1st pf	74¾	74	75	75
500	Com'wealth Pr.	60¼	59¼	59½	60½
490	Com'th. Pr., pf.	84	83	83	84½

Closing quotations for issues not included in the table of transactions above were as follows:

STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Appalachian Power	8¼	9
Appalachian Power pf	40	45
Adirondack Electric Power	28	29
Adirondack Electric Power pf	90	91
American Cities	10	15
American Cities pf	44	45½
American Gas Co	120	123
American Gas & Electric	142	146
American Gas & Electric pf	81	82
American Light & Traction	380	382
American Light & Traction pf	113	113½
American Power & Light	80	82
American Power & Light pf	90	91
American Public Utilities	40	42
American Public Utilities pf	72	73
American W. W. & E. part	27½	29
Atlantic Power & Light pf	85	...
Baton Rouge Electric pf	90	93
Carolina Power & Light	41	43
Carolina Power & Light pf	98	100
Central Miss. Valley Prop. pf	...	75
Central Power	30	32
Cities Service	318	321
Cities Service pf	94	95
Colorado Power	31½	33
Colorado Power pf	100	102
Columbus Electric pf	80	83
Connecticut Power pf	94	96
Consumers' Power pf	97	99
Eastern Texas Electric	63	67
Eastern Texas Electric pf	89	93
El Paso Electric	...	122½
El Paso Electric pf	100	...
Electric B. & S. pf	100½	102
Electric Properties	68	71
Empire D. E. pf	90	94
Federal Light & Traction	15	17
Federal Light & Traction pf	55	57
Galveston-Houston Electric	34	37
Galveston-Houston Electric pf	77	80
Gas & Electric Securities	310	325
Gas & Electric Securities pf	95	100
Illinois Traction	...	46
International Traction	49	51
International Traction pf	90	92
Interstate Electric	30	45
Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Mississippi River Power	11	13
Mississippi River Power pf	38	41
Northern Ohio Electric	43½	45
Northern Ohio Electric pf	81	82½
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power	14	16
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power pf	55	60
Northern States Power	105	106½
Northern States Power pf	98¼	99½
Northern Texas Electric	54½	...
Northern Texas Electric pf	82½	86
Ozark Power & Water	44	48
Pacific G. & E.	63	64
Pacific G. & E. pf	92¾	93
Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf	98	100
Puget Sound Traction	27	30
Puget Sound Traction pf	66	69
Pennsylvania Light Co	33	40
Pennsylvania Light Co. pf	75	83
Public Service Inc. pf	83	86
Republic Railway & Light	48	49
Republic Railway & Light pf	74	76
Securities Corporation general	18	23
Securities Corp. general pf	80	85
Southern California Edison	93	95
Southern California Edison pf	106	107
Southwestern Power & Light pf	97½	100
Standard Gas & Electric	15	15¾
Standard Gas & Electric pf	42	42¾
Tampa Electric	126	129
Tennessee Railway, L. & P.	10	10½
Tennessee Railway, L. & P. pf	44	45
Toledo Traction	53	55
United Gas & Electric	10	12
United Gas & Electric 1st pf	75	79
United Gas & Electric 2d pf	12	14
United Light & Railways	48	50
United Light & Railways pf	77½	79
Western Power	19¾	20¼
Western Power pf	68	70
West Penn. pf	103	107
Yadkin River Power 7 p. c. pf	98	100

BONDS.

American Power & Light 6s, 1921	100	101½
American W. W. & E. 5s	82	83
Baton Rouge cons. 5s	90	92½
Baton Rouge notes, April 1, 918	99½	...
Central Illinois Light 5s	96	97
Cape Breton El. Ltd. 1st 5s, 1932	89	92
Clun. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	100½	101¼
Columbia G. & E. 1st 5s, 1927	88	90
Columbia G. & E. deb. 5s, 1927	78	83
Conn. Power 1st 5s	96	...
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st & ref. 5s, '42	95½	98½
Dallas Electric 5s, 1917	99⅝	...
Defiance Gas & Electric 6s, '42	91	...
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	98	100
East Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100½	102
Eastern Texas Electric 6s, 1918	100	...
Eastern Texas Electric col. 5s	92	95
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s, 1926	99½	100
Galveston Electric 1st 5s	90	93
Great Lakes Power 6s, 1935	99	101
Great Western Power 5s, 1946	90	91
Great Western Power 5s, 1925	98	100
Houston Electric 1st 5s	93½	...
Interm. R. L. & P. 1st 6s, '42	99	102
Kentucky Pub. Service 5s, 1941	94	96
Knoxville Gas 1st 5s, 1936	90	95
Lincoln G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, 1941	91	96½
Middle West U. 6s, 1925	97½	99
Mahoning & Shen. R. & L. 5s	99½	100
Miss. River Power Co. 1st 5s	76⅞	77¼
Miss. Valley G. & E. 5s, 1922	94	94½
Northern States Power 6s, 1926	100	100½
Northern States Power 5s, 1941	97	97½
North. Texas Elec. col. tr. 5s	90	94
Omaha & C. B. Ry. 1st 5s, 1928	95	98
Pensacola Electric 1st 5s	88	...
Roanoke W. W. 1st 6s	99	...
Seattle Electric cons. 5s	94	98
Standard G. & E. conv. 6s, 1926	99½	100
Standard Gas of N. J. 6s, 1946	94	98
Tampa Electric 1st 5s	99	100
U. S. S. R. & M. 6s, 1926	111	113
W. West. Light 6s, 1925	96	98
Western States G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½
West Penn. Power 1st 5s, 1946	97½	98½
Wisconsin Edison 6s, 1924	98	100

*Ex dividend.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
6s	Sept., 1917	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
4½s	June, 1958	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜
4½s	Mar., 1960	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼
4½s	Nov., 1957	110¼	110¼	110	110¼
4½s	May, 1957	110¼	110¼	110	110¼
4½s	April, 1960	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼
4½s	Mar., 1960	105¾	106⅛	105¾	106⅛
4½s	Sept., 1960	105	105¼	104¾	105⅛
4½s	Mar., 1960-1980	103⅜	103⅝	103¼	103⅝
4s	May, 1959	101⅜	102	101⅛	101⅜
4s	Nov., 1958	101⅜	102	101⅛	101⅜
4s	May, 1957	101⅜	102	101⅛	101⅜
4s	Nov., 1955	101	101⅛	101	101⅛
4s	Nov., 1956	101	101⅛	101	101⅛
4s	Nov., 1936	100⅜	101⅛	101	101⅛
3½s	Nov., 1955	92¼	93	92¼	93¼
3½s	May, 1954	92¼	93	92¼	93¼
3½s	Nov., 1954	92⅛	93	92½	93

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1924-1930	3.86	3.86	3.85	3.85
4½s	1918-1925	3.86	3.86	3.86	3.85
4s	Nov., 1917	4.00	3.50	4.00	3.50
4½s	June, 1917	3.75	..	3.75	..
4½s	May, 1917	3.50	..	3.50	..
4½s	1924-1951	3.90	3.80	3.90	3.90
4½s	1921-1923	3.85	3.75	3.85	3.75
4½s	April, 1920	3.85	3.70	3.85	3.70
4½s	1917-1919	3.85	3.70	3.85	3.70
4s	May, 1919	3.80	..	3.80	..
4s	Nov., 1918	3.80	..	3.80	..
4s	May, 1917	3.50	..	3.50	..
3½s	1940-1953	3.95	3.85	3.95	3.85
3½s	1938-1939	3.95	..	3.95	..
3½s	1922-1929	3.95	3.80	3.95	3.80
3½s	1921-1921	3.85	..	3.85	..
3½s	1917-1918	3.80	3.50	3.80	3.50
3s	1940-1953	3.95	3.85	3.95	3.85
3s	1926-1930	3.95	3.85	3.95	3.85
3s	1918-1925	3.95	3.85	3.95	3.85
3s	1916-1917	3.50	..	3.50	..

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday.— Bid.	Asked.	—Saturday.— Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	42.50	43.00	42.50	42.75
Lead	7.40	7.50	7.40	7.50
Spelter	9.87½	..	9.62½	..
Antimony	14.50	15.00	14.50	15.00
Quicksilver	$80.00	..	$80.00	..
Aluminium	*60.00	63.00	*60.00	63.00
Iron, No. 2 Cfdy.	29.00	30.00	29.00	30.00

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 33¼@33⅝c. first quarter, 1917; 31½@32c, second quarter, 1917, delivery. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Saturday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	133	0	0	133	0	0
Copper, futures	129	0	0	129	0	0
Tin, spot	181	15	0	180	15	0
Tin, futures	168	0	0	182	10	0
Spelter	50	5	0	50	10	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Stock Exchange yesterday elected these members to the Nominating Committee for the ensuing year: James C. Auchincloss of Auchincloss, Joost & Co.; William J. Berg of Herrick, Berg & Co.; Hamilton F. Benjamin of Benjamin, Ferguson & McMurtry. Charles M. Fair, and Lucius Wilmerding of Gray & Wilmerding.

Winslow & Co. are offering stock of the Springfield, Motors Company at $10 a share.

The net income of the St. Louis, Rocky Mountain & Pacific Company for the five months ended Nov. 30, after the deduction of dividends on the preferred stock, was equivalent to 3.82 per cent. on the $10,000,000 of common. The company states that its output of coal now exceeds 6,000 tons a day.

Frank James Rascovar, formerly Vice President of Albert Frank & Co., was elected President of that corporation yesterday, succeeding his father, the late James Rascovar. Harry Rascovar, former Treasurer of the company, was elected Vice President and Treasurer. Mark Ash was re-elected Secretary.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

The market on the Consolidated Exchange was irregular, with an early dip in prices but a later fair recovery. Business was less active, but United States Steel continued the feature of the trading, with dealings in nearly 50,000 shares.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Alaska Gold	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
200	Am. Beet Sug.	96¼	96¼	95	95¼
100	Amer. Can	47⅜	47⅜	46½	47½
40	Am. Hide & L.	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼
30	Am. Ice Secur.	32½	32½	31	31
350	Am. Locom.	77	77	76	77
4,350	Am. S. & Ref.	108½	109¼	107⅝	107⅝
100	Am. Woolen	44⅝	44⅝	44	44
100	Amer. Zinc	36½	36½	35¼	35¼
2,830	Anaconda Cop.	82⅝	83¼	82	82½
150	At., T. & S. F.	106½	107⅝	106½	107¼
850	Bald. Locom.	57⅜	58	56⅜	56
20	Butte & Sup.	46	46	46	46
20	Can. Pacific	157½	157½	157½	157½
1,350	Cent. Leather	94	94¼	92½	94
150	C., M. & St. P.	91	91	90¾	90¾
20	Chile Copper	24⅝	24⅞	24½	24⅝
100	Chino Copper	52⅝	53¼	52⅝	53¼
50	Col. Fuel & I.	45	45¼	44¾	45¼
10	Consol. Gas	130	130	130	130
20	Columbia Gas	42	42	42	42
50	Corn Products	22¾	22¾	22¼	22¾
600	Crucible Steel	63½	63¾	61¾	62
250	Cuba Cane S.	53	53	49¾	51
20	D. & R. G. pf.	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞
50	Dist. Secur.	28½	28⅞	28½	28⅝
400	Erie	33½	33¾	32¾	33¼
10	Erie 1st pf.	48⅝	48⅝	45⅝	48½
150	Goodrich Co.	58	58	56¼	57⅝
20	Gt. North. Ore	36¾	36¾	36¼	36¼
30	Greene-Can	44¼	44¼	44¼	44¼
50	Insp. Copper	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞
20	Int. Mer. Mar.	25¼	25½	25¼	25¼
800	Int. Mer. M. pf.	86½	86½	85⅜	84¼
10	Int. Nickel	42	42	41½	41⅝
50	Int. Paper	44	44½	44	44
110	Interboro. Con.	15½	15½	15	15
200	Kennecott Cop.	44¾	44¾	44	44
150	Lack. Steel	84⅜	85¼	84⅜	85¼
100	Maxwell Motor	52¼	52¼	50½	51½
850	Mexican Petrol.	103⅜	103⅝	101¾	102⅝
120	Miami Copper	40¾	40¾	40¾	40½
10	Mo., K. & T.	9¾	9¾	9½	9½
60	Mo. Pac. tr.	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜
100	Nevada Con	23½	23½	23¼	23½
90	N. Y. Central	103	103	102⅝	102⅝
10	N. Y. Cent. rts.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
350	N.Y., N. H. & H.	50¼	50¾	48¼	49
50	N. Y., O. & W.	27⅜	28⅜	27⅜	28⅜
50	Pacific Mail	19⅞	19⅞	19⅝	19⅞
30	Pennsylvania	57	57	57	57
750	Pitts. Coal cfts. of deposit	40⅞	45¼	40⅞	45¼
40	Ray Copper	26⅝	26⅝	26¼	26⅝
400	Reading	102⅜	102⅜	101⅛	102⅛
350	Rep. Iron & S.	80⅜	80⅜	78⅜	80¼
600	Southern Ry	31⅝	32¼	30⅜	32
500	Studebaker	105	108⅛	104¼	104⅜
800	Union Pacific	144	144½	143¾	144⅜
640	U. S. Ind. Al.	118	119½	115⅞	119
100	U. S. Rubber	62	62¼	62	62⅛
49,040	U. S. Steel	112⅞	112⅞	110⅝	112½
980	Utah Copper	100⅜	101	99⅜	101
100	Westing. El.	53	53⅛	52⅜	52⅜
100	Willys-Over	36	36⅜	35¾	36

MINING STOCKS.

500	Atlanta	.10½	.10½	.10½	.10½
300	Big Jim	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.27
100	Cresson	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25
400	Florence	.21	.21	.21	.21
1,000	Gypsy Queen	.07	.07	.07	.07
500	Hale & Nor	.08	.08	.08	.08
500	Kewanaua	.20	.20	.20	.20
200	Portland	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95
1,000	Rescue Eula	.24½	.24½	.24½	.24½
300	Sierra Nevada	.22	.22	.22	.22
800	Tonopah Ext.	4.10	4.10	4.10	4.10
500	Union Con	.45	.45	.45	.45
500	White Star	.14	.14	.14	.14

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. For. Sec.	6	Aug., 1919	97⅞	97½	5.90
Argen. Gov. Disc		Feb. 21, '17	99⅛	99⅝	3.25
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15, '20	100⅜	100⅝	5.75
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	99¼	100⅛	4.65
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	100	100⅛	4.47
City of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	99½	100¼	4.95
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1917	100⅜	100⅜	3.87
Dom of Can.	5	Apr. 1, '21	99⅜	100	5.00
Gov. of N. S.	6	July, 1919	97⅜	98½	5.55
Italian Gov.	6	Oct. 16, '17	93	99⅝	6.30
Norweg. Gov.	6	Oct. 15, '17	100¼	101½	8.98
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	103	106	4.85
Prov of Alb.	5	May, 1920	96¾	98	5.25
Prov. of Man.	5	Feb., 1920	98½	99⅜	5.10
Prov. of Ont.	5	Feb., 1920	98¾	100¼	4.88
Prov. of N. B.		Dec., 1919	99	100¼	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	99¼	100¼	4.83
Prov. of Sask.	6	May, 1921	97½	99½	5.20
Rep. of France	5	Ir. of 1916	146	149	
Russian Gov.	6½	July, 1919	98½	99½	6.85
do rubles	5½	Aug. 14, '26	286	289	
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1918	99⅞	100¼	5.55
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99⅞	100¼	4.95

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Nov., 1917	100⅜	101	3.80
Am. F. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	100	102	5.50
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	100⅛	100½	3.84
Am. Thread	5	Jan., 1919	98¾	99	4.50
Ana. Copper	5	Mar., 1917	100¼	100⅜	2.70
A., T. & S. F.	6	June, 1917	100⅛	100⅜	3.13
A.V.R.L. & P.	6	July 1, '18	99½	100⅜	5.75
Atl. Coast L.	6	June, 1921	102⅝	102⅞	5.20
Braz.L.&T.Co.	6	Nov., 1919	97⅜	98½	6.50
B'klyn R. T.	5	Sep., 1917	100⅜	100⅝	4.45
C. F. R. & L.	6	May, 1918	102	102⅜	4.36
C. B. & Q.	5	July, 1921	98¾	99	4.25
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1917	100⅛	100⅛	4.25
Cuba-Am. Sug.		Apr., 1918	101½	102	4.35
Can. North	5	Sep., 1917	99½	100	6.00
Can. North	6	July 10, '17	99½	100¼	5.05
Can. North	6	July 10, '18	99¼	100¼	5.55
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2, '24	102⅞	103¼	5.43
Driggs-Seaby	6	Dec., 1918	97	100	6.00
Driggs-Seaby	6	Dec., 1919	97	100	6.00
Driggs-Seaby	6	Dec., 1920	96	100	6.00
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1, '18	99	100⅛	6.12½
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	100¼	100⅜	2.75
Gen. Rubber	5	Nov., 1918	101½	102¾	3.75
G. T. of Can.	5	Nov., 1917	99¼	100	5.00
G. T. of Can.	5	Aug., 1918	99	100	5.00
Hocking Val.	5	Nov., 1917	100⅜	101	3.80
Inter. Harv.	5	Feb. 15, '18	101⅜	101⅝	3.87
L. Gas & El.		Apr., 1918	100	101	5.87½
Mich. Ry.	6	June, 1919	100⅜	101½	5.40
Mo. Pacific	6	June, 1916	100⅛	100⅜	5.10
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	98½	99½	6.00
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	101½	102½	3.60
N. Y., N. H. & H.	4½	May, 1917	99½	100	4.50
N. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	99⅝	100	6.00
Otis Elevator	5	Apr., 1920	100	101	4.55
Penn. Co.	4½	June 5, '21	100⅜	101⅛	4.25
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	100⅜	100⅝	4.60
Rem. A., Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 1, '19	83	85½	13.20
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	100⅛	100⅜	3.50
United Fruit	5	May, 1917	100½	101	4.15
Utah Sec. Corp.	6	Sep. 15, '22	95½	97	6.40
Wab. R. R.	4	May, 1920	93	98	5.20
Wh'ouse El. & Mfg. Co.	5	Oct., 1917	100¼	100⅜	4.00
Win. R. Arms	5	Mar., 1918	95⅝	96⅜	8.25
W. V. T. & E.	6	June, 1917	99½	100¼	5.50
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	100¼	101¼	5.00
Win. E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15, '18	99½	100⅜	6.00

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	108	111	103	111
American Cigar pf	101	101	98	101
Conley Foil	275	325	275	325
J. S. Young	150	155	150	155
J. S. Young pf	105	110	105	110
Johnson T. F. & M.	100	130	100	130
MacAndrews & F.	200	210	200	210
MacAndrews & F. pf.	100	103	100	103
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	243	250	243	250
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	580	610	580	610
R. J. Reyn. Tob. pf.	124	128	124	127

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
85	Ahmeek	103½	103½	103½	103½
200	Alaska Gold	10⅜	11	10⅜	10⅜
20	Allouez	64	65	64	65
750	Am. Zinc	36½	36⅝	35¾	35¾
25	Am. Zinc pf	72	72	72	72
775	Arizona Com'l.	14	14½	13½	13⅝
50	Butte & Sup.	46	46	46	46
120	Cal. & Ariz.	79¼	79¾	79	79
330	Copper Range	65⅜	65⅜	65	65
171	Davis-Daly	6	6	5½	5½
528	East Butte	15½	15½	15	15
100	Franklin	8½	8½	8¼	8¼
10	Hancock	18	18	18	18
150	Helvetia	80c	80c	80c	80c
75	Indiana	3¼	3¼	2¾	2¾
30	Island Creek	62½	63	62½	63
13	Island Crk pf.	91¾	91¾	90½	91¾
155	Isle Royale	32⅜	33	32½	33
15	Kerr Lake	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
150	Keweenaw	4½	4½	4	4
105	Lake	15½	15½	15¼	15¼
5	LaSalle	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
220	Mason Valley	6	6	5⅞	6
60	Mass. Con.	18⅞	18⅞	18⅜	18⅜
50	Mayflower	3	3	3	3
200	Mohawk	84	84⅞	84½	84½
25	Nevada Con.	23⅝	23⅝	23⅜	23⅜
120	New Arcadian	5¼	5¼	5	5⅛
1,460	North Butte	23	23¼	22⅞	22⅞
100	North Lake	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
50	Ojibway	2	2	2	2
20	Old Colony M.	2½	2½	2½	2½
135	Old Dominion	63½	63¾	63¼	63¼
181	Osceola	86	86	84	84
885	Pond Creek	21½	21⅝	20¾	21⅜
30	Quincy	86½	86½	86	86
555	Shannon	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
100	Santa Fe	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
10	South Lake	5	5	5	5
50	St. Mary's Ld	85	85	85	85
6,252	Sup. & Boston	8	8	7	7⅛
25	Superior	14	14	14	14
867	Tamarack	53½	55¼	53	54½
470	Trinity	5	5	4½	5
1,100	Tuolumne	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
110	U. S. Smelter	64	64	64	64
81	U. S. Sm. pf.	51	51⅜	51	51⅜
350	Utah Apex	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
275	Utah Con.	18⅛	18⅛	18	18
500	Utah Metals	6	6	5½	6
10	Victoria	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
60	Winona	5	5	5	6

RAILROADS.

8	Bos. & Albany	174	174	174	174
465	Bos. & Maine	43	48¼	43	48¼
60	C.J.&S.Y. pf.	107½	107½	107½	107½
25	Fitchburg pf.	73½	74	73½	74
5	Mass. Elect.	4¼	4¼	4¼	4½
115	Mass. Elec. pf.	26	26	25½	25½
464	New Haven	51¼	51¼	48¾	49
10	West End pf.	74	74	74	74

MISCELLANEOUS.

228	Am. A. Ch. pf.	102	102	102	102
1,145	Am. Pneu. Ser.	1¾	2	1¾	2
55	Am. Sugar pf.	121	121	121	121
45	Am. Woolen pf.	96½	96	96¼	96¼
10	Amoskeag pf.	97¼	97¼	97¼

We Deal in

Aetna Explosives Pfd.
Atlas Powder
American Thermos Bottle
Bordens Condensed Milk
Babcock & Wilcox
Burroughs Adding Machine
Carbon Steel
(All Issues)
Celluloid Company
Canadian Westinghouse
Dominion Steel Fdys. Pfd.
E. W. Bliss
Hopkins & Allen Arms
Hercules Powder
Joseph Dixon Crucible
Jas. H. Dunham & Co.
Manning, Maxwell & Moore
New Jersey Zinc
Telautograph Corp.
Winchester Arms
Yale & Towne
Quotations on Request

Gilbert Eliott & Co.
Specialists
27 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 6210

WE BUY & SELL:

Bethlehem Steel 6s, 1998
Michigan United Rys. 5s, 1936
Penn. Water & Pow. 5s, 1940
Kings Co. E. L. & P. Rights
Royal Bak. Pow. pfd.
Borden's Milk com. & pfd.
Singer Mfg. Co.
Equitable Trust Co.
Lawyers Mtge. Co.
Amer. Internatl. Corp.
Chase Natl. Bank
Mech. & Metals Natl. Bank

L. A. NORTON
Tel. Broad 2805. 25 Broad St.

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell

American Brass
American Hawaiian Steamship
E. W. Bliss Common
Empire Steel & Iron Pfd.
International Pulp Pfd.
Joseph Dixon Crucible
National Fuel Gas
New York State Rys. Com. & Pfd.
Singer Manufacturing
Splitdorf Elec. Com. & Pfd.
Thompson-Starrett Com. & Pfd.
Winchester Repeating Arms

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Packard Motor Car
7% Cumulative Preferred

Earnings last fiscal year over 10 times preferred dividend requirements.

Price to Yield Over 6¾%

CHASE & FALK
60 Wall Street.

American Water Wks. & Elec. 5s
Consolidated Cities Lt. Pr. & Tr. 5s
Denver Gas & Electric 5s
Western Transit 5s
Buffalo City Gas 5s

PUBLIC UTILITY SPECIALISTS
MICHAELIS & CO.
61 BROADWAY-NEW YORK
Phones: Rector 6220 to 6226
Private wire to Philadelphia.

Babcock & Wilcox
Empire Steel & Iron
Remington Typewriter
Singer Mfg.
Carbon Steel
Safety Car H. & Ltg.
American Piano

Hallowell & Henry
Tel. John 3456 27 Pine St., N. Y.

Evansville Terminal 1st 5s, 1939
Cinc., Hamilton & Dayton 1st 4½s, 1937
New Orleans, Tex. & Mex. 1st 6s, 1925
Detroit, Tol. & Ironton Bonds & Stock

Wolff & Stanley
Tel. 2860 or 6557 Broad 27 William St.

Lawyers T. & T. Co.
Mortgage Bond Co.

Frank J. M. Dillon
Tel. 548 Rector. 74 Broadway, New York.

Columbia Trust Co.
Fidelity-Phenix Ins. Co.
Wilson & Co. Pfd.
By-Products Coke Corp.

John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
115 Broadway. Tel. Rector 9876. New York.

CANADA
Canadian Securities
to yield
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W. Sturgis Macomber
The Canadian Securities Specialist
Tel. 7528 Hanover. 35 Wall St.

AMER. LIGHT & TRACTION
AMER. WATER WORKS & ELEC.
PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC
WESTERN POWER
HUDSON CO. GAS 5s 1949

H.F. McConnell & Co.
25 Pine St. Tel. 6064 John New York

Consolidation Coal Co. 6s, 1923
Steph'sville, No. & So. Tex. 1st 5s, '40
Portland General Elec. 1st 5s, 1935
Armour & Co. 1st 4½s, 1939
Tenn. Coal & Iron Gen. 5s, 1951

FINCH & TARBELL

COTTON UP 30 POINTS ON OUTSIDE DEMAND

Final Quotations Nearly 2½ Cents a Pound Above December's Low Figure.

RENEWED FIRMNESS SHOWN

Cables Report Steady Undertone in Liverpool on Trade Calling and Continental Buying.

Although the volume of trading was only moderate, the cotton market showed renewed firmness yesterday, and advanced 30 points, closing at the top, the final quotations being nearly 2½ cents a pound above the low figure touched last month.

The market opened steady at an advance of 11 to 15 points in response to firm Liverpool cables and bullish spot advices. These features encouraged the buying movement which had developed toward the end of last week, but after showing a net gain of about 15 to 20 points the market turned easier under realizing. Prices worked back to within 2 or 3 points of last week's closing level, but later moved up again on renewed covering, a broadening outside demand, and buying by spot house brokers. Active present crop deliveries sold 28 to 30 points net higher in the late trading.

Private cables reported a very steady undertone in Liverpool on trade calling and Continental buying in the absence of important offerings. Southern spot advices created a feeling in some quarters that holders of unhedged supplies in the interior were offering little cotton, and that the situation in this respect had started buying by Southern spot shorts and exporters.

No improvement was reported in the ocean freight situation. Exports for the day were 26,848 bales, making 3,284,305 so far this season, against 2,476,015 last year.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Saturday.
Jan.	18.25	18.43	18.17	18.42@18.44	18.15
Feb.	...	...	...	18.47@ ...	18.20
March	18.45	18.63	18.38	18.61@18.63	18.33
April	...	...	...	18.71@ ...	18.45
May	18.72	18.90	18.62	18.88@18.90	18.60
June	...	...	...	18.91@ ...	18.65
July	18.78	18.93	18.67	18.90@18.93	18.64
Aug.	18.40	18.40	18.40	18.35@18.60	18.29
Sept.	17.70	17.72	17.70	17.69@ ...	17.59
Oct.	17.53	17.53	17.31	17.42@17.44	17.39
Dec.	17.54	17.54	17.38	17.49@17.52	17.46

The local market for spot cotton was steady and 20 points higher, at 18.55c. for middling upland. Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were steady and higher. Mobile, 17.50c.; Savannah, 18.25c.; Charleston, 18c.; Wilmington, 18c.; Norfolk, 18.25c.; Augusta, 18.38c.; Memphis, 18.25c. and Houston, 18.40c.

The New Orleans Cotton Exchange was closed in celebration of the anniversary of the Battle of New Orleans.

The Liverpool market opened steady. There was a good demand for spot cotton, at an advance of 44 points on the basis of 11.40d for middling upland. Sales, 8,000 bales. Imports, 7,000 bales. Market closed steady at a net advance of 23@30 points. Quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Prev. Close.
Jan.-Feb.	11.00	11.11	10.99	11.04	10.77
March-April	11.07	11.17	11.04	11.10	10.84
May-June	11.08	11.19	11.06	11.13	10.88
July-August	11.08	11.16	11.05	11.11	11.86
October-Nov.	10.40	10.40	10.35	10.43	10.20

The 11 A. M. bids cabled to Liverpool were: March, 18.48; May, 18.71; July, 18.75, and October, 17.39.

PORT RECEIPTS AND STOCKS.

	Receipts.	Last Year.	Stocks.	Last Year.
Galveston	11,492	12,017	357,740	385,189
New Orleans.	3,738	4,011	488,798	430,017
Mobile	58	142	19,974	22,652
Savannah	1,592	6,489	165,174	221,518
Charleston	90	361	63,890	99,400
Wilmington	72	698	50,951	43,142
Norfolk	1,858	2,715	110,455	133,362

INTERIOR RECEIPTS AND STOCKS.

Augusta	388	547	148,882	202,910
Memphis	4,712	5,052	333,118	351,357
St. Louis	805	19,084	31,376	18,316
Houston	9,140	8,152	245,262	225,257

Manchester reported dullness in market for yarns. The higher prices being asked for cloths are checking business.

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American Oil	17¾	18¼	18	18¼
Atlantic Refining	1060	1075	1040	1060
Borne-Scrymser	470	500	470	500
Buckeye Pipe Line	115	117	116	117
Chesebrough Mfg.	440	460	440	460
Colonial Oil	50	70	50	70
Continental Oil	610	630	600	620
Crescent Pipe Line	41	44	42	44
Cumberland Pipe L.	130	140	130	140
Eureka Pipe Line	235	245	235	245
Galena S. Oil	185	190	185	190
Galena S. Oil pf.	140	145	140	145
Illinois Pipe Line	243	246	238	242
Indiana Pipe Line	113	117	113	117
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	11	11½	10¾	11¼
National Transit	19	22	18	20
N. Y. Transit	215	220	215	220
Northern Pipe Line	105	108	105	108
Ohio Oil	388	392	387	392
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co.	57	62	57	62
Prairie Oil & Gas	650	655	625	630
Prairie Pipe Line	325	330	325	332
Solar Refining	360	370	360	370
Southern Pipe Line	215	220	215	220
South. Penn. Oil	580	585	590	600
South. West. Penn.	115	120	113	120
Standard Oil of Cal.	360	365	360	365
Standard Oil of Ind.	810	820	805	815
Standard Oil of Kan.	580	585	580	595
Standard Oil of Ky.	750	770	780	780
Standard Oil of Neb.	570	590	570	590
Standard Oil of N. J.	707	713	705	710
Standard Oil of N. Y.	272	275	272	275
Standard Oil of Ohio.	435	455	450	460
Swan & Finch	115	125	115	125
Union Tank	101	103	102	104
Vacuum Oil	380	385	380	385
Washington Oil	40	45	40	45

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—Following is the weekly report of the associated banks of Boston, with comparisons:

	Jan. 6, '17.	Inc. from Prev. Wk.
Circulation	$6,372,000	*$34,000
Loans, dis., and Inv.	434,896,000	1,515,000
Ind. deps. in U. S.	362,697,000	6,412,000
Due banks	137,807,000	17,248,000
Time deposits	80,591,000	454,000
Exc. for Clear. House	22,356,000	4,453,000
Due from banks	47,424,000	4,437,000
Cash reserve	22,825,000	283,000
Res. in Fed. Res. Bk.	33,323,000	1,412,000
Res. with other banks	41,668,000	9,350,000
Exc. cash and with Fed. Res. Bk.	6,756,000	1,007,000
Excess in New York	29,315,000	9,178,000
Total excess	36,071,000	10,185,000

*Decrease.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

The wheat market was again dominated by the strength in the cash position, and prices were higher for the near months, while September was net unchanged. The visible supply of domestic wheat in the United States showed a decrease for the week of 2,598,000 bushels, which brought the total down to 56,885,900, compared with 69,826,000 last year. In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at $2.14½; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $2.24½; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $2.28½, all free on board New York.

CHICAGO PRICES

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.89½	1.85½	1.88⅝	1.84⅝	1.24⅝
July	1.54⅝	1.51⅝	1.53¼	1.51⅝	1.17½
September	1.41	1.39½	1.39⅝	1.39⅝	..

CORN.

The market for corn was firm and, while late in the day there was a partial reaction under profit taking, final prices were ⅝c net higher. The May position in Chicago sold at $1.00⅝, making a new high record for the season, and the whole market was stimulated by reports of an active export demand, with sales of about 500,000 bushels. The visible supply increased 931,000 bushels, compared with an increase of 1,576,000 last year. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at $1.13, prompt shipment, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.00¾	99	99¾	99¼	78
July	99½	98	98¾	98	78

OATS.

The oats market was firmer, in sympathy with wheat and corn, and on export sales of about 200,000 bushels. The visible decreased 28,000, compared with a decrease of 881,000 last year. The local cash market was firmer; standard quoted at 66½@67c; No. 2 white, 67½c; No. 3 white, 66@66½c; No. 4 white, 65½@66c; fancy clipped white, 68@71c; ordinary clipped white, 67@69c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	58⅞	57¾	58⅝	57⅝	48⅞
July	56	54⅞	55⅝	54⅝	47⅛

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was generally firm throughout the day on investment buying, in sympathy with the strength of grain and the higher hogs. There was also a fair volume of commission house buying and rather active covering at times, on expectations of further Belgian purchases in the near future. Closing prices were about top for the day. Receipts at Chicago amounted to 60,000 hogs, with 50,000 expected on Tuesday. All Western points had 171,000, including 10,000 at Kansas City and 11,000 at Omaha.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	15.75	15.65	15.70	15.60	10.25
May	16.20	16.07	16.17	16.05	10.47
Ribs—					
January	14.60	14.52	14.60	14.42	10.37
May	15.07	14.92	15.07	14.87	10.75
Pork—					
January	28.80	28.45	28.80	28.05	18.75
May	28.47	27.90	28.47	27.85	19.22

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was only moderately active, total sales aggregating 22,000 barrels, but the undertone was firm, and final quotations, while somewhat below the highest, were generally 3 to 12 points net higher. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	12.30@ ..	12.25
January	12.36	12.33	12.30@12.33	12.27
February	12.27	12.20	12.24@12.30	12.14
March	12.29	12.18	12.23@12.25	12.12
April	12.29	12.29	12.25@12.28	12.10
May	12.23	12.25	12.26@12.30	12.17
June	..	..	12.30@12.35	12.18
July	12.38	12.31	12.34@12.36	12.23
August	12.37	12.31	12.36@12.38	12.24

COFFEE.

A further advance during yesterday's early trading in the coffee market met considerable realizing and there were moderate reactions, with the close net 1 point lower to 3 points higher. The sales were estimated at about 50,000 bags.

The market opened unchanged to 6 points higher and sold about 4 to 8 points above Saturday's closing figures during the early trading. A fair demand was reported in the local spot market, with quotations on the basis of 10c for 7s and 11c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	..	..	8.78@8.80	8.79
February	..	..	8.84@8.86	8.85
March	8.94	8.90	8.90@8.92	8.90
April	..	..	8.96@8.97	8.96
May	9.07	9.04	9.03@9.04	9.03
June	..	..	9.07@9.08	9.03
July	9.14	9.11	9.11@9.12	9.08
August	..	..	9.15@9.16	9.13
September	9.24	9.20	9.20@9.21	9.19
October	..	..	9.26@9.27	9.25
November	..	..	9.31@9.32	9.31
December	9.44	9.39	9.36@9.37	9.36

SUGAR.

The market for sugar futures opened active, unchanged to an advance of 4 points. In the early afternoon a little profit-taking caused prices to ease rapidly, catching stop orders, and at one time values showed losses of 10 to 17 points. Late in the day there was a rally on covering, and prices gained 6 to 4 points from the low point, the close showing net losses of 7 points to a net advance of 1 point, with sales for the day estimated at 15,000 tons. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	4.45	4.35	4.37@4.38	4.40
February	4.27	4.10	4.18@4.19	4.23
March	4.20	4.07	4.10@4.12	4.17
April	..	..	4.12@4.14	4.19
May	4.23	4.10	4.15@4.16	4.22
June	4.28	4.28	4.17@4.19	4.24
July	4.31	4.26	4.21@4.23	4.26
August	..	..	4.22@4.24	4.27
September	4.28	4.28	4.24@4.26	4.28
October	..	..	4.18@4.20	4.20
November	..	..	4.15@4.17	4.15
December	..	..	4.10@4.20	4.09

The market for refined sugar was steady and unchanged, at 6.75c for fine granulated. There was only a moderate inquiry reported, but local refiners are expecting a little better business in the near future. Raw sugar was firm at last paid prices, 4¾c, cost and freight basis, with buyers of prompt Cubas at that price, but holders asking ¼c higher. Local refiners look for an increase in the demand for granulated this week, which would cause them to enter the market for prompt sugar, and with this in view holders of Cuban raws expect full prices. Quotations follow: Centrifugal, 5.38c; molasses, 4.52c; cost and freight, 4¾c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 7,103 packages. The very small proportion of high-grade fresh creamery enables holders to get full prices for such. The market on the secondary qualities, of which the supply largely consists, is unsettled and weak. Receivers are anxious to sell, and are making concessions. Creamery, higher scoring than extras, per lb., 41@41¼c; extras, 92 score, 40@40½c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 36½@39½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 34½@36c; thirds, 33@34c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 42@42½c; extras, 41@41½c; firsts, 37@40c; seconds, 35@36½c; creamery, held, higher than extras, 38@38½c; extras, 37½@37¾c; firsts, 36@37c; seconds, 34½@35½c; thirds, 33@34c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 39@39½c; good to prime, 36½@38½c; common to fair, 30@36c; renovated, extras, 34½@35c; firsts, 33@34c; lower grades, 30@32½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 32@33c; ladles, current make, firsts, 30½@31c; seconds, 28½@30c; lower grades, 28@29c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 29½@30c; No. 2, 28½@29c; lower grades, 27@28c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 4,717 cases. The scarcity of fresh gathered Western and Southern eggs continues unrelieved, and dealers are having difficulty in obtaining enough stock for urgent needs. Prices show further improvement and closed strong. Storage eggs are held with increased confidence, and the sales reported show some further improvement in prices. Most of the remaining stock comes in the classification of seconds, only a small proportion passing as firsts. There is a good movement at the improvement quoted. Nearby white eggs are cleaning up better and rule firmer. Two more cars of California whites were placed on the market and met a fair demand; the sales reported were chiefly at 51½c for medium quality, but some lots are held higher, and some sales of Southern white eggs of fine quality have been made up to 52c. Nearby brown and mixed eggs scarce and commanding firm prices. Fresh gathered, extra fine, per dozen, 53c; extra firsts, 51@53c; firsts, 49@50c; seconds and poorer, 43@45c; Fall gathered, poor to good, 34@40c; refrigerator, firsts, 36½@37½c; seconds, 35½@36½c; lower grades, 33@35c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 54@56c; ordinary good, 48@53c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 48@54c; nearby pullets' eggs, whites, 42@46c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 49@52c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 53@54c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 49@53c.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Forecast:

N. Car., S. Car., Ga., Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Fair and moderate temperatures Tues. and Wed.; gentle, variable winds.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; moderate temperature.

Ind.—Fair Tues. and probably Wed.; moderate temperature; strong westerly winds.

Ohio—Fair Tues. and probably Wed.; somewhat lower temperature Wed.; strong westerly winds.

Lower Mich.—Overcast Tues. and Wed.; somewhat lower temperature; strong westerly winds.

Upper Mich—Overcast and somewhat lower temperature Tues. and Wed.; probably snow flurries near Lake Superior; moderate, variable winds.

La., Okla., Ark., E. and W. Tex.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Ill., Mo., Iowa, Wis., N. Dak., S. Dak., Neb., and Kan.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; colder Tues.

Minn.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; colder Tues.; much colder in S.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 612,745 shares of stocks and $460,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 56,233; railroads, 1,800; oils, 170,197, and mining, 384,515. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
4,000	‡Aetna Expl.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
2,800	‡Am. Dr. Synd.	14¼	15⅛	14¼	14⅛
200	Am. Int. Cor. ($50 paid)	56	56	55	55
45	Atlantic Steel	140	140	135	140
200	Am. Wr. Paper	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
500	Brit.-Am. Tob., ord. 'b'	20	20	20	20
300	‡Cal. S'build.	15½	15½	15½	15½
200	Carwan Steel	12	12	12	12
300	‡Central F'dry	24¾	24¾	24	24
1,500	Chevr. Motor.	135	135	125	130
125	Emer. Phon.	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜
100	Has. & E. Car.	40	40	40	40
300	Int. Arms Puse Secur. Corp.	24½	24½	24¼	24¼
200	‡Inter. Motors, new, w. i.	17	17	17	17
3,400	††Jop. Ore Sp., new	30	30	30	30
100	Keyst. T. & R.	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾
1,500	‡Lima Loco. n.	52	53⅜	52	53¼
23	‡Luk. S. 1st pf.	99½	99½	99½	99½
100	Mar. of Am.	3	3	3	3
500	Marlin Arms, v. t. ctfs.	59	59	55	58
7,200	‡Maxim Mun.	3	3	2¾	2¾
300	‡Mex. P. Co.	20¾	20¾	20¼	20¼
10,400	‡Midvale Steel	62¾	62⅝	61½	61⅞
300	‡Mitchell Mot.	55	55	54⅜	54⅜
400	‡Nat. Acme	35	37	35	37
800	‡N. Y. Shipb.	45	45	44½	44½
1,000	N. A. P. & P.	8⅝	8⅝	8¼	8½
600	‡Pan-Am. Mun.	15½	16	15½	16
240	A.O.Smith Cor.	40	40	*38	39
4,500	‡Smith M. T.	6¼	7¼	6¼	7⅛
100	Smith & Terry Trans. pf.	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
500	‡St. Jos. Lead.	17½	17½	17	17½
700	‡Stand. Mot.	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
5,200	Submar. Boat, v. t. ctfs.	24½	24½	22	22½
200	‡U. S. Light & Heat Corp.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,000	U. S. S. Co.	6	6¼	6	6¼
2,800	‡United Motors	46½	46½	45½	45⅝
800	‡United Alloys Steel Corp.	49	49	48¼	48½
2,500	‡Wright-Martin Aircraft Cp.	13	13	11	13
500	‡Zinc Con. Co.	4¼	4½	4¼	4¼

RAILROADS.

100	‡Rock Isl'd w.i.	40	40	40	40
1,200	St. L., R. M. & P. v. t. ctfs.	31	33	31	33
500	‡Western Pac.	21	21½	21	21

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25	Atlantic Ref.	1,080	1,070	1,080	+25
60	Ill. Pipe Line	242	240	242	+ 2
12	Std. Oil, N. J.	715	709	709	+ 4

OTHER OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,900	‡BarnettO.& G.	3	3	2½	2½
150	‡Con. Mex. Oil, (a prospect)	1	1	1	1
1,000	‡Cosden & Co., (oil refiners)	17¾	18	17½	17¾
7,200	‡Cos. Oil & G.	16½	16½	10¼	16¼
1,200	‡Federal Oil	6⅜	6½	6⅜	6⅜
2,500	‡Gen. Ref. & Prod.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
12,500	Kenova, (pros.)	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
2,000	‡Merrit Corp.	12¾	12¾	11⅜	12¾
20,000	††Midwest Oil	73	74	70	71
800	‡Monongah Oil	2	2	2	2
4,000	††Okla. Oil	10¼	11	10½	11
9,600	Okla. Prod. & R.	14⅛	14½	13¾	13⅝
4,800	‡Oma. Oil & G.	38	38	35	36
20,000	‡Osage Homony	9	9⅜	8	9⅜
1,500	Penn. Gasoline	1⅜	1⅜	1¼	1¼
1,500	‡Royal Dutch.	66½	66½	65⅜	66¼
500	‡Sapulpa O. & R.	10	10⅜	10	10⅜
550	Savoy Oil	11½	12	*11	12
28,800	SequoyahO. & R.	1½	2¼	1½	2⅛
2,000	‡Sinclair Oil	61¼	61¼	60½	61⅜
400	‡South'n Oil & T.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
23,300	Unit. Western	⅞	1⅛	⅞	⅛
1,500	‡Utah Petrol. (a prospect)	58	60	58	60
1,200	Vacuum G. & O.	½	⅝	½	⅝
14,500	‡Victoria Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
4,700	††W. End Oil & G.	20	*25	20	20

MINING STOCKS.

2,700	Alaska-Br. C. Metals	⅝	⅝	½	⅝
7,800	Alas. M. Corp.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
3,000	‡Alas. S. Cop	¼	¼	¼	¼
40,000	††Am. Com.	9	11	9	10
15,600	††Ariz. Chlor.	63	66	63	67
4,300	††Atlanta	10	10	9½	10
500	Big Jim	1⅜	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
1,000	Cin. Copper	4¼	4¼	4	4⅛
2,175	‡Bisbee Copper (a pros.)	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
6,500	‡Bitter Creek (a pros.)	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
200	††Booth	8	8	8	8
5,000	††Boston Creek	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
5,000	Bos. & Mont.	76	76	73	75
4,250	‡Brad. Cop. M.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
1,300	Butte C. & Z. v. t. ctfs.	9⅞	10	9⅝	9⅞
4,000	Butte Detroit.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
100	Butte-N. Y.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
400	Butte Zen.Ith.	6⅜	6⅜	6¼	6⅜
1,200	†Caledonia	52	58	52	53
7,000	‡Cal. & Jerome	2	2	1⅞	2
400	Canada Cop.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,000	C. de P. Cop.	37⅜	*37⅞	37	37
500	Cerro Gordo M.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
3,200	††Com. M. Co.	20	20	20	20
3,500	Con. Ariz. Sm.	1⅛	2	1⅛	1⅛
300	Con. Cop. Min.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
500	‡Cons.-Home	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,500	Cresson Con. G.	7¼	7¼	7	7⅛
350	Dundee-Ariz. C. (a prospect)	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
6,000	Ely Consol.	15	17	15	16
3,100	‡Emma Copper	2	2¼	2	2¼
1,250	‡Goldf. Cons.	70	70	69	70
1,500	††Gold. Merger	6¼	7	6¼	7
1,700	††G. Canyon G.	14	15	14	15
6,000	††Monster M.	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2¼
20,000	Hargraves M.	19	21	19	19
1,400	Hecla Mining	7⅝	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜
800	Howe Sound.	7⅛	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜
500	Insp. Needles C. (a prospect)	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
200	‡Iron Blossom	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000	J. Verde (a pr.)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
22,000	Independence L.	16⅛	18	16⅛	17¼
1,100	‡Jumbo Ext.	20	20	20	20
500	††Kewanaa	20	20	20	20
700	Loma Prie'a M.	..	..	..	..
1,000	C. (a pros.)	1⅜	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
8,000	Louisiana Con.	90	90	90	90
3,300	‡Magma Chief	87½	87½	80	80
400	Magma Copper	41	41	41	41
5,000	Majestic Min.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,700	‡Marsh. Min.	9½	10	8½	10
2,000	‡Mason Valley.	5⅞	5⅞	5¾	5⅞
200	†McKin.-Dar.	50	50	50	50
900	‡Moj. Tung.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
800	Monitor Silver	1¼	1¼	1	1
6,000	‡Monster Ch.	½	½	½	½
700	††Mont. G. M.	79	79	79	79
40,000	††Mother Lode	45	46	44½	45
1,300	††N. H. Mont.	85	85	85	85
3,000	‡Newray M.	1⅜	1½	1⅜	1½
500	N. Utah Bing.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
300	Nip. Mines	8⅞	8⅞	8½	8½
15,000	‡OhioC.nw.w.l.	1½	1½	1⅜	1⅜
200	††Old E. Leas.	63	63	60	63
800	Pitts.-Idaho	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
3,800	Prog. M. & M.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞

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ANNALIST REVIEWS BUSINESS OF 1916

What This Country Accomplished and the Outlook for This Year.

PROBLEMS TO BE SOLVED

"After War" and "Gold" Discussed, and How to Promote Efficiency in Foreign Trade.

The Annual Review of The Annalist, a magazine of finance, commerce and economics, published by the New York Times Company, was issued yesterday, with seventy-two pages and more than twenty-five articles dealing with many phases of the business activities and possibilities of the last year. The leading editorial article is on the subject of "Our After-War Problem," and discusses what will probably be necessary to replace "the abnormal stimulant" of the war, mentioning among other factors, co-operation that is "enlightened selfishness • • • selfishness relieved of sordidness," and national legislation designed to remove obstacles to development.

"Our Golden Problem," is an article by A. C. Miller, of the Federal Reserve Board, which deals with the dangers arising from a great inflow of gold and other factors in credit expansion, and discusses the problems in the light of what can be done to overcome them. Edward N. Hurley, Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, writes of his commission as "constructive," and shows how it seeks to promote co-operation of government and business in foreign trade and to make more efficient the handling of industry at home.

Shipbuilding, its past, present and future in the United States, is discussed by E. T. Chamberlain, United States Commissioner of Navigation. "Prosperity's Reflex on the Labor Market" is the subject of Royal Meeker, United States Commissioner of Labor Statistics.

William A. Day, President of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, writes an article on the "Progress of 'Enlightened Selfishness'" and finds that employers, discovering that group insurance more than pays for itself in good will and increased efficiency, are availing themselves of it on a vast scale. "The Future of the Jitney," is considered in an article by Harlow C. Clark, editor of Aera.

"Foreign Trade Currents" are discussed by O. P. Austin, Statistician of the Foreign Trade Department of the National City Bank, and "Peace Trade in Steel" is the subject of an article by C. B. McElhany, Vice President of the American Steel Export Company.

Foreign correspondence and discussions of business in other nations are liberally included in the review.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

COLORADO & SOUTHERN—

	1916.	Increase.
4th week December	$539,175	$5,846
Month of December	1,583,162	54,098
July 1-Dec. 31	9,004,132	700,575
GREAT NORTHERN—		
December gross	6,961,732	*$62,369
Six months gross	47,138,463	1,750,395
ILLINOIS CENTRAL—		
December gross	6,440,000	863,177
Six months gross	38,492,591	4,176,230
PERE MARQUETTE—		
4th week December	584,308	*24,434
Month of December	1,988,814	113,667
July 1-Dec. 31	11,927,902	1,396,785
RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—		
4th week December	15,683	1,572
Month of December	53,004	7,111
July 1-Dec. 31	325,838	26,139
TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—		
4th week December	96,078	*18,113
Month of December	461,505	*53,993
July 1-Dec. 31	3,078,987	284,354
YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY—		
December gross	1,681,008	312,163
Six months gross	8,592,504	1,589,494
NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD		
for November—	1916.	1915.
Mileage of road operated	2,004	2,004
Railway operating revs	6,840,778	6,407,278
Op. exp. and undl. railway revenues and taxes	4,763,322	4,359,656
Railway op. income	2,077,456	2,047,517
Non-operating income	144,278	113,074
Gross income	2,221,720	2,160,591
Ded.—Interest, rents, &c	1,649,198	1,640,390
Net corporate income	572,531	520,591
Five Months to Nov. 30—		
Railway operating revs	$5,150,946	$1,763,061
Op. exp. and undl. railway revenues and taxes	24,081,611	21,050,262
Railway op. income	11,069,335	10,714,858
Non-operating income	777,421	683,524
Gross income	11,846,757	11,397,066
Ded.—Interest, rents, &c	8,205,716	8,085,120
Net corporate income	3,641,040	3,311,973

Public Utilities.

BANGOR ELECTRIC for November—

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
Gross	$78,266	$65,711	$7,587
Net aft. taxes	31,961	32,258	*297
Sur. aft. chgs.	13,500	14,784	*1,174
12 mos. gross	823,548	787,085	36,518
Net aft. taxes	370,003	291,250	*21,247
Sur. aft. chgs.	156,134	178,899	*22,765
Bal. aft. div.	91,184	79,989	*22,705
CHATTANOOGA RAILWAY & LIGHT CO. for November—			
Gross	103,536	98,812	4,724
Net aft. taxes	29,670	37,275	*7,604
Sur. aft. chgs.	165	7,652	*7,717
12 mos. gross	1,320,203	1,071,013	159,192
Net aft. taxes	431,794	340,977	90,817
Sur. aft. chgs.	75,845	116,388	92,183
CLEVELAND, PAINESVILLE & EASTERN RAILROAD for November—			
Gross	35,958	33,941	2,017
Net aft. taxes	14,642	17,098	*2,455
Sur. aft. chgs.	2,966	6,001	*$3,035
11 mos. gross	426,105	393,349	32,756
Net aft. taxes	184,318	180,486	5,831
Sur. aft. chgs.	58,627	59,549	*922
CUMBERLAND COUNTY POWER & LIGHT for November—			
Gross	229,086	212,306	16,780
Net aft. taxes	75,455	83,120	*7,665
Sur. aft. chgs.	6,997	19,957	*$12,960
12 mos. gross	2,545,847	2,415,620	$129,727
Net aft. taxes	1,004,804	1,124,778	*$50,474
Sur. aft. chgs.	285,496	335,556	*$50,060
Bal. aft. pf. div.	147,466	197,566	*$50,099
EASTON & LOUIS & SUBURBAN for November—			
Gross	278,467	219,595	58,872
Net aft. taxes	110,448	92,044	18,404
Sur. aft. chgs.	47,253	29,165	17,978
12 mos. gross	2,970,034	2,442,800	527,174
Net aft. taxes	1,102,860	1,001,121	191,739
Sur. aft. chgs.	438,903	236,040	202,555
Bal. aft. pf. div.	258,996	26,040	232,655
GRAND RAPIDS RAILWAY for November—			
Gross	102,921	99,020	3,901
Net aft. taxes	35,215	32,996	2,220
Sur. aft. chgs.	17,803	18,773	*$80
12 mos. gross	1,250,412	1,150,933	100,039
Net aft. taxes	449,272	367,138	82,804
Sur. aft. chgs.	208,385	272,264	66,024
Bal. aft. pf. div.	178,621	127,264	49,357
LAKE SHORE ELECTRIC for November—			
Gross	125,610	112,882	12,728
Net aft. taxes	38,821	38,056	*784
Sur. aft. chgs.	2,553	2,064	488
11 mos. gross	1,468,736	1,283,352	$26,405
Net aft. taxes	543,940	442,267	101,673
Sur. aft. chgs.	143,856	44,979	98,877
LEWISTON, AUGUSTA & WATERVILLE for November—			
Gross	61,871	57,229	4,462
Net aft. taxes	14,411	16,582	*2,151
Sur. aft. chgs.	*835	603	*1,438
12 mos. gross	797,718	720,994	68,824
Net aft. taxes	254,844	256,804	*1,960
Sur. aft. chgs.	97,378	97,637	*741
Bal. aft. pf. div.	30,532	31,273	*741
NASHVILLE RAILWAY & LIGHT for November—			
Gross	199,981	185,290	14,271
Net after taxes	70,461	67,666	11,788
Sur. aft. chgs.	37,147	24,791	12,356
13 mos. gross	2,370,491	2,186,817	283,674
Net after taxes	824,868	828,809	100,776
Sur. aft. chgs.	414,794	325,089	89,705
Bal. aft. pf. div.	289,794	200,000	89,705

Miscellaneous.

ST. LOUIS, ROCKY MOUNTAIN & PACIFIC for November—

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
Gross	361,026	212,338	38,688
Net after taxes	80,488	66,351	14,137
Sur. after chgs.	40,276	34,312	14,964
5 mos. gross	1,158,089	1,171,075	*12,986
Net after taxes	340,421	334,325	6,096
Sur. aft. chgs.	180,453	163,894	16,549

*Decrease. †Deficit.

December sales of S. H. KRESS & CO. were $2,633,561, an increase of $416,918 over 1915. The 1916 sales were $15,122,538, an increase of $2,701,302 over the year 1915.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Periods.	Payable.	Holders of Record.
Ft. W., R. G. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 20
General Motors Corp.	$1	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 20
De pf.	1¼	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 20
General Motors Co.	$5	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 20
Basin Petrol.	2½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Miss. R. & Bonn. L. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 20
Mt. Nickel	2½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 13
Shannon Copper	$.25	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Shannon Copper	.20c	Ex.	Feb. 15	Jan. 31

FOR WINTER EVENINGS.

Get a strong, handsome binder to hold The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial. Splendid pictures for an evening's entertainment. Cloth, $1.25; leather, $2. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

MORE SUGAR PRODUCTION.

Yield of 4,000,000 Bags Reported by Cuban Company.

Stockholders of the Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation were informed by the management at the annual meeting yesterday that production in the current season would probably approach 4,000,000 bags of raw sugar, compared with 3,100,000 bags last season. The estimated output of the Stewart Sugar Company, recently bought, was included in the total. Albert Strauss, Chairman of the corporation, said that the surplus of last year's operations had been used to pay for the Stewart Company. The anual report of a few days ago showed that the surplus was close to $10,000,000.

The Board of Directors was reduced from twenty-four to twenty-two members. It was announced that shipping contracts at advantageous rates had been made for 2,000,000 bags of the current season's yield. The corporation, formed early last year, owns plantations in Cuba.

EXTRA 13% BANK DIVIDEND.

Fidelity Trust Co., Newark, to Distribute Public Service Shares.

The Board of Directors of the Fidelity Trust Company in Newark yesterday declared an extra dividend of 13 per cent., payable in the stock of the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey. The dividend will be paid on Jan. 15 to stockholders of record Dec. 30. The stock will be taken from the Fidelity's investment holdings and apportioned to the bank's stockholders at the current market value of $130 a share. The extra dividend added to the quarterly payment makes a total payment for last year of $900,000. The trust company's capital is $3,000,000.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.04	Mexican	.08
Andes	.20	Occidental	.05
Best & Belcher	.08	Ophir	.17
Caledonia	.25	Overman	.06
Challenge Con	.05	Potosi	.01
Choller	.03	Savage	.06
Confidence	.10	Sec. Belcher	.02
Con. Virginia	.06	Sierra Nevada	.21
Gould & Curry	.06	Union Con	.39
Hale & Norcross	.07	Utah	.01
Jacket	.04	Mexican dollars	.67½
Kentucky	.04		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	4.50	Florence	.21
Jim Butler	.58	Goldfield Con	.71
McNamara	.06	Goldfield Merger	.06
Midway	.20	Great Bend	.07
Mizpah Ext	.15	Jumbo Ext	.30
Montana-Tonopah	.13	Kewanaa	.19
Rescue	.24	Silver Pick	.24
Tonopah Ext	4.00	Stearsboat	.06
Tonopah Nevada	6.50	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West End	.68	Big Jim	1.25
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.22
Atlanta	.09	Packard	.43
Booth	.09	Rochester	.04
Comb. Fraction	.05	Round Mountain	.39
Diamond'd B. B.	.04	United Eastern	5.00
Daisy	.04	United Mines	1.20
		White Caps	.39

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	7¼	7.8	Gold Sov.	6¾	7¼
Dr. Jackpot	9½	9¾	Granite	55	60
Elkton	14¾	15	Isabella	20¾	21¼
El Paso	49	50	McKinney	33	35
Findlay	5	6	Portland	198¾	200
Gold Cycle	262	265	U. Gold M.	23¾	25
Gold Doll.	2¼	4	Vindicator	130	140

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

GEORGE SCHMIDT, clerk, 422 East 147th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $66,950 and $1,964 assets.

MOSES SHAFFRON.—Two petitions in bankruptcy have been filed against Moses Shaffron, trading as M. Shaffron & Co., 5 and 10 cent store, 790 Columbus Avenue, by William Goldenblum & Co., $246; Burnstine & Nachman, $267; Anthony J. Kirchgessner, $100; Henry Greenstein, $125; Bertha Steinhardt, $400, and Jerome Antler, $66. Judge A. N. Hand appointed Elwood M. Rasbnold receiver, bond $1,000. Liabilities are $10,000 and assets $2,000.

ROSENBLUM & GASSAR.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Rosenblum & Gassar, grocers, 1,508 Amsterdam Avenue, by Austin Nichols & Co., $169; Health Food Company, $90, and Markowitz & Shalit, $351. Liabilities are $1,800 and assets $1,000.

LOUIS SPRUNG, 126 Columbia Street, clerk, formerly a partner in the Crown Telescope Case Company of 316 Church Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,186 and no assets.

SIMOOX, INC.—Judge A. N. Hand has confirmed a composition of Simoox, Inc., dressmaker, 535 Fifth Avenue, with creditors at 40 cents on the dollar. Liabilities were $28,268.

COMFORT CLOTHING COMPANY.—Judge A. N. Hand has confirmed a composition of the Comfort Clothing Company of 28 East Fourth Street, with creditors at 17½ cents on the dollar cash. Liabilities were $15,098.

BANKLER & ROGOFF, trading as the Hygrade Flower and Feather Company, of 7 Great Jones Street, have filed schedules showing liabilities of $10,093 and assets of $1,100.

JACOB MARKS.—Judge A. N. Hand has appointed William H. Culber of Yonkers receiver for Jacob Marks, Man's Furnishings, New Rochelle; bond, $1,000. The stock is valued at $2,500.

Judge A. N. Hand, in the United States District Court yesterday, granted discharges to these bankrupts:

ELIZABETH EUELL, 946 St. Nicholas Avenue, formerly President of a contracting company; liabilities, $76,268.

ROBERT FRIEDMAN, 52 Bradhurst Avenue, formerly builder; liabilities, $75,060.

CREEDEN & PITOU, State road contractors, 32 Beaver Street; liabilities, $50,586.

BURRIT S. MILLS, salesman, 105 West Fifty-fifth Street; liabilities, $7,397.

CLYDE COLT, broker, 1,476 Broadway.

WILLIAM KOHN, chauffeur, 2 West Nineteenth Street.

LOPEZ & SCHAVRIEN, 180 Bleecker Street.

CHARLES GLUCK, salesman, 204 West 120th Street.

BENJAMIN COHEN, liquors, 201 Second Street.

DAVID GOROS, plumber, 1,052 Tremont Avenue.

JACOB J. ECHRENSAAL, 674 West 161st Street, formerly President of D. & E. Dress Company.

Mme. IDA BULKIN, dressmaker, 561 Madison Avenue.

LEIBOWITZ & GOLDSTEIN, 28 Great Jones Street.

JOSEPH A. O'NEILL, fur merchant, 525 West Forty-seventh Street.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed today against the Globe Exporting Company, 153 Milk Street, at the instance of two New York creditors, with claims aggregating $2,434. The creditors represented that the company was concealing part of its assets with intent to defraud its creditors.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 8.—Willis P. Clement, a theatrical manager, 3,417 Indiana Avenue, voluntary petition in bankruptcy filed; liabilities, $17,525; assets, $250.

Christian J. Spanier, a collector, 1,143 Montana Street, voluntary petition in bankruptcy filed; liabilities, $50,000; assets, $475.

Montgomery W. Voorheis, individually, and as the Laclede Mills salesman, 1,114 Pratt Boulevard; liabilities, $109,570; assets, none.

Samuel Greenblatt, a merchant, 3,852 West Twelfth Street, voluntary petition in bankruptcy filed; liabilities, $11,552; assets, $4,816.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Braun, John and Paul—W. W. Smith...$582.63
Same—same...147.89
Beyer, Emil—Hardman, Peck & Co...179.91
Blair, Francis W.—P. D. Lincolnian...418.21
Block, Alexander—C. W. Slade...2,883.54
Beaver Building Co.—J. Disenbacher Same—P. Disenbacher...15,111.50
Bay Ridge Theatre Corp.—Equitable Accident and Guarantee Corp., Ltd., of London...400.20
Bowen, Frank H.—A. C. E. Hill et al...123.64
Burnofsky, Philip—L. C. Lockwood et al...140.01
Browning, Edw. W.—M. A. Levinson...426.62
Bunker, Henry A.—W. Klein...750.00
Barton, Samuel F.—Bristol & Barber...111.97
City of N. Y.—Henahaw...200.00
Cahill, William—Hollywood Co...154.29
Comstock, Chas. G., Jr.—W. H. Ellison et al...108.83
Collins, Matthew J.—D. M. Bedell...274.19
Cocos, Joseph A.—Carl H. Pass Motors Co., Inc...184.21
Cantor, Morris—Co-operating Jewish Farmers' Creamery Co., Inc...170.76
Crusco, Pietro—J. Crusco...339.41
De Reyman, Frieda C.—C. D. Marks...226.09
Dansen, Michael—A. Gerschel...100.00
De Castillo, Edmond R.—C. K. Frankhauser...823.80
Estate of Lawrence Callanan, Inc.—V. Grande...112.41
Elms, Leonard B.—C. Lederer...251.41
Fellner, Alexis J.—J. B. Nugent...226.76
Finkelstein, Benjamin or Benj. F., and William Finkel—C. Mann...111.91
Fitch, Alfred W.—Lords Court Building...353.30
Freifeld, Louis—Hardman, Peck & Co...188.91
Frank, Isaac S.—C. H. Higgins...100.89
Goldstein, Isidor—R. Freifeld...197.50
Greenberg, Harry—A. Barse...238.53
Gunther, Arthur—Cudahy Packing Co...240.11
Gumbinger, Samuel E.—A. A. Herrman...458.46
Harris-Rose Coast Co.—M. Harris...1,080.87
Hoffman, Francis—I. Bloom...198.33
Hamilton H. Solomon & Co., Inc.—W. Herrick et al...419.91
Hausman, Morris—P. Flax...104.09
Holzman, Cohen & Co., Inc.—Prime Hat Co., Inc...904.44
Jedel, Mathilda—E. Lechler...704.53
Klasek, Charles—J. Oliva et al...501.52
Kastner, Edward—Crest Improvement and Development Co., Inc...173.12
King, Thomas—City of N. Y., costs...117.15
Levitt, Philip—C. W. Slade...2,345.90
Leszczynski, Michael or Mike—M. Zglobicki...1,043.03
Ladd, Ernest W.—Zadd Wilde...200.00
Leopold, Gans & Co.—Albert Frank & Co...989.99
McLaughlin, James—E. Kleiner & Co., Inc...107.68
M. B. W. Realty Co.—Metropolitan Electric Protective Co., Inc...362.86
Metros, Harry A.—J. M. Thompson...101.81
Metropolitan Street Railway Co.—B. Oppenheim...1,255.85
Nicholson, Harry H.—Oneida National Bank of Utica, N. Y...793.45
Nicholson, Harry H., and Wanoka Greenhouses—Oneida National Bank of Utica, N. Y...1,007.76
Oppenheim, Benjamin—O. Root...117.32
Same—H. A. Robinson et al...622.54
Same—A. F. McCabe...307.09
Same—H. P. Whitney...116.97
Powers, James J.—City of N. Y., costs...126.59
Prince, Victor—M. Harcourt et al...164.16
Pech, Charles J., or Chas. J. Peck—Philip Freeman & Bros...146.77
Rinaloff, Elias—A. Josephson...195.13
Reilly, Maintenance Corp.—John Roebling & Sons' Co...218.58
Rubel, Barney & David Seidman—L. Firtel...467.63
Ringhopp, Louis—J. H. Kellough et al...305.93
Regis Silmon Mfg. Co., Inc.—I. Tennenbaum, Son & Co...121.66
Rassari, Mattio & Joseph Bassler—R. Freifeld...200.03
Runkle, Maurice—Richards & Hirschfeld, Inc...294.84
Schmidt, Arthur—N. Y. Distributing Co...170.28
Steinberg, Jacob—Piedmont Winery Inc...112.91
St. Luce, Marie—H. E. Fox...340.08
Schmodtmann, William—E. C. Behrman et al...182.25
Schatzky, John D.—Metro Clothes...179.19
Sherpe Building Co.—N. Y. Life Ins. Co...38,788.65
Senor, Louis H.—S. M. Levy, costs...111.34
Solegel Louis—National Surety Co...114.40
Seligk, Sarah—Orane & Harte, Inc...118.67
Silverman, Joseph—J. P. O'Connor...157.50
Stern, Milton H.—S. Oppenheimer...158.01
Sparling, Norman J.—W. Vincent...139.49
Stein, Kate, and Abraham Treibitz—People, &c...300.00
29th St. Construction Co. & Samuel Gordon—L. L. Cosgrove...1,138.27
Udall, John C., D. L. Shoemaker...172.83
Veselak, Frank—V. Huthause...115.91
Universal Steam Laundry Co., Inc.—I. Schapiefer...368.91
Willard, Charles—D. Anderson...394.70
Weisel tz, Joseph—N. Y. Carved Moulding Co., Inc...615.00
Zacatecas Mining & Metallurgical Co.—W. J. Hogg...30,877.83
Zuzenberg, Isidore, by gdn.—J. Block, costs...106.06

In Bronx County.

Anastasius Timothy—L. Asimakis...$69.80
Cohen, David J.—Louis Steinik, Annie Cohen, and Paula Steinik—Wotherspoon Plaster Mills, Inc...76.60
Esseman, David—A. Levin...264.52
Humbert, Jean B.—E. F. Branning et al...167.66
Hoytreis Construction Co., John Robinson Hoyt, and Isidor Reis—Lenox Sand and Gravel Co...528.72
Hadden Realty Co.—United States Trust Co. of New York...2,726.87
Johnson, Oscian—Dimock & Fink Co...261.84
Janpole & Werner Construction Co., Aaron M. Janpole, and Louis Werner—I. Rosenfeld...576.78
Krotenberg, Samuel—A. Heiss...61.91
Kuhne, Frank—H. G. Bolkman...44.97
McCarthy, Jonathan—M. Meyer...43.62
Monk, Abraham—G. Grossman...78.29
M. J. B. Construction Co.—S. A. Hesse, as guardian...3,145.60
Pellegrino, Antonio—H. Reubert...129.60
Silverman, Sam—J. Massof...30.72
205 West Sixty-ninth Street Corporation, James F. Meehan, and Robert Fodgur—I. W. Horn...189.64
Tobynne, Charles N.—A. S. Alve Instrument Co...48.91
Tietjen, Ernest A.—E. W. Tietjen...1,864.86
Verity, Thomas—J. M. Minugh Co...67.67
Warren, Rose—S. Trimmer & Sons, Inc...55.06

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second, that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Kunstler, Isidor—Frank V. Strauss & Co., March 4, 1914, canceled...$240.96
Same—W. V. Astor, April 3, 1914, canceled...217.75
Mandeville, Henry T.—Royal Eastern Electrical Supply Co., Feb. 4, 1910...196.19
Same—L. Elsenberg et al., June 1, 1910...339.57
Bloom, Jacob, and Samuel Greenfield—People, &c., Dec. 27, 1916, vacated...1,500.00
Poahkoff, Meyer—City of N. Y., Oct. 5, 1916, vacated...263.10
Seed Filter & Mfg. Co., Inc.—J. F. Stocking, Feb. 24, 1916, canceled...2,085.14
Farrell, John—Globe Indemnity Co., Feb. 28, 1916...2,934.79
Garis, Victor E.—V. Neuberger, Feb. 26, 1915...177.10
Same—J. C. Zimmerman, July 6, 1914...316.91
Springer, Cora A.—Lowe's Theatrical Bldg. Corp., May 23, 1916...112.50
Seed Filter & Mfg. Co., Inc.—James F. Stocking, March 13, 1916...108.95
Michelson, Morris—J. Lish & Co., Inc., Nov. 9, 1916...1,158.75
Ottenberg, Bernard A., Lucien D. Block, and Julius Rannheim—F. Freund, Dec. 5, 1916...750.00
Thomas, William J.—S. Opelinsky, June 5, 1911...898.85
N. Y. Consolidated R. R. Co.—A. Siegel, Dec. 15, 1915...232.63

In Bronx County.

Cosmopolitan Basin Columbia Construction Co., Dec. 21, 1916...500.00
Farrell, John—Globe Indemnity Co., March 4, 1916...2,934.79
Knapp, Edward J.—F. F. French, May 4, 1916...30.42
Knapp, Edward J.—F. F. French et al., May 4, 1916...14.43
Massico, Antonio—V. Daria, Oct. 4, 1916...97.91
Presser, Abraham—L. H. Goldberg, Aug. 16, 1915...43.13

U. S. SECOND IN GOLD MINED.

Country's Rank Not Affected by Slight Reduction in 1916.

The slight reduction in gold production by the United States in 1916, when compared with its high record in 1915, will not change the country's rank as the world's second largest producer of gold, according to a statement given out by the Foreign Trade Department of the National City Bank of New York yesterday.

The bank's compilation shows that the United States, even at the unusually low figure of $92,000,00 now estimated for its 1916 output, still far outranks any other country of the world except the Transvaal mining region of South Africa, and that this country will still supply the normal 20 per cent. of the gold output of the world.

"Our production in the decade ending with 1916," the statement says, "was in round terms $950,000,000, or an average of $95,000,000 a year, while the output of the world in that period was about $5,420,000,000. Thus our own gold production in the decade ending with 1916 has been slightly more than 20 per cent. of the world's total for that period. There have been only a half-dozen occasions in our history in which the gold output of the country exceeded the estimate now named for 1916, the highest record in any year having been that of 1915—$101,000,000."

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 8.—Fifty-three corporations, having aggregate capitalization of $8,493,800, were chartered today. They included:

Haytian-American Corp., Millbrook, brokerage, manufacturing, construction, financial agents, development in Republic of Haiti; 60,000 shares $100 each; 120,000 shares no par value; carry on business with $6,000,000, (tax paid, $9,000); H. C. Straude, Port au Prince, Haiti; E. H. York, G. B. Caldwell, 2 W. 45 St., Manhattan.

Condax Tobacco Co., Inc., mfrs. tobacco, matchlights, pipes, smokers' articles, $1,000,000; I. Radin, B. A. and N. A. Condax, 1,307 New York Av., Rosebank.

Walzer Bros. Corp., Brooklyn, contracting, construction, brokerage, building loans, $25,000; F. H. Greene, E. E. Walzer, M. Walzer, 881A Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

The 134 William St. Co., Inc., realty, and interest in 130-134 William St. property, $250,000; F. Rosenzweig, C. H. Meyer, W. J. Rose, 2 W. 89 St.

Salux Drug Co., Eastern Branch, Inc., Buffalo, drugs, medicines, $250,000; A. E. McBride, R. C. Taylor, F. C. Sies, 507 Iroquois Bldg., Buffalo.

Post Van Der Berg Co., New York, Inc., exporters, importers merchandise articles, $100,000; A. S. Werblin, C. E. Benoit, C. L. Gonnet, 19 Cedar St.

The Royal Collar Co., Inc., wearing apparel, collars, cuffs, neckwear, $100,000; L. A. Hammersley, R. S. Oglesby, H. L. Brown, 200 5th Av.

Manufacturers' Pure Food Co., Inc., Brooklyn, packing, canning jobbing grocer specialties, $60,000; I. Politziner, H Sklamberg, J. Socolof, 507 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

Horne Mfg. Co., Inc., Brooklyn, signaling devices, brakes, equipment, $50,000; L. W. Horne, C. L. and A. C. Henry, Inwood.

Erlanger & Reis, Inc., buttons, dress trimmings, $50,000; H. Reis, H. and M. Erlanger, 790 Riverside Drive.

Dowst & Co., Inc., bonds, other securities, stocks, $50,000; R. Stiles, E. L. Starr, H. P. Dowst, 234 Abingdon Road, Kew Gardens.

Impervious Containers Corp., Buffalo, trademarks, trade names, patents, inventions, $50,000; R. E. Barnwell, J. L. Helder, C. W. Shevlin, 12 Shepard St., Toronto, Ont.

The Consumers United Stores Co., Inc., Port Jervis, department and specialty stores, $20,000; H. Scholanger, B. Clark, J. Langan, Port Jervis.

Tri-States Limestone Co., Inc., Port Jervis, mines, mining rights, explors, develop, $15,500; W. S. Bevans, W. F. Gregg, M. M. Leiher, Port Jervis.

Netto Realty Corp., realty, builders, contractors, decorators, $24,000; V. L. Mills, H. S. Hanley, H. Gilligan, 385 Parkside Av., Brooklyn.

Hardie Sailing Ship Co., Inc., transportation, navigation, $20,000; A. Howell, H. H. McCorkle, N. A. Ievaid, 530 Riverside Drive.

Atlantic Railway Materials Corp., railroad, construction, supplies, materials, $15,000; L. L. McCord, H. Leerburger, I. F. Duke, 42 B'way.

Our City Delivery, Inc., Syracuse, teaming, trucking, forwarding, delivering messages, parcels, $20,000; A. M. Sherwin, E. D. and G. B. Allard, Syracuse.

Kalowsky & Friedman, Inc., trucking, livery, $5,000; M. and I. Friedman, S. Kalowsky, 531 Columbia St.

Fink Export Co., Inc., merchandise, commission, selling agents, $5,000; E. Anderson, E. P. Fink, A. H. Asplund, 154 Nassau St.

Washington Waterproof Clothing Co., Inc., rubberized coats, $10,000; H. Cohen, L. and B. Jacobson, 1,338 45th St., Borough Park, Brooklyn.

Traymore Waist Co., Inc., ladies' waists, middy blouses, $10,000; J. Pincus, A. and H. J. Fasterman, 70 Bay 22d St., Brooklyn.

The Royal Pants Co., Inc., trousers, $10,000; B. Newmann, J. Schechter, S. Rostenblatt, 1,328 46th St., Brooklyn.

The Great Eastern Paper Co., Inc., paper, $10,000; C. Ginsberg, L. B. Nelson, — Bernstein, 74 Broadway.

Taylor-Morris, Inc., photographs, publish directory, printing, publishing, $10,000; R. L. and E. W. Morris, C. W. Taylor, 150 Nassau St.

T. R. Arden Co., Inc., toys, novelties, mechanical devices, $15,000; T. R. Arden, W. P. Hoffman, E. L. Smallwood, 154 Nassau St.

Solaris Realty Corp'n, construction houses, hotels, warehouses, factories, brokerage, $10,000; J. Myers, B. Saltzman, C. Goldwasser, 9 West 113th St.

The Paragon Taxi Co., Inc., auto hacking in New York City, $10,000; A. Colman, A. Kahn, J. N. Langdon, 206 East 156th St.

The Wonder Cloak and Suit Co., Inc., merchandise, agent for retail and wholesale merchants, $6,000; J. Robbins, U. J. Schwartz, W. Tomkin, 161 East 118

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Samuel Seabury, Charles J. Campbell, Lawrence B. Cohen, all of New York City, and G. Willard Rich of Rochester, N. Y., were admitted to practice.

637. Illinois Central Railroad Company et al., plaintiffs, v. G. R. Williams.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

70. C. M. Dean, appellant, v. R. B. Davis, Jr., trustee, &c., et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded to District Court of United States for Eastern District of Virginia.

104. Western Transit Company, plaintiff, v. A. C. Leslie & Co., Ltd.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and cause remanded for further proceedings not inconsistent with opinion of this court.

121. J. B. Chaloner, plaintiff, v. T. T. Sherman.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded to District Court of United States for Southern District of New York.

98. Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, petitioners, v. Latham & Co., et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded to District Court of United States for Southern District of Alabama.

259. Max Jaffe et al., surviving members of the firm of Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, appellants, v. W. S. Lovell, as custodian, &c., et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

260. Same v. M. E. A. Westphalen et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

106—Furness, Withy & Co., Limited, petitioner, v. Yang-tze Ins. Assoc., Limited, et al.—Dismissed, with costs.

128—J. Williams, Chief; M. Williams, Secy., et al., appellants, v. City of Chicago et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

57—Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. Co. et al., plaintiffs, v. S. Clough et al.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

112—J. L. Harnage et al., plaintiffs, v. A. M. Martin et al.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

115—J. C. Baker, indiv., &c., aplaintiff, v. Baker, Eccles & Co. et al.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

232—Newark Natural Gas & Fuel Co., plaintiff, v. City of Newark, Ohio—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

540—Louisville Bridge Co., appellant, v. United States.—Decree affirmed.

61—H. F. Hill, a minor, et al., plaintiffs, v. W. Reynolds, a minor.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

116—F. V. Gasquet, plaintiff, v. G. F. Lapeyre et al.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

600—F. A. Dickson, plaintiff, v. Luck Land Co.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

896—C. F. Adamson, petitioner, v. D. C. Gilliland.—Decree reversed, with costs, and cause remanded to District Court of United States for Eastern District of Missouri for further proceedings in conformity with opinion of this court.

430—The Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co., plaintiff, v. G. H. Winters.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

713—The Savings Bank of Danbury, of Danbury, Conn., plaintiff, v. Dan. E. Loewe, as surviving partner of the firm of D. E. Loewe & Co.—Judgment affirmed with costs and cause remanded to District Court of United States for District of Connecticut.

148—Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., plaintiff, v. State Public Utilities Commission of Illinois.—Judgment affirmed with costs.

493—P. L. Crane, appellant, v. H. W. Johns, son, Gov. State of Cal., et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

404—K. P. McNaughton, appellant, v. same.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

75—The James Clark Distilling Co., appellant, v. Western Maryland Ry. Co.; and 76—Same v. American Express Co. et al.—Decrees affirmed, with costs.

The Chief Justice also announced the following orders of the court:

130—T. S. Joines, plaintiff, v. W. S. Combs et al.—Per curiam: Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

421—The Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co., plaintiff, v. E. P. Nash, dec'd.—Per curiam: Estate of E. P. Nash, dec'd.—Per curiam: Judgment reversed, with costs.

519—International Lumber Co., plaintiff, v. United States; 596—E. Klayco, plaintiff, v. M. same; 407—S. S. Yankaus, plaintiff, v. M. Fettenstein et al.; and 732—Seaboard Air Line Ry., plaintiff, v. C. Williams, admx., &c.—Ordered that these cases be placed on Summary docket.

741—United States v. B. Wildcat, a minor, et al.—Petition for writ of certiorari to United States Circuit Court of Appeals for 8th Circuit to bring up entire record and cause granted.

784—L. J. Werk et al., petitioners, v. F. T. Parker et al., &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Third Circuit granted.

789—United Fuel Gas Co. v. J. W. Erickson.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Ninth Circuit granted.

791—A. M. Emerson, petitioner, v. W. E. Sweetzer.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for First Circuit granted.

792—A. P. Lowell, petitioner, v. same.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for First Circuit granted.

771—Pennsylvania R. R. Co., petitioner, v. A. F. Brown et al.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court for Third Circuit denied.

817—C. F. Hogg, petitioner, v. L. C. Maxwell et al., &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Second Circuit denied.

818—W. J. Creekmore, petitioner, v. United States.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit denied.

824—C. C. Samson et al., petitioners, v. W. Garland.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit denied.

20, Original—State of New Mexico, complainant, v. F. K. Lane, Sec., &c., et al.—Motion to dismiss submitted for defendants in support of motion and for complainant in opposition thereto.

853—J. Gatmaitan, plaintiff, v. United States.—Docketed and dismissed on motion of counsel for defendant and mandate granted.

854—L. S. Chongco, plaintiff, v. United States.—Docketed and dismissed on motion of counsel for defendant and mandate granted.

142 and 143—Manufacturers Ry. Co. et al., appellants, v. United States et al.—Reassigned for argument Feb. 5th next after cases heretofore assigned for that day.

621—United States, plaintiff, v. F. L. Davis.—Motion to advance submitted for plaintiff.

778—Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co., appellant, v. R. L. Green, Auditor of Public Accounts, et al., &c., et al., and 779—R. L. Green, &c., et al., v. same, et al., appellants, v. Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co.—Advanced and assigned for argument with No. 617, &c., on motion of counsel for L. & N. R. R. Co.

822—The Hewitt Co., petitioner, v. United States Metallic Packing Co.—Petition for a writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Second Circuit submitted for petitioner, and for respondent.

780—Illinois Central R. R. Co., plaintiff, v. Mrs. M. Lanis, admx., &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari herein submitted for plaintiff in support of petition.

815—Alaska Salmon Co., petitioner, v. Territory of Alaska.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Ninth Circuit submitted for petitioner, with leave to counsel for the respondent to file brief.

848—R. E. Baker et al., petitioners, v. J. J. Dunlap.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Court of Appeals for Fourth Circuit submitted for petitioners.

810—J. F. Wetzel, petitioner, v. United States.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Ninth Circuit submitted for petitioner, and for respondent.

831—Omaha Iron Store Co., petitioner, v. Moline Plow Co.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Apeals for Eighth Circuit submitted for petitioner, and for respondent.

Original—Ex parte in the matter of Bernie J. Bernhard, petition.—Motion for leave to file petition for writ of mandamus submitted for petitioner.

838—Del., Lack. & Western R. R. Co., petitioner, v. Southern Transportation Co.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Second District submitted for petitioner.

584—Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co., plaintiff, v. E. A. Mulligan, as admx., &c.—Motion to dismiss or affirm or place on summary docket submitted in support of motion and for plaintiff in opposition thereto.

—Original—Republic of Cuba, plaintiff, v. State of N. Carolina.—Motion for leave to file declaration withdrawn on motion of counsel for plaintiff.

251—Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. Co., plaintiff, v. N. Gotschall, as admx., &c.—Motion to place on summary docket submitted for plaintiff.

851—Same, petitioner, v. T. D. Davis.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Supreme Court of State of Minnesota submitted for petitioner.

810—Alaska Pacific Fisheries, petitioner, v. Territory of Alaska; 811—Alaska-Mexican Gold Mining Co., petitioner, v. same, and 812—Alaska-Pacific Fisheries, petitioner, v. same.—Petitions for writs of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Ninth Circuit for petitioner, with leave to counsel for the respondent to file brief.

218—J. Katzmaier, trustee in bankruptcy of Harmon Bros., appellant, v. Munsey Trust Co., receiver, et al.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted for appellees in support of motion, and for appellant in opposition thereto.

280—Southern Pacific Co., plaintiff, v. M. Jensen.—Leave granted to file brief herein as amicus curiae on motion of counsel in that behalf.

828—Detroit Iron & Steel Co., petitioner, v. J. D. Carey.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Sixth Circuit submitted for petitioner and for respondent.

46—L. & N. Railroad Co., plaintiff, v. Ohio Valley Tie Co.—Mandate granted on motion of counsel for defendant.

374—J. I. Straus et al., &c., petitioners, v. Victor Talking Machine Co.—Leave granted to file brief as amicus curiae on behalf of American Graphophone Co. and Columbia Graphophone Co. on motion of Mr. Camp in that behalf.

377—Pennsylvania R. R. Co., plaintiff, v. Olivit Brothers; and 578—Same v. I. W. Carr et al.—Motions to dismiss or affirm, submitted for defendants in support of motions, with leave to counsel for plaintiff to file brief in opposition within four days.

—Ex parte Oesting, alias Van Anan, petitioner, v. United States.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Ninth Circuit submitted for petitioner and for respondent.

819—American Bank of Alaska, petitioner, v. E. Richards.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Ninth Circuit submitted for petitioner and for respondent.

762—Seaboard Air Line Railway, plaintiff, v. J. H. Lorick.—Motion to dismiss or affirm or place on summary docket submitted for defendant, in support of motion, and for plaintiff, in opposition thereto.

360—C. Pease, petitioner, v. Rathbun-Jones Engineering Co.; and 419—Same et al., petitioners, v. same.—Submitted pursuant to 20th Rule for petitioners, and for respondent.

832—Board of Councilmen, City of Frankfort et al., appellants, v. East Tennessee Telephone Co.—Dismissed, per stipulation of counsel.

880—L. & N. R. R. Co., appellant, v. Western Union Telegraph Co.—Dismissed, with costs, on motion of counsel for appellant.

619—W. Hope, plaintiff, v. W. F. Foley et al.—Dismissed, with costs, on motion of counsel for plaintiff.

797—F. M. Wilson, U. S. Atty. for Western District of Missouri, appellant, v. A. New and H. C. Ferris, receivers of the Missouri, Oklahoma & Gulf Ry. Co.—Four hours allowed each side in the argument of this case, on motion of counsel for appellant argument commenced for appellant.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Jan. 9—Nos. 797, 433, (and 427,) 372, (and 469 and 470,) 679, 374, 715, 650, (and 722,) and 617, (and 618, 642, 643, 644, 645, 778, and 779.)

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Coxe, Ward, Rogers, and Hough, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 432, P. O. Bldg.—
Miller Rubber Co vs. Behrend.
Aetna Life Ins Co vs. Wicker.
Waterloo Cem Mach Co vs. Engel.
Harriman Nat Bank vs. Seldenridge.
Porter vs. Skuloff.
Re Stringer, (3.)
Equitable Life Assur Soc vs. Barker.
DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Room 8, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.
J H White Mfg Co vs. Shapiro.
Schey vs. Giovanna.

DISTRICT COURT—Districhs, J.—Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Civil jury cases.
Barrett Mfg vs. Sargeant.
Perry vs. Rush.
Thomas vs. Austro-Am SS Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Fucito vs. 5th Av Coach.
Kennedy vs. Pittsburgh Coast Co.
Kentgen vs. Raubenberger.
Foley vs. Martin.
Raphael Tuck Sons vs. Gabriel.
Krusenkenski vs. Lehigh Valley R R.
Paine vs. Barclay-Const.
Frankis vs. same.
Grimwood vs. Munson SS Co.
Bryan vs. same.
Pidkoveseswiny vs. Penn RR.
Robert Morris Trust vs. Clements.
Manduck vs. D, L & W RR.
Connelly vs. Cent R R of N J, (2.)
Russian Symphony Soc vs. Muratore.
Nelson vs. Hoffer.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Room 3, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty call calendar.
Union Ferry Co vs. Maine.
Hagemeyer Trading Co vs. St Paul F & M Ins Co.
Meuchrino vs. Thomsen vs. same.
Albanian.
Freiheorg Act, &c vs. Berg vs. CNY.
Gans SS Line vs. Blumenthal vs. Angel & Perez.
Va-Carolina Chem Co vs. Clines Lighterage Co.
Hickinson vs. Ames-Brooks Co.
Pompeian Co vs. Arpiliao.
Allard vs. Tug Madison.
Pollak vs. Trans Italiana.
Spencer vs. Bark La Argentina.
Ham-Am Line vs. Bark Esileda.
Joiles vs. SS La Drome.
McClellan vs. Penn RR.
N Y C RR vs. Lighter Reliance.
McGintic, &c, Const Co vs. Munson SS Line.
Coast Transit Co vs. Tug Transfer 21.
N Y Central 11.
Seaboard, &c, SS Co vs. Cuban SS Line.
Union Marine Ins Co vs. Tug Transfer 21.
Boston Ins Co vs. same.
Aldrich vs. Wellbrock.
L, L & G Ins Co vs. same.
Lutz vs. Douglass.
Re SS Thessaloniki (Limit.)
Peluffo vs. Lamport & Holt Line.
Ghoistlin vs. Old Dominion SS Co.
Hermanos vs. same.
Frost vs. Tug Western.
De Bary vs. same.
Fisher vs. SS Panama.
Re Ferryboat Ithaca (Limit.)
Ballon vs. Barge Confluence.
Hewlett vs. N Y & Cuba Mail SS Co.
Follette vs. Tug Auburn.
Capenaugh vs. same.
Rice vs. Penn RR.
Wallen vs. same.
Unione Austriaca vs. Back.
Marquardt vs. same.
Goldsmith vs. same.
Mitchell vs. Messick.
Lemlich vs. same.
Cornell Steamboat Co vs. Tug Bronx.
Penn Coal Co vs. SS Moghegan.
Navig Gen Italiana vs. Timmins.
Re Steamboat Keansburg (Limit.)
Aug Acti, &c, Tirfing vs. SS San Giovanni.
Acti, &c, Kaupinger vs. Marden.
N Y C RR vs. Russian Fleet, Assoc.
Centennial Transp Co vs. Ferryboat Wyoming.
Grill vs. Tug E H Meade.
Centennial Transp Co vs. Ferryboat Wyoming.
Willis vs. Barnes, Ames & Co.
Williams vs. Same.
Cie Havraise, &c vs. Bark Almora.
Carroll vs. Pierce, receivers of the Missouri, Oklahoma & Gulf Ry. Co.—Four hours allowed each side in the argument of this case, on motion of counsel for appellant argument commenced for appellant.
Wilson vs. SS Camino.
L V Trans Co vs. Schooner Geo E Keller.
Cie Havraise, &c vs. Bark Almora.
Sugar Products, &c, Co vs. SS Delaware.
Arguimbeau vs. Ocean Transport Co.
Walsh vs. Yacht Cheronkee.
Atlantic Transp Co vs. Keller.
L I R R Co vs. Tug Transfer 22.
US vs. Tug Bouker 2 & Scow 74H.
Colgan vs. Tug Mascot.
Ward vs. Y Trap Rock Co vs. Central Stock Yards Co vs. Seaboard Air Line Ry. vs. Coastwise Transp Co vs. Seaboard, &c, SS Co vs. N Y & Cuba Mail SS Co.
Ward vs. Y Trap Rock Co vs. Central Stock Yards Co vs. Coamo.
N Y C RR vs. Tug Bridgeton.
Gilbert & Morse vs. Yacht Crusader.
L V Transp Co vs. B & O RR vs. Donner 5.
L V Transp Co vs. L I RR.
Same vs. Tug P RR 34.
Kenney vs. Tugs West Farms and Mascot.
Mulligan vs. N Y C RR.
Grymes Eng Co vs. L V RR.
Anderson vs. Barge Hopatcong.
Bleakley vs. Cornell Steamboat Co.
Ross vs. Phila & Reading RR.
McWilliams vs. Penn RR (2.)
Foreman vs. SS Kansas City.
Pinero vs. SS Rio Grande.
Tatem Nav Co vs. Tug F J Reichert.
Wilcox vs. Reliance Marine Ins Co.
Penn RR vs. Ferryboat Montclair.
Williamson vs. SS Bolivar.
Ropner vs. Carruthers, Gans SS Line.
Wilhelmsen, &c vs. Mallory SS Co.
Suffolk Coastwise Transp Co vs. SS Brazos.
Gerakis vs. Anamodopulo.
Jackson & Co vs. SS Ada Scouten vs. Tug Eureka.
US vs. SS Frankmount.
McAllister vs. Am & Cuban SS Line.
Aldrich vs. Wellbrock.
Lutz vs. Douglass.
Peluffo vs. Lamport & Holt Line.
Hermanos vs. same.
De Bary vs. same.
Re Ferryboat Ithaca (Limit.)
Hewlett vs. N Y & Cuba Mail SS Co.
Ghoistlin vs. Old Dominion SS Co.
Frost vs. Tug Western.
Fisher vs. SS Panama.
Ballon vs. Barge Confluence.
Follette vs. Tug Auburn.
Rice vs. Penn RR.
Unione Austriaca vs. Back.
Marquardt vs. same.
Goldsmith vs. same.
Mitchell vs. Messick.
Lemlich vs. same.
Cornell Steamboat Co vs. Tug Bronx.
Navig Gen Italiana vs. Timmins.
Aug Acti, &c, Tirfing vs. SS San Giovanni.
N Y C RR vs. Russian Fleet, Assoc.
Grill vs. Tug E H Meade.
Willis vs. Barnes, Ames & Co.
Cie Havraise, &c vs. Bark Almora.
Wilson vs. SS Camino.
L V Trans Co vs. Schooner Geo E Keller.
Sugar Products, &c, Co vs. SS Delaware.
Arguimbeau vs. Ocean Transport Co.
Walsh vs. Yacht Cheronkee.
Atlantic Transp Co vs. Keller.
Royal Dutch Mail, &c vs. Merritt & C D & W Co.
Merritt & C D & W vs. Royal Dutch Mail, &c.
Hill Bros vs. Austro-Am SS Co.
Creighton vs. Tug Bern.
Flanagan vs. Tug Ashbourne.
West India SS Co vs. Russ.
Olsen vs. CNY.
Central Leather Co vs. SS Vestris.
Coons vs. Cornell steamboat Co & Barges.
Marine Underwriters vs. Oceanic Stm Nav Co.
Reuping Leather Co vs. Ham-Am Line.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield J.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 323, P. O. Bldg.
Case on—US vs. Seymour.
At 2 P. M.—Bankruptcy.
Re Vyse.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 312, P. O. Bldg. Re Louis H. Vissleister.

Barbara Grass, Homer Gibney, Joseph Rinando, Anna A. Thomas, James Christian, Eliza D. Howell, F. H. Cassitt, Eliza Crane, Nicholas Seagrist, F. W. Seagrist, Sarah F. Sands.
Estates of: Solomon Cohn, Henry Pasinsky, Margaret Fay, Catherine M. Dixon, Elizabeth Hessling.
Wills for probate: Mary E. Taylor, William Meyerbuck, Catherine E. Brown, Robert W. Pain, Lorenz Leuthner, Julia D. J. De Valdo, Thomas F. Smith, Michael J. Lynch, Louise Felber, Matilda E. Sparbuck.
TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Contested will: Vero nica Oberlein.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Shushan vs. Gitenstein.
Parto vs. Vechio.
Gallagher vs. Micwiel, Co, Inc.
Bleier vs. Mingiegreen.
Fried vs. Fried.
La Preta vs. Luttroff.
Keep vs. Lieberman.
Ria vs. Purdy.
McSorley vs. Thomas.
Tepper vs. Boiofsky.
Povlin vs. Weissman.
Weiss vs. Schwartz.
Stern vs. Coram.
Hajdu vs. Hajdu.
Re Rogers.
Rawli vs. Baker Vawter Co.
Waldron vs. Coffey.
Levy vs. Bloch.
De Martini vs. McCaldin.
Levison vs. Gresham.
Motter vs. Alexander.
Driscoll vs. Snare & T Co.
Cohnfeld vs. Stillgebauer.
Same vs. Muller.
Same vs. Milliken.
Same vs. Carreau.
Same vs. Isaacs.
Same vs. Lazarus.
Liebling vs. Cohen.
Blumenberg vs. Musical Courier Co.
Menier vs. Donald.
Re Sanborn.
Verba vs. Flatto.
Met Sav Bk vs. Clausen.
Globe Storage Co vs. McKenna.
Baker vs. Raab.
Re Amco Chesse Co.
Wackerow vs. Wackerow.
Katz vs. McMullan, Snare & Triest, Inc.
People, &c vs. Reilly.
Shaw vs. Davis.
J F Renfrow Co vs. Sunderman Safety Carb.
Rugen vs. Gayer.
Marks vs. Taylor.
PART I.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions:
Zeeman vs. Olive.
Re Newton Av.
Giuliani vs. Pub W Con.
Gelula vs. Goldberg.
Stern vs. Press Pub Co.
Teleshevsky vs. Plotkin.
Byers vs. Byers.
Demurrers:
Roth vs. Y M C A.
Ingle vs. Dispatch Press.
Preferred causes:
Walsh vs. Quinn.
Bk for Savings vs. Cruger.
Tenemt House Dept vs. 319 W 17th St.
Marquand vs. Liddle Cut Stone Co.
Shaw vs. Pulitzer.
General calendar:
Tukeltaub vs. Hobe Button Co, Inc.
Kay vs. Anderson.
Vitale vs. Vitale.
O'Connell vs. Emigrant Indus Sav Bank.
Ringelheim vs. Ringelheim.
PART IV.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.
PART V.—Recess.
PART VI.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M.
No day calendar.
PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Day calendar of ready causes to be assigned to the various trial parts for trial, to be called at 10 A. M.
Robertson vs. Rockland Light & P Co.
Fischer vs. Corr.
Pelot vs. Int R T.
Coughlan vs. NY Rys.
J Curran vs. same.
M Curran vs. same.
Brennan vs. Patterson.
McCormick vs. CNY. (2.)
Clark vs. Rodgers & H.
Brown vs. NY Herald.
Boldelli vs. McKee Ref.
Casamassa vs. Piskosh.
Bolster vs. Robins.
Beaver vs. Fallotico.
O'Brien vs. CNY.
Walzer vs. Zehnter (2.)
Hughes vs. Hughes.
Rosenfeld vs. Smith & Son.
Schruber vs. Fargo.
O'Brien vs. CNT.
Pennell vs. Prentiss.
Svedovsky vs. Fleck.
O'Shea vs. Comi Del Co.
Gavin vs. Atlantic Amus.
Potter vs. White.
Lonsdorfer vs. Bruckart.
Hoppel vs. Blenner.
Murphy vs. Mason.
Hill vs. Luria.
Simon vs. Emerg'cy Rty.
F. Brown vs. Taylor.
S Brown vs. same.
Hersch vs. Ehret.
Gitter vs. Mills.
Roeder vs. Eisey.
Purly vs. 5th Av Coach.
Bruack vs. Morrell.
Lavinia vs. Sanitary Wash Laundry.
Finley vs. Kiosk Cont.
Quigley vs. Ottinger.
Coe vs. Knife.
Caldwell vs. Conklin.
Terrosa, Jr vs. Consolidated Gas (2.)
D'Andre vs. same.
Di Giacomo vs. Kamp.
Isaacson vs. Gimbel Bros (2.)
Abrash vs. Linch.
Holder vs. N Y Rys.
Byrnes vs. Lexington Corp.
Eisenberg vs. N Y Cons RR.
Murphy vs. McMahon.
Katzman vs. Kravitz.
Garbson vs. Church of St Bridget.
Brown vs. Rosehill Rty.
Greenbaum vs. Pollsuk.
Smith vs. CNY.
Bliello vs. Int R T.
Ginsberg vs. Paddock.
Reda vs. Maynard.
Miller vs. CNY.
Granuzzo vs. Gussack.
Obligia vs. Sorrell.
Becker vs. Jewish Press Pub Co.
Senior vs. Int R T.
PART IV.—Weeks, J.—At 10 A. M.
Collura vs. Lieb Val C Co.
PART V.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Goff, J.—At 10 A. M.
Padogie vs. Herold.
PART VIII.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.
Reynolds vs. F Hughes, Feiner vs. Kats, Inc.
PART X.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Pap vs. N Y Rys.
PART XII.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M.
Stahl vs. Herbert.
PART XIII.—No day calendar.
PART XIV.—Shearn, J.—At 10 A. M. Causes on this calendar will be deemed ready and sent to the various trial parts for trial in their order as reached.
Peacock vs. Lutz & Schramm Co.
Cooper & Pyne vs. CNY.
Lord Elec vs. Barber Asphalt Paving.
Kleensweep Co vs. Holbrook.
Mortgage Assoc vs. Hanff Adleman vs. Bishop Sons & Co.
Sasse vs. Travelers Ins Co.
Griffiths vs. Cent Consumers W & L Co.
Henkel vs. Greenwich Bk
PART XV.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M.—Held in Appellate Term Room.
Bacon vs. Chapman.
PART XVII.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—No day calendar.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar.
Hiram R. Lamport, Celia Delmel, Thomas M. Turner, Morris Bessunger, Jonathan Marsh, Catherina M. Reed, Solomon Cohen, David Schwartz, Lucy G. Werlich, William Campbell, J. Brummer, &c., Daniel Melcher, E. P. O'Neill, Annie Semsden, N. McMaster, Charles Nushardt, Cecil M. Tasco, Kate Faulhaber, Jessie Reder, &c., James Brennan, Jessie Gillender, W. M. St. John, Daniel G. Duran, Margaret A. Dorsey, Mary Ann Dorsey, Margaret Dorsey, Mary Ann Dorsey, Margaret Dorsey, Mary Ann Dorsey, Margaret

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neil Co.; Miss G. A. Tobin, waists, dresses; Mrs. E. M. Whitford, corsets, infants' wear, muslin underwear; 37 W. 20th.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Frankel Clothing Co.; I. Frankel, clothing; Herald Square.

AUSTIN, Texas—C. Rgener, ready-to-wear; 1,199 B'way.

BALTIMORE—Wearwell Pants Co.; E. Crockin, pants; Broztell.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; H. S. Messersmith, remnants; 854 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros.; F. D. Cerf, shoes; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; L. Michaels, furn. goods; 477 B'way.

BERWICK, Penn.—Berwick Stores Co.; W. C. Garretson, general mdse.; T. Probst, dry goods; G. R. Kline, dry goods; W. F. McDonald, dry goods; 16 E. 3rd; Breslin.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Saks & Co.; J. Saks, clothing; L. Saks, ready-to-wear; B. Gross, dry goods; 229 5th Av.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; J. J. Smith, furn. goods, hosiery, knit underwear; 315 6th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Mr. Michaels, jewelry, leather goods; Mr. Dutch, trimmed millinery; Miss Griffin, cotton waists; Miss Riddington, waists; Mr. Huntington, misses' coats, basement; Mr. Silverman, skirts; Mr. Koch, millinery; Mr. Levy, waists; Mr. Ring, dresses, furs; Mr. O'Brien, coats, suits; Mr. Schroeder, muslin underwear; Mr. Cooper, general merchandise; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; H. B. Runyon, books, stationery; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.; Wm. F. Maher, boys' clothing; Prince George.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Dorsen D. G. Co.; A. B. Chamansky, jobs ladies' coats, suits, dresses; 220 5th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; W. A. Brost, notions, toilet goods, Prince George; E. Karl, men's clothing, furn. goods; W. J. Mauer, millinery; 18 W. 32d.

BUFFALO—Williams & Hengerer Co.; Miss P. Brinton, coats, suits, dresses; 18 West 35th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—I. S. Given; Miss Colbeasy, wash dresses; 72 Madison Av.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; H. Burns, hats, caps; 18 W. 35th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; F. Karl, men's furn. goods; 18 W. 35th.

BUTTE, Mont.—Jensen, Warde & Lloyd Co.; A. Jensen, men's furn. goods, notions; 46 Leonard.

CANTON, Ohio—W. R. Zollinger & Co.; C. W. Zollinger, cloaks, suits; R. C. Zollinger, notions, jewelry, hosiery, ribbons, underwear; 315 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; G. Alexander, notions, laces, neckwear; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mercantile Co.; A. Frick, trimmed hats; G. L. Stonehill, flowers, feathers; 621 Broadway.

CHICAGO—Alfred Decker & Cohn; A. Cohn, woolens; 200 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Becker, Ryan & Co.; J. Anderson, notions; Herald Square.

CHICAGO—L. Adler & Son; I. Adler, silks; Brostell.

CHICAGO—The Fair; W. L. Luthy, carpets, rugs, linoleums; F. Wise, white linens, pillow tops; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO—M. Smythe Merc Co.; W. J. Watt, dry goods, 5c and 10c goods; R. Gordon, boys' clothing; 147 5th Av.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Montgomery Ward Co.; M. Russell, cutlery; 43 W. 23d.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss M. J. Delaney, toilet goods; Miss M. Eagan, girls', children's wear, basement; Mrs. C. Vail, women's skirts; 104 Worth.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; Miss L. A. Griffin, waists; 215 4th Av.; Gregorian.

CHICAGO—Greene's, Ltd.; Miss M. Livingstone, dresses; R. 1,101 Woolworth Bldg.

CHICAGO—Gage Bros. & Co.; Miss H. M. Barth, pattern hats; 5th Av., 37th.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; F. O. Ferry, women's misses' dresses; J. P. Thomas, underwear; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; C. Davies, dress goods; G. Busch, wash goods; L. C. Gardner, fancy leather goods, umbrellas, silverware; 115 Worth.

CHICAGO—L. Klein; C. Priest, hosiery, underwear, furn. goods; 31 Union Square.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; L. Berner, laces, umbrellas, ribbons, vellings, women's neckwear; 215 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Boston Store; P. Rinkin, china, glass, silverware; 44 E. 23d.

CINCINNATI—Mabley & Carew Co.; A. W. Garland, men's clothing; Ansonia.

CINCINNATI—Moch, Berman & Co.; I. Mueller, trimmings; Ansonia.

CINCINNATI, O.—B. Hinsdorf Dry Goods Co.; O. J. Gessling, domestics; 1,170 Broadway.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—The Outlet; I. Freedman, jobs coats; 12 E. 33d.

CINCINNATI—La Mode; E. Rosenberg, waists; M. Rosenberg, coats, suits; Breslin.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—May Co.; J. O. Sprowl, Winter coats; J. A. Swason, Winter coats, basement; 37 W. 26th.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.—Miss B. Vincent and Miss London, waists, sweaters; 116 W. 32d.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—William Taylor, Son & Co.; Mrs. Zellmer, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—May Co.; J. A. Samuels, hats; 37 W. 26th.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Bailey Co.; Mrs. C. Moskovics, suits; H. Tyroler, mdse. mgr.; L. G. Wesselman, trunks, housefurn. goods, toys; J. Meisel, coats; Miss B. Vincent, waists; Miss I. Landon, skirts; W. H. Gerber, children's wear; 116 W. 32d.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; A. H. Kesks, men's clothing; 116 W. 32d.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Morehouse-Martens Co.; M. Morehouse, cloaks, suits; Imperial.

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; H. Poytheress, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 19 E. 24; Brostell.

DALLAS, Texas—Brin Bros.; W. Brin, gen'l mdse.; Wallick.

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; Mr. Kaulbach, representing; Miss Rowley, Mrs. Houston, ready-to-wear; 19 E. 24th.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike, Kumler Co.; R. C. Kumler, cloaks, suits, dresses, skirts; 220 5th Av.

DENVER, Col.—Joslin D. G. Co.; Miss M. Early, ready-to-wear; 23 E. 20th.

DENVER—Joslin D. G. Co.; F. J. Sullivan, gloves; 23 E. 26th.

DENVER, Col.—Eagle D. G. Co.; H. S. Bauman, cloaks, waists; 334 4th Av.

DENVER, Col.—Golden Eagle D. G. Co.; H. S. Bauman, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; 334 4th Av.

DENVER, Col.—Weakley Cloak & Suit Co.; F. Jones, coats, suits, dresses; 304 5th Av.

DENVER, Col.—Neusteter Co.; Miss R. Tokarsky, coats, suits, basement; M. D. Neusteter, coats, suits; 364 6th Av.

DETROIT—Crowley, Milner & Co.; Mrs. Shortell, art goods; 116 W. 32d.

DURHAM, N. C.—G. E. Rowls & Son; C. C. Rowls, ladies' ready-to-wear; New Strand.

EL PASO, Texas—I. Weiss, general merchandise; Woodward.

EL PASO, Texas—The Whitehouse, Telix-Brunsch-Wry & Co.; S. Mayer, ready-to-wear coats, suits, dresses, skirts, &c.; Bloom 1,820, 354 4th Av.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—R. A. McWhirr Co.; F. Sanford, notions, books, stationery, silver novelties; 75 Spring.

FORT WORTH, Texas—H. C. Meacham Co.; H. C. Meacham, general merchandise; 353 4th Av.

FREEPORT, Ill.—Williams & Beckmire; A. F. Williams, ladies', children's wear; Broadway Central.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Charles Trankla & Co.; F. W. Weiland, jobs coats; 432 4th Av.

HAMILTON, Ont.—T. C. Watkins Co.; Mrs. McLean, millinery; 23 E. 26th.

HAMILTON, Ont.—T. C. Watkins, Ltd.; W. V. Sparling, ready-to-wear; 23 E 26th.

HOLYOKE—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; J. H. Wakelin, silks; Navarre.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark.—A. Mendel, dry goods; Cumberland.

HOUSTON, Texas—Graham Hat Co.; J. W. Graham, hats, caps; Grand.

HUDSON, N. Y.—Marsh-Buchman Co.; H. C. Dingman; 1,239 B'way.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Havens & Geddes Co.; F. H. Miller, hosiery, knit underwear, furn. goods; J. W. Erther, mfg. dept. shirts, overalls; 72 Leonard.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss H. Griffin, gloves; Miss C. Grauman, ready-to-wear; Miss A. Simon, women's dresses; 1,140 B'way.

INDIANAPOLIS—A. P. Hendrickson Hat Co.; G. B. Cully, hats, caps; Albert.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Wm. H. Block Co.; L. Wohlfeld, furs; 1,201 Broadway.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Kohn-Furchgott Co.; L. Furchgott, jobs general merchandise; 108 Worth.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Cohen Bros.; E. E. Cohen, mdse. mgr.; R. R. Wilkinson, women's shoes; H. Warren, men's & boys' clothing; J. E. De Belle, carpets, rugs, furniture; 225 5th Av.

JACKSONVILLE—Kohn, Furchgott & Co.; L. Furchgott, cloaks, suits, waists; 108 Worth; Wallick.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—M. Nathan & Bro.; N. Smith, cloaks, suits, waists; 72 Madison Av.

KANSAS CITY Mo.—New York Store; L. Mass. Miss M. A. Daniels, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Spalding Cloak Co.; R. S. Fink, ready-to-wear; 305 5th Av.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Bernheimer Bros. & Co.; J. H. Bernheimer, millinery; 7 W. 22d.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Smith-McCord-Townsend D. G. Co.; C. C. Wright, linens, white goods; 72 Leonard.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Leinbach & Co.; W. S. Leinbach, domestics; 334 4th Av.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Adler's; G. Adler, jobs cloth dresses; 274 6th Av.

LIMA, Ohio—L. Schnitzer, jobs coats, suits, dresses; Room 901, 45 W. 34th.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Jacoby Bros.; J. Pinkel, millinery; B. Strauss, jobs coats, suits, dresses, basement; 1,182 B'way.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Sample Suit Shop; Mrs. T. Katz, jobs coats; 12 E. 33d.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Faris-Walker Co.; B. M. Hillier, mdse. mgr.; E. Wilson, asst. mdse. mgr.; S. S. Caskey, waists, millinery; H. Conrad, coats, suits, skirts; 116 W. 32d.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—H. F. Selman & Co.; Miss Osborne, waists; 1,201 Broadway.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Sterling Furnishing Goods Co.; Julius Shapinsky, laces, notions, hosiery, underwear; Imperial.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—J. M. Robinson, Norton & Co.; D. J. Gleason, jewelry; 72 Leonard.

LOUISVILLE—Stewart D. G. Co.; T. V. Millen, general mdse.; 18 W. 35th.

LOUISVILLE—D. Baird & Son; W. J. Baird, hats; J. A. Krazetsa, flowers, feathers; J. C. Weaver, ornaments, braids; Miss M. Hicks, millinery; 621 Broadway.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Stewart D. G. Co.; D. L. McCarthy, housefurnishing goods; 18 W. 35th.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—B. Lowenstein & Bros.; E. J. Bishop, white goods, staple, fancy linens; 22 E. 17th.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Bry-Block Merc. Co.; N. J. Starr, millinery; Mrs. Solomon, men's furnishing goods, clothing; 353 4th Av.

MILWAUKEE—Blumenfeld-Locher Co.; Miss Lubinsky, pattern hats; 640 Broadway.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Paris Fashion Co.; G. Schoen, skirts, waists; 15 E. 26th.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Wyman, Partridge & Co.; A. S. Greene, carpets; 43 Leonard.

MINNEAPOLIS—Fowers Mercantile Co.; C. W. Warnock, merchandise manager; 18 West 35th.

MINNEAPOLIS—Bradshaw Bros.; W. R. Anderson, silks, millinery goods; A. C. Davison, corsets, feathers; 621 Broadway.

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; Mrs. J. B. Forrest, millinery; 1,170 B'way.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wyman, Partridge & Co.; A. S. Greene, rugs; H. Leonard, domestics; H. Henry, wash goods; 48 Leonard.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Powers Merc. Co.; Miss L. M. Carnfel, infants' wear; 18 W. 35th.

MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; Miss E. Spillane and Miss Wilser, cloaks, suits; 230 5th Av.

MONTREAL, Canada—Duplus Frères; C. Marshand, ladies' ready-to-wear; Breslin.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—L. Jonas & Co.; J. Hirsch, silk ribbons; S. Marks, flowers, feathers; A. Jonas, untrimmed hats; 581 Broadway; Cumberland.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Castner, Knott D. G. Co.; I. Myers, ready-to-wear; 23 East 26th.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Castner-Knott D. G. Co.; I. Myers, clothing, furnishing goods; 23 E. 26th.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Gamble-Desmond Co.; Mr. Gamble, dry goods; 470 4th Av.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—Maison Blanche Co.; Miss A. Rosenwig, gloves, embroideries; M. L. Kohnstamm, millinery; 116 W. 32d.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—D. H. Holmes Co.; Miss Kincaid, jewelry, fancy, leather goods; 15 E. 26th.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—Marks, Isaacs Co.; A. J. Kaufmann, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.

NORWICH, Conn.—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; L. Porteous, jobs coats; 432 4th Av.

OAKLAND, Cal.—F. S. Kahn Co.; P. B. Manheim, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.

OMAHA, Neb.—M. Spiegberger, Son & Co.; N. Spiegberger, ribbons, gloves; 581 Broadway.

OMAHA, Neb.—J. L. Brandies & Sons; K. Louis, gloves; Miss La Bochin, waists; Mrs. Gerry, representing; 1,201 Broadway.

OTTUMWA, Iowa—Nelson Madden Rae Co.; A. H. Nelson, gen'l mdse; 1,270 Broadway

PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Miss Baker, children's Winter coats, jobs infants' wear; 15 E. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—Brown, Marinoff Co.; I. Brown, colored voiles; 1,182 Broadway, 14th.

PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; Miss M. McMahon, misses' coats, suits; Broadway and 10th.

PHILADELPHIA—L. Harris & Co.; L. Harris, piece goods, waists, dresses; Aberdeen.

PHILADELPHIA—Greensbaum Bros. & Co.; S. Greenebaum, cotton piece goods; Room 922, 200 5th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—"Blauner's"; Miss P. Solomon, fibre silk, Shetland wool sweaters, Spring silk, Georgette waists; Miss E. Schenk, skirts; 15 E. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—"Blauner's"; B. Blauner, jobs Winter coats; 15 E. 26th.

PITTSBURGH—Royal Garment Co.; L. H. Rosenthal, infants' wear; McAlpin.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; J. Cohen, jobs coats, dresses, skirts, basement; 304 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH.—McCreery & Co.; A. I. Jalkert, millinery, inlants' wear, corsets; Miss B. Goodman, infatis' wear; 23 E. 26th.

PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; E. C. McCabe, notions, ribbons, neckwear; 23 E. 26th.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; A. W. Dingman, 1,239 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Renwick Bros. & Co.; Miss C. A. Wood, millinery; Imperial.

PITTSBURGH, Penn.—Campbell's; Mr. Strott, men's furnishing goods, gloves, hosiery; 1,239 Broadway.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; A. B. Kuehn; Mr. Heyman, Miss Ratsky, Miss Goodman, Miss Kriner, Miss Murphy, ready-to-wear; Max, victrolas; 1,261 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; W. Kern, women's, children's knit underwear; J. A. Greer, men's furn. goods; 1140 Broadway.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y.—J. Cavanagh Co.; G. E. Cavanagh, notions, Rodgers Manufacturing Co.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.; L. N. Levinson, cloaks, suits; 1,123 B'way.

POTTSTOWN, Penn.—Ellis Mills; W. E. Mills, cloaks; Herald Square.

PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; H. B. Eastman, gen'l mdse.; 1,270 Broadway.

QUINCY, Ill.—Nell-Houworth Co.; W. G. Noll, S. J. Houworth, notions, furnishing goods; Imperial.

READING, Penn.—Lord & Gage; W. Bien Miss E. Lord, ready-to-wear, waists; A. Rosenthal, men's, women's hosiery, underwear; 23 E. 26th.

READING, Penn.—Ellis Mills; P. M. Wentzel, representing; Herald Square.

READING, Penn.—Adler's; A. Garey, jobs cheap coats; 274 6th Av.

RICHMOND, Va.—Kaufmann & Co.; W. B. Nelson, silks; 353 5th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; S. F. Caldwell, cloaks, suits; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; K. C. Townson, art goods; E. G. Eggleston, R. C. Feltes, notions; 432 4th Av.

SAGINAW, Mich.—M. W. Tanner Co.; G. W. Bixby, cloaks, suits; Breslin.

SAN ANTONIO Texas—Saul Wolfson Co.; L. E. Rock, silks, woolens, laces, trimmings; 1,150 B'way.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Wolff & Marx Co.; J. J. Sterne, general merchandise; 353 4th Av.; Hermitage.

SAN ANTONIA—S. Wolfson D. G. Co.; H. Mayo, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Walton N. Moore D. G. Co.; B. R. Funsten, silks, dress, wash goods; 72 Leonard.

SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; J. Swift, furnishing goods; 114 5th Av.; Flanders.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Roos Bros.; Phil Epstein, jobs coats, suits; 1,140 Broadway.

SAN JOSE, Cal.—O. A. Dale & Co.; H. A. Berkuist, hosiery, gloves, ribbons, laces, notions, fancy goods, jewelry; 50 Union Square.

SAVANNAH, Ga.—L. Adler; M. L. Adler, ready-to-wear; M. Beck, millinery; 1,150 Broadway.

SPOKANE, Wash.—Whitehouse Co.; W. J. Weber, jr., ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—C. R. Rabbitt, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; Miss B. Dore, books, stationery; 230 5th Av.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—Edward Wren Co.; E. H. Bourgoyne, domestics; 353 4th Av.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Tootle, Campbell D. G. Co.; H. J. Smith, domestics, silks, dress goods; J. H. Bolen, furn. goods, hosiery; 60 Worth.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Lehman Bros.; M. H. Lehman, women's, children's ready-to-wear; Brostell.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Wheeler & Motter Merc. Co.; C. B. Farish, dry goods; 320 Broadway.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Townsend, Nyatt & Wall D. G. Co.; W. H. Gordon, dress goods, silks, linings, trimmings; 1,261 B'way; Marlborough.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; E. F. Lubben, linens, white goods; Miss A. Fox, infants' wear; 470 4th Av.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Famous & Barr Co.; J. Jonas, hats; 37 W. 26th.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss A. Fox, infants' wear; 470 4th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Kline's; Miss J. O'Flynn, waists; Miss L. Julius, suits; 95 Madison Av.

ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; W. J. Schmunks, cloaks, suits, skirts; 895 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—King Binsmade Merc. Co.; Miss Kaufman, millinery; 621 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—Rosenthal, Sloan Millinery Co.; H. P. Folk, untrimmed hats; A. A. Tucker, flowers, weathers; 621 Broadway.

ST. PAUL—Schunemen & Evans; A. W. Barnard, men's, boys' clothing; 220 5th Av.; Brostell.

ST. PAUL—Mannheimer Bros.; E. Winget, ready-to-wear, juniors' wear; 353 5th Av.

ST. PAUL—Schuneman & Evans; M. M. Shuffelborger, cloaks, suits, costumes; 220 5th Av.

ST. PAUL—Robinson, Strauss & Co.; H. J. Wiedner, E. Strauss, millinery; Mr. Smith, flowers, feathers; 621 B'way.

ST. PAUL—Bannon Bros. Co.; I. Summerfield, millinery; 1,261 B'way.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—J. O. Niswanger, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Neuhousel Bros.; F. J. Neuhousel, rugs; Wallick.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Menhausel Bros.; Miss L. Webb, laces, neckwear; 1,280 B'way.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Lion D. G. Co.; H. E. Berry, men's, boys' clothing; 22 E. 26th.

TOLEDO—Thompson-Hudson Co.; M. R. Foor, domestics; 354 4th Av.; Flanders.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Thompson, Hudson Co.; Miss A. M. Cole, gloves; Miss Smith, waists; 354 4th Av.

WACO, Texas—Sanger Bros.; H. B. Cohen, notions, toilet goods; 19 E. 24th.

WACO, Texas—Goldstein-Migel Co.; Mr. Goldberg, ready-to-wear; 353 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Brooks & Co.; Mrs. M. Brooks, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann Sons & Co.; Miss A. Hagan, ladies' waists, dresses; 215 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, notions, trimmings; Mrs. Johnson, ladies' hosiery, knit underwear; Miss Carroll, ladies' cloaks, suits; 334 4th Av.

WHEELING, W. Va.—W. H. Colvig, notions, millinery; Navarre.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Barnard-Sumner-Putnam Co.; A. Vanderpyl, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 75 Spring.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Earnard, Sumner & Putnam Co.; C. Heller, ready-to-wear; M. J. Daly, dress goods, linings; 75 Spring.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—G. M. McKelvey Co., L. B. McKelvey, dry goods; O. D. Sheets, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.

ESPAGNE SAILS 2 DAYS LATE

Mrs. Chanler Goes to Represent Buyers of Lafayette Birthplace.

The French liner Espagne sailed yesterday for Bordeaux, forty-three hours late on account of the delay in getting her coal supply. Among the passengers in the first cabin was Mrs. William Astor Chanler, who is going to France as a representative of an American committee which has bought the birthplace of Lafayette. The château is to be devoted to teaching crippled French soldiers how to earn their living.

Just before the ganway was lowered, at 10 o'clock, Paul Bizlet, a young French soldier, in uniform, came down the pier with a number of friends, who appeared to be trying to persuade him not to go back to the front. They said he had been there once and had been wounded in the service of France, and that that was enough. Bizlet said that he must return to his duty. A young woman, who clung to his arm till the last moment, took off his steel helmet and kept it as a souvenir.

A Rather Elastic Order.

A hosiery mill that specializes in the better sort of this merchandise for men recently received an order which it was obliged to refuse because its production was sold past the delivery requested. The buying firm was apprised of this fact, and replied something to this effect: "Ship the goods we ordered whenever you can. If you can't ship them this Spring, ship them this Fall. If you can't ship them this Fall, ship them next Spring. We will need them whenever we get them, and we know they will be needed when they do come."

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 23,840.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL SCHWARTZ and HERMAN SCHWARTZ, individually and as copartners trading as SWARTZ BROS., Bankrupts.

The creditors of said Schwartz Bros. are hereby given notice that on the 9th day of Dec., A. D. 1916, the said Swartz Bros. were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room 1,505 Woolworth Bldg., 233 Broadway, City of New York, on the 19th day of Jan., A. D. 1917, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. MACGRANE COXE,

Jan. 9, 1917. Referee in Bankruptcy.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, JAN. 8.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BOWERY, 139, 23x108; Carmela Naimoli to Michael A. Bovey, 247 East 116th St; Joseph and Harry Bove, 52 Mott St; Angelo Bove, 247 East 114th St; Amelia B. Anselme, 247 East 114th St, and Elvira B. Scocozza, 2,205 Belmont Av, Bronx, ¼ part, July 28, 1916; address, Mrs. Agnes Auleta, 304 East 110th St. $1

BROADWAY, plot, begins between Broadway and Hudson River and between 199th and 201st Sts, —x—, with all title to lands under water, &c.; Ella H. Myers and Francisco B. Tompkins, individually and as executors, &c., to the Empire Mortgage Co., 46 Cedar St., all liens, Jan. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

ILENOX AV, e s, 75 ft s of 131st St, 24.11x 86; Samuel J. Meltzer to Cecilia Cohen, 600 West 178th St, mtg $12,500, Jan. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $1

MADISON AV, —, 4th Av., 20th and 21st Sts, the block known as Madison Square Garden, 197.6x425, foreclosure Dec. 8, 1916; John L. O'Brien, referee, to New York Life Insurance Co., 346 Broadway, Jan. 8; attorney, George W. Hubbell, 346 Broadway $2,000,000

STUYVESANT ST, 42, s s, 86.7 ft w from s w s of 10th St, 17x70.6x17.2x75.5; Gussie Nadelbach to Louis Susaman, 199 2d Av, all liens, Dec. 30, 1916; attorney, Edw. M. James, 2 Rector St. $1

7TH AV, n w corner of 56th St, 100.5x78x irregular, mtg $240,000; 56th St, n s, 78 ft w of 7th Av, 22x50.5; interior lot, beginning 50.5 ft n of 56th St and 78 ft w of 7th Av, 22x25, mtg on last two lots $80,000; 56th St, n s, 100 ft w of 7th Av, 50x106.6x50.6x113.10, mtg $45,000; Eva B. Browning to Lansing Realty Co., 81 Ann St, Forest Hills, Mass, Jan. 8; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

48TH ST, 323 West, s s, 242 ft e of 8th Av, 16.9x100.5; Colony Investing Co. to Edith Moss, 3,456 Broadway, mtg $20,000, all liens, Dec. 30, 1916 ..... $1

58TH ST, 242 East, s s, 120 ft w of 2d Av, 20x100.5; Richard C. Murphy to Adolph Newman, 240 East 58th St, foreclosure Dec. 7, Jan. 6; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $11,525

72D ST, s w corner of Park Av, 24x87; Marion Bell to Gordon Knox, 58 East 72d St, mtg $40,000; all liens, Feb. 19, 1914; address 22 Exchange Place ..... Gift

82D ST, 10 West, s s, 157 ft w of Central Park West, 18x100; Josepha E. Hiter to Albert Teets, 219 West 81st St, mtg $19,500, all liens, Jan. 6; attorneys, Emmet & Parish, 52 Wall St. $100

89TH ST, 137 and 139 West, n s, 225 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 50x100.5; 137 West 89th Street Corporation to the Almawi Corpn., 165 Broadway, mtg $45,000 and subject also to 20-year lease dated Feb. 4, 1913, Jan. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

100TH ST, 309 West, n s, 153 ft w of West End Av, 18x100.11; Aimee D. Jacquette to the 157 West Eighty-ninth Street Corporation, 165 Broadway, all liens, Jan. 6; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 B'way. $1

110TH ST, 301 East, s s, 75 ft e of 2d Av, 20x75; Carmela Naimoli to Amelia B. Anselme, 247 East 114th St; Joseph and Harry Bove, 52 Mott St; Michael A. Bove, 247 East 114th St; Angelo Bove, 247 East 114th St, and Elvira B. Scocozza, 2,203 Belmont Av, Bronx, ½ part, July 28, 1916; address, Mrs. Agnes Auleta, 304 East 110th St. $1

110TH ST, 306 East, s s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.11; same to same, ½ part, July 28, 1916; address, same. $1

110TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Lexington Av, 25x100, with all title to strip in rear, 25x0.11; Salvatore Isalli to Carmine Yaquinto, 123 West 112th St, mtg $17,500, Jan. 5; attorney, N. H. Pinto, 66 Reade St. $100

112TH ST, 357 East, 25x100; Carmela Naimoli to Michael A. Bove, 247 East 114th St, et al., 2-3 parts, July 2, 1916; address, Mrs. Agnes Auleta, 304 East 110th St. $1

119TH ST, 197 West, n s, 100 ft w of Lenox Av, 18x100.11, foreclosed Jan. 3; Frederick C. Hunter, referee, to Mary S. Maddock, 1,100 Rhode Island Av, Washington, D. C., Jan. 6; attorneys, Thompson, Koss & Wood, 256 Broadway $11,000

126TH ST, s s, 310 ft w of 5th Av, 24.6x 99.11; Colony Investing Corporation to Edith E. Moss, 3,456 Broadway, mtg $13,500, all liens, Dec. 30 ..... $1

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, n w s at s w s of 187th St, 80.4x140; Abraham W. Jackson et al to Solomon H. Jackson, 310 East 164th St, mtg 2-5 of $6,000, Jan 4; attorney, P. E. Jackson, Rector St. $1

BAYCHESTER AV, w s, 150 ft s of Edenwald Av, 100x75; also Hill Av, w s, 425 ft s of Edenwald Av, 100x100; also Bracken Av, e s, 425 ft n of Edenwald Av, 100x100; also Jones Av, w s, 275 ft s of Edenwald Av, 25x100; also Jones Av, w s, 125 ft s of Edenwald Av, 100x100; also Monaghan Av, w s, 100 ft s of Edenwald Av, 100x100; also Wilder Av, w s, 100 ft s of Edenwald Av, 50x100; also Murdock Av, e s, 350 ft s of Edenwald Av, 50x100; also Murdock Av, e s, 100 ft s of Edenwald Av, 25x100; Land Co. "A" of Edenwald to Westchim Realty Co., Inc., 170 Broadway, July 1, 1916; attorneys, San & Elsner, 170 Broadway $1

BRYANT AV, n e corner of 167th St, 92.5x 25x94.6x25; Vasa Realty Co. to Mary L. Richardson, Fort Lowry Hotel, foot 17th Av, Bath Beach, N. Y., mtg $26,500, Jan. 5; attorney, Mary L. Richardson, foot 17th Av, Bath Beach, N. Y. $1

JACKSON AV, w s, 29.11 ft s of Dater St, 49.11x100; Beckie Feldstein to Morris Polsky, 1,381 Union Av, mtg $30,000, Jan. 6; attorneys, Engel Bros., 253 Nassau St. $1

LONGFELLOW AV, 1,421, w s, 25x100, Joseph I. Berry, referee, to Henry Wendt, 171 West 85th St, January, 1917; attorney, Henry Wendt, 171 West 85th St. $1

LOTS 2, 3, and 4, Block 8, Map of Sheridan and Seagrave, 74x100.11x75x91.4; Joseph William Cummin to Helen T. Kilburn, 537 West 121st St, mtg $1,000, Dec 21, 1916; attorney, Warren C. French, 41 Park Row $1

LOTS 95 to 98, map of Benson estate; Frank E. Morrison et al. to Charles R. Knapp, 221 West 178th St, Jan. 5; attorney, C. R. Knapp, 221 West 178th St. $100

LOT 83, Block 2,821, tax map; also Lot 31, Block 2,838; Mary J. Woolf et al. to Louise C. Woolf, 1,000 Edward and Concourse, Sept. 12, 1916; attorney, S. W. Fowler, 256 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; James A. Woolf et al. to same, June 12, 1916; same attorney $1

LOT 27, Block 21, map of Parkchester; Leon Dauber to Katie Spunberg, 5 West 114th St, mtg $622, Dec. 22, 1916; attorney, D. Sternlicht, 230 6th St. $100

MAPES AV, 2,060, s s, 86.1x145; Charles E. Schmidt to Schill Construction Co., 860 Van Nest Av, mtg $52,000, Dec 21, 1916; attorney, Schill Construction Co., 860 Van Nest Av. $1

NELSON AV, 1,123, w s, 20x108.6x20x108.9; Michael Mee to Joseph Cunningham, 488 Henry St, Brooklyn, mtg $6,000, Jan 5; attorney, Joseph Cunningham, 43 Henry St, Brooklyn $1

PARK AV, s s, 56.6 ft e of 159th St, 56.8x 100x50x126.6; Hargton Bldg. Co., Inc., to Lopard Bldg. Corp., 883 Trinity Av, mtg $6,000, Nov. 9, 1916; attorney, N. Lopard, 883 Trinity Av. $100

ST. PETER'S AV, s w s, 33.5 ft n w of 4th St, 75x100; Christian Meyer to Emma Meyer, 1,101 Gates Av, Brooklyn, Oct. 14, 1916; attorney, Emma Meyer, 1,101 Gates Av. $1

VERIO AV, 4,278, w s, 88.1x181.1x80x94.2; Verio Land Co. to Press Impt. Co., 60 Wall St, mtg $4,000, Jan. 2; attorney, Press Impt. Co., 60 Wall St. $1

VERIO AV, 4,271, n w corner of 233th St, 20x94.2x20x84.11; same to Queen Mab. Co., 60 Wall St, mtg $6,000, Jan. 2; attorney, Queen Mab. Co., 60 Wall St. $1

150TH ST, 542 East, s

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Heirs of the Hemenway estate sold to Joseph F. Cullman, for investment, the six-story Scott Building, at 35 and 37 Frankfort Street.

The structure covers a plot 59 by 111 feet, and is assessed by the city for taxation purposes at $95,000.

It was purchased some years ago by Daniel B. Freedman for about $100,000 and resold by Mr. Freedman. It is one of the best parcels in the William Street district near the Brooklyn Bridge for improvement, having a northerly exposure and being located within a stone's throw of Park Row.

Plans are being prepared for the erection and negotiations are pending through the Charles F. Noyes Company for the rental of a twelve-story printing building containing 40,000 square feet of space for a prominent printing house at a net rental of $12,000 per annum.

This is Mr. Cullman's first important purchase north of Fulton Street. As in the case of all other purchases made by him, the property will be held free of mortgage. The Charles F. Noyes Company and the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company negotiated the sale.

Corn Exchange Bank Buys Heights Corner.

The Corn Exchange Bank has purchased from William J. Daniel the northwest corner of 181st Street and St. Nicholas Avenue.

This corner, which has a frontage of 50 feet and a depth of 100, was purchased and improved by Thomas Smith in 1908 with a five-story apartment house, with stores, on the avenue frontage. Shortly after its completion the Corn Exchange Bank secured a lease of the corner store, which space has been added to from time to time by reason of the increase in its business.

Mr. Daniel purchased the property some eight years ago as a permanent investment, realising its great future possibilities, the 181st Street Subway Station being at this point, but after lengthy negotiation was induced to sell.

It is fully rented for something over $20,000 per annum and was valued by him at $225,000. By its acquisition the Corn Exchange Bank renders permanent its location at this point. Manning & Trunk and McDowell & McMahon negotiated the sale.

Trade for 62d Street Apartment.

George H. Edwards was the buyer of the nine and one-half-story apartment house at 43-47 West Sixty-second Street, adjoining the Colony Club, secured through Douglas L. Elliman & Co. on Sunday. In part payment he gave the Kenmore apartment house, seven stories, at 353 West Fifty-seventh Street, near Ninth Avenue, on plot 75 by 100.11. It figured in the deal at about $200,000, the Sixty-second Street property being held at $600,000. Clinton S. Harris represented Mr. Edwards as attorney.

Two-Million-Dollar Broadway Lease.

The 1,620 Broadway Corporation, which is about to commence the erection of the Triumph Theatre on the Barney estate property on Broadway, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth Streets, of which it has recently acquired a long lease, has closed a lease of the theatre, when completed, to the Biddle Realty Company, which will operate the house. The lease is for a long term of years, and aggregates a sum approximately $2,000,000. Heckscher & de Saulles were the brokers in the transaction.

Uptown Deals for Garages.

In the upper Dyckman section Max Just and T. G. Galardi have purchased the plot, 100 by 100, on the northwest corner of Ninth Avenue and 208th Street, for immediate improvement with a two-story garage.

The J. Romaine Brown Company has sold for the estate of Mary G. Pinckney a plot 100 by 100 at the southeast corner of Lenox Avenue and 145th Street. The purchaser will improve the property with a garage building.

$250,000 Garage Lease.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. have leased from the plans for C. A. Bruhns a five-story garage building, to be erected at 225 and 227 West Sixty-sixth Street. The building will be among the first of the garage buildings erected in the city without columns. The lessee is the Cralders Garage and Repair Company, a newly formed corporation. The lease, for a term of years, will aggregate $250,000.

West 124th Street Resale.

The six-story apartment at 505 West 124th Street, on plot 100 by 100.11, has been resold by Frederick Brown to Adolph Weiss.

City Sells Leasehold.

The City of New York yesterday disposed of the property 15 to 19 City Hall Place, adjoining the new home of The Evening Mail. The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund authorized the sale of the leasehold.

The successful bidder was Daniel F. Mahony, a contractor, who secured the parcel for $4,500 a year, the upset price placed upon it by the city. The auction involved a five-year lease of the premises, with the option of renewal for a similar term. On the site are four and five story tenements and stores.

East Side Tenement Deal .

William Cruikshank's Sons have sold for Caroline S. Belcher the four-story tenement house at 409 East Eighty-fifth Street, on lot 25 by 102.

Operator Buys Four Bronx Flats.

Daniel H. Jackson, operator, purchased from Frederick Heinrich 1,200 Hoe Avenue, and 975, 981 and 985 Home Street, four five-story new law tenements, occupying a plot 188 by 100 on the northwest corner of Home Street and Hoe Avenue. The property was held at $225,000. John F. Giffing negotiated the sale.

Bronx Sales.

Richard Dickson sold for Philip Flur the northeast corner of 165th Street and Jackson Avenue, known as 721 East 165th Street, a three-family frame building, a lot 19 by 90.

The five-story building at 881 East 163d Street, on plot 50 by 100.4, being 60 feet west of Stebbins Avenue, has been purchased by Charles M. Levy from the Taroof Construction Company, which recently completed the structure. Isidore Montefiore Levy acted as attorney for the buyer.

H. Eckman sold to J. Smolinsky for investment the five-story new law tenement occupying a plot 88 by 100 feet on the southwest corner of Franklin Avenue and 169th Street. Lichtenstein & Cohn negotiated the sale.

Long Island.

Worthington Whitehouse, Inc., sold to a client of William J. Roome & Co., for Mrs. E. H. Mullen, a tract of woodland at Herricks, Long Island, N. Y., near Manhasset. This property adjoins the holdings of Mrs. W. R. Grace.

The three five-story apartment houses on the west side of Academy Street, 150 feet north of the Bridge Plaza, Long Island City, have been sold through John Greer to an investor.

Mount Vernon Sale.

The Anderson Realty Company sold for Mrs. E. K. Shiras of Port Huron, Mich., to Mrs. Henrietta Mohr of Mount Vernon, N. Y., the dwelling house and two lots 155 Overlook Street, Mount Vernon, for occupancy.

New Jersey.

The Frank Hughes-Taylor Company has sold for the Montclair Trust Company, as trustee, to Charles G. Slocum, Jr., a plot, 60 by 150, on the north side of Holland Terrace, at the head of Erwin Park Road. The buyer is erecting a residence on the property.

Owners Deny Sale to Thilton Holding Company.

Miss Laura Opper, the owner of 674 West End Avenue and 270 West Ninety-third Street, two parcels surrounding the southeast corner of Ninety-third Street, denies the reported sale of the property to the Thilton Holding Company, represented by Edward Isaacs. A similar report affecting the same property was printed several months ago. Among the parcels also reported sold was the residence of D. De Sola Mendes at 678 West End Avenue, on the Ninety-third Street corner. Mr. Mendes yesterday denied that the property was sold or under any negotiations for sale.

Apartments Leased.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased a large apartment of nineteen rooms, comprising an entire floor, in the new building under construction at 31 East Seventy-second Street, for Klein & Jackson to Frederic A. Glimbel of Glimbel Brothers, from Oct. 1, 1917; also the last remaining apartment of twenty-five rooms, comprising an entire floor, in the new building recently completed at 820 Fifth Avenue, northeast corner of Sixty-third Street, on the site of the old Progress Club, to O. A. Barnard of the J. H. Lane Company.

George C. Boldt, Jr., who recently assumed the proprietorship of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel on the death of his father, has leased for the Winter the furnished apartment of ten rooms at 260 West Seventy-second Street from Raymond G. Keeney. The brokers were the Crook & Livingston Company. William Penn Phipps represented Mr. Keeney.

Commercial Leases.

Jacob Rabinowitz has rented for J. Searle Barclay, Jr., the building at 20 Wooster Street, to the Stulman Box and Lumber Company.

Edward J. Hogan has leased to the Honolulu Iron Works for a term of years, at an aggregate rental of $125,000, a part of the southern half of the twenty-seventh floor of the Woolworth Building.

The S. H. Raphael Company leased for Margaret S. Ives to McGrath's Auction Rooms the store and basement at 28 East 125th Street for a term of years.

The Royal Bank of Canada, which occupies the ground floor and basement at 68 William Street, northeast corner of Cedar Street, has leased through William A. White & Sons space on the second floor of the same building, containing about 2,600 square feet.

Cross & Brown Company has leased the store at 1,801 Broadway to the Jennings Motor Sales Company.

Realty Notes.

The January meeting of the Builders' Association of Manhattan will be held this evening at the Hotel Marseilles, Broadway, corner of 103d Street. Matters of importance relative to legislation affecting the building industry will be discussed in addition to the annual election of a Board of Governors.

Mitchell A. C. Levy was the buyer of the six-story Blenheim Court apartment house at the northwest corner of 177th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, and he has resold it to Frederick Brown.

Plans have been filed by H. E. Pelton, as architect, for the new five-story residence to be erected by O. M. Dommerich at 48 and 50 East Sixty-ninth Street on a plot 37 by 94.5. The cost is placed at $70,000.

A meeting of the Harlem Property Owners' Association has been called for Thursday evening at 147 East 125th Street.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

69th St, 48 and 50 East; for a five-story dwelling, 37x94.5; O. L. Dommerich, 254 4th Av, owner; H. E. Pelton, 51 West 38th St, architect; cost, $75,000.

Madison Av, 64 to 70; to a thirteen-story hotel, 74x95; Charles F. Rogers, 16 East 28th St, owner and architect; $450,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Cannon St, 89; to a five-story nursery; Bright Side Day Nursery and Kindergarten, premises, owner; E. Necarsulmer, 507 5th Av, architect; $8,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

6th St, 752 East, s s, 89 ft w of Avenue D, 2x97x irregular, four-story tenement; Philadelphia Trust Co., as trustee, against Helene Rothschild et al.; F. H. Comstock, attorney; due, $18,987.29; taxes, &c., $466; to the plaintiff for $17,000.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

ARDEN ST, 29, e s, 269 ft n of Nagle Av, 27x110, Dec. 21, 1916; Chas. L. Henriques and George A. and Richard A. Henriques to Sadie Roth, 1,412 Prospect Av, Bronx, due April 1, 1917, int as per bond, prior mtg $22,500; one-half part given as coll. for 2d mtg, $2,500 and another for $5,000 on Columbus Av, n w corner of 125th St, —; Amsterdam Av, s e corner of 123th St, —; attorney, Albert Zimmerman, 206 Broadway.....$7,500

BLEECKER ST, s e corner of Perry St, 20x61.7, Jan. 8; Gustav J. Dohrwend and another to Otto A. Leister, 1,507 Metropolitan Av, Brooklyn, 5 years, 5½ and 6 p. c.; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St.....$2,000

BROADWAY, s w corner of Canal St, 36.5 to n s Lispenard St x125.10x55.6 to s s Canal St x127.7 to beginning, building loan, Dec. 29; Canal Street Building Corp. to James B. Ford, 11 East 45th St, due Jan. 1, 1918, 6 p. c., prior mtg $170,000; attorneys, Bowers & S., 40 Cedar St.....$60,000

LENOX AV, e s, 75 ft s of 131st St, 24.11x95, Jan. 3; Cecilia Cohen to Samuel J. Meitzer, 13 West 123d St, due Jan. 1, 1920, 6 p. c., prior mtg $12,500; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,000

NORTHERN AV, n e corner of 171th St, 90x108.11x90.11x102, supplemental mtg, Jan. 4; Haven Construction Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$83,000

SAME PROPERTY, given in place of prior mtg recorded Feb. 24, 1916, Jan. 4; Haven Construction Co. to Roxton Realty Co., 30 Nassau St, due Nov. 1, 1916, 6 p. c., prior mtg $83,000; attorney, same.....$25,000

NORTHERN AV, e s, 90 ft n of 171th St, 75x105, Jan. 5; same to Albany Savings Bank, Albany, N. Y., 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, same; sold.....$57,000

NORTHERN AV, e s, 90 ft n of 177th St, 75x108.11x75x105.9, given in place of mtg recorded Feb. 24, 1916, Jan. 4; same to Roxton Realty Co., 30 Nassau St, due Nov. 1, 1916, 6 p. c., prior mtg $57,000; attorney, same.....$18,000

NORTHERN AV, s e corner of 178th St, 90x108.11x90.11x112.9, supplemental mtg, Jan. 4; same to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$85,000

SAME PROPERTY, Jan. 4, given in place of mtg recorded Feb. 24, 1916; same to Roxton Realty Co., 30 Nassau St, due Nov. 1, 1916, 6 p. c., prior mtg $85,000; attorney, same.....$21,000

50TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of 10th Av, 20.10x100.5, Jan. 6; Meta R. Crane to Mary M. Pringle, 15 Belden Av, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., 3 years; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$5,000

58TH ST, s s, 120 ft w of 2d Av, 20x100.5, Jan. 8; Adolph Newman to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 100 Broadway, 3 years..$7,500

70TH ST, 338 East, s s, 77 ft w of 1st Av, 28x100.5, Jan. 3; Frank Zeman to Josephine Sasma, on premises, due Jan. 1, 1922, 5½ p. c., prior mtg $12,000; attorney, V. W. Woyisek, 319 East 68th St.....$5,000

80TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of 3d Av, 25x102.2, Jan. 8; Margaretta V. Gibbons to Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, due and int. as per bond.....$10,000

134TH ST, 67 West, n s, 260 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x99.11, Jan. 6; the Revenue Realty Co., to the Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and int. as per bond.....$10,000

134TH ST, 65-67 West, n s, 260 ft e of Lenox Av, 50x99.11, Jan. 5; same to Max Borer, 1,324 Madison Av, installments $250 quarterly, 6 p. c., mtg $28,500.....$6,900

Bronx.

CROTONA AV, 2,139, w s, 26.5x120.8; Sarah A. Farrell to Elizabeth Klefer, 724 Union Av, Jan. 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,500

GLEASON AV, s s, 255 ft e of Avenue C, 25x108; Mary O'Donnell to Abraham Seh and another, 501 West 167th St, Jan. 8, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,000

JACKSON AV, w s, 26.11 ft s of Dater St, 49.11x100; Morris Polsky to Beckie Feldstein, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Jan. 6, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Engel Brothers, 132 Nassau St.....$5,000

LOT 23, Parcel 18, map of William B. Ogden; Joseph T. Dallas to Catherine McCarron, 157 East 80th St, Dec. 30, 1916, due as per bond; attorney, Grant Squires, 299 Madison Av.....$1,000

LOT 25, Parcel 18, map of William B. Ogden; Joseph T. Dallas to Elizabeth Gleason, 100 Morningside Av, Dec. 30, 1916, due as per bond; attorney, Grant Squires, 299 Madison Av.....$1,000

LOT 24, Parcel 18, map of William B. Ogden; Joseph T. Dallas to James W. Gleason, 100 Morningside Av, Dec. 30, 1916, due as per bond; attorney, Grant Squires, 299 Madison Av.....$1,000

LOTS 1, 93, 95, 103, map of Benson estate; Charles R. Knapp to Josephine T. Morrison, 821 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, Jan. 4, due April 1, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, Josephine T. Morrison, 821 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

SAME PROPERTY; same to Frank E. Morrison, 821 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, prior mtg $3,200, Jan. 4, due April 1, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. T. Ayres, 503 5th Av..$3,000

PLOT begins 940 ft from White Plains Road and 620 ft from Morris Park Av, 25x100; Bernard Amster to Annie Meyers, 226 West 140th St, prior mtg $2,500, Dec. 19, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Bernard Amster, 1,861 Barnes Av.....$500

150TH ST, 542 East, s s, 25x100; Frank Gunther to Ludwig Engelstedter, 829 2d Av, Jan. 5, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, George A. Kues, 491 East 140th St.....$2,500

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

ESSEX ST, 107, store and basement; Samuel Fuss to Isaac Connor, on the premises, 3 years from Jan. 1, 1917; 2 years' renewal; attorney, Emanuel I. Silberstein, 63 Park Row.....$876

1ST AV, 1,637, corner store and basement; Sol Klingenstein, executor, &c., to William A. Dvorkind, on the premises, 5 years from May 1, 1917; attorney, S. Honig, 280 Broadway.....$1,200

3D AV, 2,235, store and basement; Davey Realty Co. to D. Brinkheimer, Inc., on the premises, 3 years from May 1, 1918; lease dated Dec. 20, 1916.....$2,250

4TH AV, n s corner of 12th St, store floor, 3,300 square feet, and basement, 9,000 square feet; Hamilton Fish Corporation to H. D. Berner & Winterbauer Co., 113 to 119 4th Av, 3 years from May 1, 1916.....$5,000

9TH AV, 855 and 857, all; Theodore I. Jacobus to Morris Slachter, 794 Home St, 5 years from Dec. 1, 1916; attorney, Morris Wolf, 302 Broadway.....$5,500

15TH ST, 338 and 340 East, all; Clarence R. and C. Co. to Frank Duberstein, 729 Lafayette Av, Brooklyn, 3 years from Jan. 1, 1917; 5 years' renewal; attorney, Nathan Wadman, 346 Broadway.....$4,800

42D ST, 422 West, s s, 275 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9, all; Joseph Patten to L. G. House and J. Fink, House & Fink Co., 21 years from July 1, 1917; attorney, Walter E. Godfrey, 198 Broadway.....$2,400

Bronx.

WEBSTER AV, n w corner of 195th St, corner store; Big Three Amusement Corporation to Goldberger, Inc., at 195th St and Webster Av, 10 years from Jan. 1, 1917; attorneys, Fitch & G., 32 Nassau St....$1,440 to $1,800

138TH ST, 378 East, east store, &c.; Kathryn E. Turner to Photeos Duuree, 378 East 138th St, 5 years from April 1, 1916; attorney, Joseph Rubin, 309 Broadway.....$1,200 to $1,320

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

COLUMBUS AV, 255; Max E. Ebenstein against John Doe et al., owners; J. Tsonis & Co., contractors.....$29

LAFAYETTE ST, 90; Frederick Lauer against Samuel Fessendon's heirs, &c., owners; Wm. E. Woodman, contractor.....$488.50

24TH ST, 514 and 516 West; Germania Engineering and Construction Co., Inc., against Joseph N. Courtade & Sons, Inc., owners and contractors.....$3,418

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 1,753; Arthur H. Oesterheld against Ferdinand Daehne, owner; John Langerman & Son, contractors.....$24

CANNON PLACE, e s, 175 ft s of 238th St, 75x100; E. A. Omealy & Son against Cannon Place Construction Co., Inc., owner and contractor.....$125

CANNON PLACE, e s, 100 ft s of 238th St, 75x100; William Regon against Victor Zambetti, August Neitch, and Cannon Place Construction Co., owners; Victor Zambetti, as President, contractor.....$100

CANNON PLACE, 3,480; Carmelo Silvestro against Cannon Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$25

CANNON PLACE, 3,484; Carmelo Silvestro against Cannon Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$25

CANNON PLACE, 3,482; Carmelo Silvestro against Cannon Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$25

CANNON PLACE, 3,486; Carmelo Silvestro against Cannon Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$25

CANNON PLACE, 3,482 to 3,494; Ames Building Material Co., Inc., against Cannon Place Construction Co., Inc., owner; Victor Zambetti and Cannon Place Construction Co., Inc., contractors.....$423

CANNON PLACE, 3,480, 3,482, 3,484, 3,486; William Regon against Victor Zambetti, August Neitch, and Cannon Place Construction Co., owners; Victor Zambetti, as President, contractor.....$305

CANNON PLACE, 3,486; Abraham Lieman against Cannon Place Construction Co. and Victor Zambetti, owners and contractors.....$350

CANNON PLACE, e s, 100 ft s of 238th St, 75x100; Wright-Ogden Co., Inc., against Cannon Place Const. Co., Inc., owner; Victor Zambetti, contractor.....$1,437

CANNON PLACE, e s, 175 ft s of 238th St, 75x100; Wright-Ogden Co., Inc., against Cannon Place Construction Co., Inc., owner; Victor Zambetti, contractor.....$154

CANNON PLACE, 3,680, 3,682, 3,684, 3,686; Knight & DeMicco, Inc., against Cannon Place Construction Co., Inc., owner; Victor Zambetti, contractor.....$93

CANNON PLACE, 3,480, 3,482, 3,484, 3,486; Chelsea Lumber Co., Inc., against Cannon Place Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$450

CARPENTER AV, s e corner of 235th St, 27x105; Church E. Gates & Co., Inc., against W. M. Realty Co., owner and contractor.....$116

HARLEM RIVER TERRACE, 2,468; Michael Normoyle, against (Miss) C. W. Foote, owner; G. Moore, contractor.....$300

188TH ST, n s, 568 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 87x200; Samuel Epstein, Inc., against St. Luke's Roman Catholic Church, owner; McDermott & Hanigan, Inc., contractors..$161

163D ST, n s, whole block front between Ogden and Summit Ave, 1900x75; Samuel Epstein, Inc., against St. Albans Episcopal Church, owner; McDermott & Hanigan, Inc., contractors.....$210

238TH ST, s e corner of Cannon Place, 99x100; Knight & DeMicco, Inc., against Cannon Place Construction Co., Inc., owner; Victor Zambetti, contractor.....$224

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Apartment of three rooms and bath to sublet for four months, from January 1, desirable for single party or couple.
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ROOMS WANTED.
Furnished.

GENTLEMAN desires room, private house, hot and cold running water; prefer west side, below 96th St.; will pay $5 or $6 per week; references exchanged. N 85 Times.

JAPANESE business man desires large, well-furnished room in private family where no other roomers kept; convenient to subway; state full particulars, terms. N 245 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS WOMAN, furnished or unfurnished, sunny room; with outlook, above 100th St. West, would share apartment. C 167 Times.

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East Side.

76TH, 43 EAST.—Attractive, sunny furnished room; every comfort; all conveniences; telephone.

West Side.

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70TH, 200 WEST, Opposite Sherman Square.—Single rooms; running water; unusually attractive board; elevator apartment. Hubbell.

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76TH, 147 WEST.—Handsome front, square room, other rooms; references exchanged.

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79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

212 WEST 79TH ST.
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88D, 17 WEST.—High-class Jewish house; home surroundings; excellent table; table guests.

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86TH, 140 WEST.—Room, private bath; electricity; excellent table; reference; Southern family.

90TH, 318 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms, unexpectedly vacated, in exclusive house; electricity; excellent table; reference; table guests.

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93D, 252 WEST.—Cozy bedroom; large closet; continuous hot water; adjoining bath.

102D ST., 306 WEST (near Riverside.)—Large front room, adjoining private bath; couple or gentlemen; refined family; references given, required.

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117TH AND AMSTERDAM AV.—Hotel La Forte, opposite Columbia University grounds; two blocks subway express; all outside rooms, with, without bath; southern exposure; full hotel service at very reasonable rates.

149TH, 544 WEST.—Generous table; every room adjoining bath; electricity.

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CHARMING PRIVATE ACCOMMODATIONS. Cultured woman, artistic apartment, first-class appointments, desire two lady guests; testimonials exchanged; upper west side. D 86 Times.

WEST END AV., 279.—Corner 73d, Opposite Schwab Mansion.)—Handsome, private corner house, with elevator; handsome room, with private bath.

WEST END AV., 52a, (86th.)—Desirable room; house thoroughly appointed; excellent table.

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ROOMS and board with private family for two or three months; private house, between 72d and 116th Sts., west of Broadway; 3 adults and child of 7 years; references. Address, stating terms, X 71 Times.

TWO SUNNY ROOMS with small family in apartment; young couple. N 63 Times.

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Invalids, convalescents, chronic cases; homelike, ideal; near N. Y. Booklet. Dr. Ellis, Metuchen.

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Old Concord, Mass.—Two large rooms, private bath; choice neighborhood; private family. Mrs. Akin, 4 Lowell Road.

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STENOGRAPHER, (25,) American, high school graduate, 6 years' mechanical experience, capable mastering technicalities grammatically; live wire, no clock watcher, references; $15. M 321 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; three years' manufacturing, mercantile experience; high school education; age 22; legible penman; quick figurer; accustomed rapid dictation; references; $20. M 362 Times Downtown.

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STENOGRAPHER and switchboard; Christian; good address; experienced and capable; $15; best of references. M 330 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Graduate business school, ambitious worker, desires position reliable firm. Frances Golbach, 37 East 58th. Phone Plaza 2093.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; Christian; good address; several years' experience; $20; excellent references furnished. M 295 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Expert; responsible; with one firm many years; superior references; nice appearance; salary $18. N 88 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, of good address; familiar all office detail; $18; excellent references. M 294 Times Downtown.

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STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; can take any dictation; rapid, trustworthy; $15. N 233 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; thoroughly capable; good business experience; intelligent; $20. M 296 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, thoroughly competent executive; seeks connection with downtown concern. C 3 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; rapid worker; references; $12. M 325 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years' experience, good business training, intelligent. M 378 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent handle correspondence; excellent memory for detail; $15 to $20. N 70 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced touch typist, familiar office. E. Luebkert, 421 Central Av., Jersey City, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, thoroughly experienced; neat appearance and worker; $12. N 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; rapid worker; references; $12. N 252 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, competent to turn out A1 work; $15. N 250 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert law work, desires position; salary $25 weekly. N 263 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat, willing, capable; prefers downtown position; $8. N 230 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, typist, office assistant; willing, conscientious girl; 4 years' concern; age 21; $9. A 295 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Christian; experienced at busy plug board; $10-$12. Lenox 3464.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR; Christian; courteous and competent; excellent references. M 321 Times Downtown.

USEFUL COMPANION.—Elderly lady, semi-invalid; capable; good reader, sewer. R. R., Times Harlem.

VISITING GOVERNESS. — English, knowing French; mornings, part afternoons free; gives English, French lessons; would take child out to Park. Phone Morningside 2707, Apartment 41.

YOUNG LADY would qualify to fill position of social secretary, companion, or chaperon to young girls. A 303 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—(Colored,) neat girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 2d floor, 514 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

COOKS, Waitresses, Nurses, Houseworkers.—Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av. (75th St.) Schuyler 9136.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Installs simplified systems, stopping leaks, giving daily statements of information required to intelligently develop business; uncertainty eliminated; business run like a bank. Fleming, 30 East 42d St. Phone Vanderbilt 6272.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. 35 Nassau St., Room 1,303. Telephone Cortlandt 7958.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances and audits $5 monthly; INEXPENSIVE; unlimited, closed, systematized; investigations, profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert junior; B. C. S.; 8 years' experience all lines business; efficient office manager; permanent or temporary. C 134 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, purchasing agent open for permanent position. B. Conklin, Hillsdale, Bergen County, N. J.

A PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who will look after your property at moderate charges. Fingerhood, 70 Wall St. Telephone 7583 Hanover.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER or ledger clerk, young man, (20,) quick, accurate, energetic, experienced, wishes position. L. A., 2,900 3d Av.

AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE.
Young man, age 26, with two years' experience in automobile underwriting, seeks similar position in New York office of progressive company; intelligent, willing and capable; not afraid of long hours; familiar with all lines of insurance; well liked by brokers and agents; can solicit brokers' accounts and show results; good correspondent and good all round man that can be depended upon; A1 references; salary $60 monthly to start; can assume duties immediately. N 243 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.
We want to place a competent, reliable young man in a position with a good outlook for the future; been with us four years; leaving to better himself; neat, honest, ambitious, intelligent, steady; good habits. Gibb Bros. & Moran, 45 Rose St.

BOOKKEEPER, (33,) thoroughly competent take full charge, rapid and accurate handler large payrolls, desires employment where such qualifications are required; salary $25. N 86 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert any line; energetic, reliable. American; excellent penman; good address; references; salary, $25-$30. Telephone 3812 Lenox.

BOOKKEEPER, expert; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly; auditing, profit and loss statements; reliable. N 262 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (26,) capable assistant to executive; modern accounting methods; thoroughly experienced; correspondent. N 239 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance, financial statements; fully capable take charge of office. H. Fiefer, 170 East 104th St.

BOOKKEEPER desires position in spare time; trial balance, financial statements, bookkeeping for firms not employing bookkeepers. N 65 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man, experienced, desires position; employed at present. N 64 Times.

BOY, (17,) 2 years' high school education, advancement. Eisenberg, 132 Ludlow St.

CHAUFFEUR, (29;) AMERICAN; 10 YEARS' EXPERIENCE WITH PRIVATE FAMILIES AND TEXAS; BEST OF PERSONAL REFERENCES. W. B., 227 WEST 50TH ST. PHONE 2428 CIRCLE.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. Write C. Rogers, care Society Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married; 12 years' experience domestic, foreign machines; A1 mechanic; references; moderate salary. F. Herman, 2,219 8th Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Honest, trustworthy, reliable; 5 years' experience foreign and domestic cars; prefer private city or country; best of references. Blechner, Tel. 199 Melrose.

CHAUFFEUR, &c.—Young man wishes position as chauffeur and driver; not afraid of hard work and long hours; out of town preferred. Time of Keegan, 432 East 67th St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with party who appreciates first-class, A1 man, recommended by employer. Chauffeur, Schuyler 10497. 8-9 A. M.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, foreign, domestic cars, 5 years' experience; careful driver of good habits; wishes position with private family. Zeronicky, 539 East 78th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; last six years with prominent gentleman; highly recommended; will be disengaged this week. N 61 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Lady storing car wishes to place her chauffeur; reliable, careful driver. Tel. Circle 2094.

CLERK, (20,) bookkeeper, ledger clerk; quick at figures. Goldberger, 445 East 85th St.

COOK and BUTLER; couple; first-class references; city, country. B. C., Times Harlem.

COLLEGE GRADUATE wishes to make connection with a reliable concern where there are chances for advancement. M 279 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

COLLEGE MAN, 30, married, good correspondent, business experience, general capability. N 235 Times Downtown.

CORNELL GRADUATE, B. S., 1916, desires position with future; neat, good address; salary secondary. N 254 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT. — College bred; force, tact, initiative; now employed; change where quality counts, salary moderate. Triangle, 351 Canal St.

DRAFTSMAN. — Experienced scale F. S.; wants position with architect offering opportunities in return for conscientious work; references. N 62 Times.

ENGINEER, (graduate;) American; (33;) 10 years' experience Latin America, bridges, buildings, installation of machinery; 5 years head of department public service corporation; prefers connection with manufacturers and exporters of machinery and steel products; capable man who is willing to demonstrate ability to earn a good salary; can correspond correctly in Spanish. N 77 Times.

ENGINEER, technical graduate, 27, desires connection with reliable engineering or industrial firm offering opportunities for advancement; five years' engineering and executive experience with large public utilities; excellent references. Y 233 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.—Five years sales-advertising manager, million dollar concern; legal experience; just the man for assistant to head of firm; modern business method exponent; age 30; married. A 305 Times Downtown.

FARMER SUPERINTENDENT wants position gentleman's country estate; thoroughly competent every branch; educated, reliable, sober; highest possible references. Horton, 68 West 71st St.

GARDENER, single, 37, 22 years' experience in all branches, sober, industrious, agreeable, good education, just arrived from Philadelphia, where for the last five years in charge of up-to-date estate, desires a similar position; personal call to mutual advantage. N 56 Times.

GARAGE FOREMAN.—Young man, 27, desires position; sober, experienced; of good record; capable of handling men; understands perfect care of automobiles; A1 references. Box 58, 1,515 3d Av.

GENTLEMAN, highly educated, traveled extensively, experienced, speaking Spanish fluently, thoroughly acquainted Latin-Americans, wishes position with firm appreciating good work; accountant, office manager, salesman; foreign service preferred. N 66 Times.

IN A TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT,
by railroad rate clerk who has had ten years' experience in all lines of railroad work. M 359 Times Downtown.

INWARD FREIGHT CLERK, (24;) acquainted with forwarding and export shipping. D 90 Times.

JAPANESE, well educated, thorough English knowledge, capable, wishes position in business concern. M 356 Times Downtown.

JAPANESE wants light family work equivalent room, board; speaks good English. Naka, Apt. 12, 506 West 136th St.

MANAGER—EXECUTIVE
open for permanent connection; age 28; possesses tact, initiative, and executive ability; good systematizer; nine years' experience as assistant to executive head of large manufacturing company; qualified to act as manager, executive, or assistant to executive of large company; credentials A1. D 84 Times.

MAN, (40,) very deaf, having met sudden financial reverses, wants work any kind, day, night, city, country, for moderate pay. M 324 Times Downtown.

NEWSPAPER EDITOR desires position in New York; experienced in automobile, financial, commercial, sporting departments, and reportorial work. N 90 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, (21,) knowledge of bookkeeping, billing, operates Underwood; references. N 247 Times Downtown.

READY-TO-WEAR LINES WANTED.
Two salesmen who have covered following States, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Texas, for fourteen years, wish to connect at once with good coat, suit, dress, and waist lines; can give the very finest references, and only manufacturers who can sell big trade will be considered; we have a big market business. Address J. N. G., care of Baltimore Hotel, Kansas City, Mo.

REAL ESTATE MANAGER.
Young man, 5 years' experience managing high-class apartment houses, seeks position with real estate firm. D 69 Times.

RUSSIAN CORRESPONDENT.
Scandinavian, 9 years' business experience Russia, perfect Russian, German, Danish correspondent, little knowledge English, wants position; will start with a small salary. N 80 Times.

SALES MANAGER, (37,)
Al record; experienced various specialty lines; interview will convince. S. K., 82 West Broadway.

SALESMAN, &c.—Business man from Paris, with qualifications for salesmanship, manager, foreign correspondent, perfect French, English, German, knowledge of Italian and little Spanish, seeks position; salary moderate. N 73 Times.

SALESMAN, 38, has been on the road 15 years in most of U. S., wishes position; speaks several languages; must be good income; salary or commission. Box 24, 1,508 2d Av.

SALESMAN, established trade, employed with manufacturers of embroideries on hand and Singer machines, wishes to make change. A. E., 104 East 4th St.

SALESMAN, (24,) employed, experienced woolens, linings, knowledge Spanish. H. W., 1,794 3d Av.

SALESMAN wants to connect with established house, inside or on the road; can furnish unquestionable references. N 79 Times.

SNAP FASTENERS.
Machinist-toolmaker wants to connect with concern desirous of building machinery and tools to manufacture fasteners; answer quick. D 82 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school education; fast dictation, rapid typist, knowledge bookkeeping, experienced; $17. Fred Goehring. Bryt. 1319.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Young man, (27,) single, 10 years' railroad experience, all branches, wishes live position. N 241 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS; EXPERIENCED HELP ONLY. AGENCY. BARCLAY 5292. 261 Broadway, Room 819.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, experienced, reliable, good education; best references. N 246 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER desires evening work, dictation or copying, at his office or outside. D 87 Times.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE, 15 years' experience, wants to associate with concern manufacturing construction material or equipment. Y 227 Times Annex.

WOULD you employ bright, ambitious young man, 18, three years' experience typewriting and knowledge bookkeeping, seeks place with advancement, moderate salary, excellent references, living with parents, ready at any time? H. O., 217 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN having outgrown his present engagement of 12 years' standing, seeks permanent, responsible connection; active and progressive and can show an absolutely clean, successful record; has had experience in sales department and in general office work; highest commercial references. M 254 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 7 years' business experience, is desirous of connecting with progressive and up-to-date usiness firm where hard and conscientious work is appreciated and good future is offered. Am capable of handling any position of responsibility; references and ability unquestionable. Y 302 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) Russian, with knowledge of English, German, French, seeks position in commercial or manufacturing concern, where he can make himself generally useful, with a view to advancement; references. Mitnitsky, 961 Simpson St.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) South American, college training, neat, refined appearance, speaking English, Spanish fluently, desires position where industry and willingness to learn lead to advancement; excellent references. W. F., Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 21, 4 years' experience as bill clerk, knowledge of stenography and typewriting, desires position with chance for advancement. Michael Luici, 11 Morton St., New York City.

YOUNG MAN, 25, office and shipping department manager, paper and twine; willing and capable of handling any other business; will start for reasonable salary. V. Simon, 404 Alabama Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 27, ambitious, energetic, nine years' business experience, desires permanent position; knowledge sash and door business; best references. N 234 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (26,) Greek, educated Robert College, desires position; knowledge of bookkeeping and English, French, Greek, and Turkish languages. N 237 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN WANTS WORK.
High school graduate, 19; bookkeeping, selling, advertising, office training, experienced. N 229 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) ambitious, good business knowledge, best references, desires position where conscientious work is appreciated. N 251 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years, wishes position with a reliable concern dealing in machinery; 3 years' experience. N 223 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, active, industrious, desires position; four years' office experience; excellent reference. 282 South 2d St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 19, architectural student, wishes position in architect's or draftsman's office; salary moderate. A 298 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school graduate, desires clerical position; experienced. N 237 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, selling ability, desires connection reliable concern; references. N 69 Times.

YOUNG MARRIED MAN, good education, now employed, seeks other position. N 260 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires position necessitating using brains and ability. N 87 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position in broker's office; furnish bond. N 81 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM AND STRAUS,

FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

DEPARTMENT OF WRAPPING—Require a number of young girls to wrap parcels. Apply, with working certificate or proof of age, to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, subway floor, central building.

BOOKKEEPER.—20 to 25 years of age; thoroughly competent; preferably one who has worked on combination journal and cash book, with general office experience; $15 to commence. Accurate, N 261 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, and Typewriter.—Clothing house experience necessary; excellent position offered. Call or write D. L. & W., Inc., 46 East 14th St.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, to take full charge home of professional woman; 3 in family; small modern house; no laundry work; fifteen minutes out. S 73 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, knowledge of typewriting, for permanent position. C. H. Packard, 1416 Broadway.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS (unemployed) wanted for permanent positions, and also those who are married and interested in earning money on temporary work. John B. Ranson, Auctioneer of Adding Machines, 70 Church St., New York.

COOK, &c.—Girl to cook and help wash, iron; wages $30; references. 61 West 90th St.

DEMONSTRATOR.—Clever, ambitious woman needed at once by long established business house to call on selected list of mothers for proposition placed on the market dealing with child welfare; instruction given; traveling position for competent person; short hours, liberal commission. Call 6th floor, 16 East 40th St.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR. — Experienced young lady who is quick and accurate touch typist; salary, $15 weekly; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply Mr. Goldman, 2d floor, 229 West 42d St.

DO YOU WANT TO
MAKE A LITTLE MONEY
OF YOUR OWN?

We need in our accounting department several young women over 18; good character, neat, steady. You must write a fairly good hand, and be able to add, subtract; large bright, airy office. Apply between 9 and 10 or 3:30 and 4:30. C. Kenyon Co., 754 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

GIRLS, (2,) for clerical work; preference given those able to operate typewriter when required. The United States Aluminum Co., Edgewater, N. J.

GIRL for sample department, ribbon house. Address W. Bros., 19 East 24th.

HOUSEWORK, general; white girl wanted in small family; six rooms apartment; no laundry work. Write for appointment, stating wages. P. O. Box 1,608.

HOUSEWORKER.—Competent general housework, white; sleep out; good wages. 745 Riverside Drive, Apt. 4D.

LEDGER CLERK.—MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES. APPLY BY MAIL ONLY, STATING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED, CUSHMAN'S, 517 WEST 59TH.

MODELS.—YOUNG LADIES AS MISSES' MODELS TO TRY ON CLOAKS AND SUITS IN OUR SHOW ROOM. A. GERSHEL & CO., 15 EAST 26TH.

MODELS.—SHOW ROOM MODELS, SIZE 36. WANTED. KRUSKAL CO., 102 MADISON AV.

LAUNDRESS, chambermaid, wanted; city references required; carfare paid. Call from 12 to 1, 557 East 83d St.

NURSE for afternoons; dependable, young white; to assist mother in care of two children, ages 7 and 4; references required. Groskin, 840 West End Av.

NURSE.—Experienced; child 3 years old; at Summit, N. J.; good wages. Apply at 63 Wall St., ninth floor, Room 1, between 2 and 3, Tuesday, Jan. 9.

NURSE or attendant for an institution for nervous and mental diseases; pay, $22 a month. Address Box 81, Millbrook, N. Y.

NURSE.—Wanted, experienced nurse for baby, 1 year; good wages. Telephone Mrs. Berliner, Columbus 8320, Ansonia Hotel.

NURSE.—Take charge baby 10 months, assist light housework, small family; good wages. W 215 Times Downtown.

NURSE for baby 7 months; good wages; references. Hirsch, 312 West 93d.

OFFICE ASSISTANT in order department; telephone experience; must be accurate; state age, experience, and salary. S 64 Times.

OFFICE WORK. — Young girl, beginner; refined in appearance; moderate salary. Apply, 8:30 to 10 A. M., Room 408, 489 5th Av.

PARCEL WRAPPERS.—Large mail order house requires number of young ladies, 18 to 22 years of age, as wrappers; permanent positions; experience not essential; state age and salary required. Address NN 218 Times Downtown.

REPORTER for newspaper and to do other special work, including managing automobile and similar shows occasionally in city of 35,000; state salary expected; must be ready soon. Address Y 294 Times Annex.

SALESLADY IN SHOWROOM OF WHOLESALE DRESS HOUSE; MUST HAVE ATTRACTIVE APPEARANCE AND STOUT FIGURE; BUST MEASUREMENT 50; HIP 47; NO EXPERIENCE REQUIRED, BAUM & WOLFF, 99 MADISON AV.-29TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER.—Can offer to experienced, rapid operator, high salaried position with good future in publishing house; chance to learn advertising and editing; must have good education. William B. Curtis, 117 East 24th St.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, numerous desirable positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper, $15; stenographers, $12, $15; immediately. Acme Agency, 26 Cortlandt St.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, clerks; permanent. Doyle Agency, 154 Nassau; 39 East 42d

STENOGRAPHER, $18; TYPISTS. Business Service Bureau, 309 Broadway.

Instruction.

SHORTHAND IN 30 DAYS.
SHORTHAND SUCCESS.—You can be a stenographer 30 days from now by learning Boyd Syl-lab-ic Sherthand. Why waste half a year when we can qualify you in 30 days 120 words per minute in 30 days? Call or write for free trial lessons and catalogue. Mossé Schools, 527 West 125st St., 55 East 42d St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Instruction.

REGISTERED SCHOOL FOR NURSES. SYDENHAM HOSPITAL, 343 East 116th Street, New York City. A few vacancies exist for women desiring two or three years' training; Diploma granted after passing successful examination. Apply by letter or in person, Superintendent of Nurses.

$10
This week only, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in STENOGRAPHY, TYPEWRITING, TELEGRAPHY; positions secured. Est. 1884. GAFFEY'S SCHOOL, 11 West 34th St.

FILING. — Instruction in day, evening, and correspondence courses; demand for graduates exceeds supply. N. Y. School of Filing, Singer Building.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

DELICATESSEN DEPARTMENT require an experienced salesman for the foreign and domestic cheese section. Apply in person or by mail to Superintendent.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, for permanent staff of C. P. A.; state education, experience, salary. W 204 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, (senior;) one with cost experience preferred; state age, salary, and references. C. P. A., S 70 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer by manufacturer; state experience, salary, &c. S 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Corporation has permanent position, at fixed salary $18-$20, for American over 30; good working conditions; hours 9 to 5:30; ½ day Saturday; only applicants who will be satisfied at this salary permanently need apply. W 218 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Permanent position, in a big firm; must be young, energetic, quick at figures; state experience, age, salary desired, own handwriting only. D 47 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man; trial balances, credits; $20; Brooklyn; references; ability and habits required. W 217 Times Downtown.

BOYS, over 16 years, for light factory work.

Apply Butterick Publishing Company,

Spring and Macdougal Sts., N. Y. C.

BOY wanted, about 16 years of age, to run errands and do general office work in downtown commercial house; experience unnecessary, but must have good references. N 266 Times Downtown.

BOYS, 16 to 21, by large mail-order house, in shipping and packing departments; steady position; experience not essential; state age and salary required. Address NN 217 Times Downtown.

BOY, (16,) in stock department, well known wholesale house; good future for reliable, energetic worker. M 378 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED.

Apply Room 1,927, 17 Battery Place.

BOY, bright, to work in stockroom, run errands; must be good at figures; state salary. N 89 Times.

BOY, (17;) $7 to start; 10 A. M.; bring references. Library, Bar Association, 42 West 44th St.

BOY wanted, 17 to 18 years, in steel company; state age, experience, and salary expected. W 216 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Wanted, strong, intelligent boy to learn woolen business; salary $6 to start. Y 303 Times Annex.

BOY about 15 years in advertising agency for errands and office work. Apply 47 West 34th St., Room 905.

BOY wanted for light office duties. Apply Tuesday, before 10, Room 1,205, 309 Broadway.

BOY wanted in large law office; salary, $6. N 258 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, aged 33, wishes position, private or commercial; careful driver; excellent references. Turncliff, 7 West 111th St.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR. — Experienced young man who is quick and accurate touch typist; salary $15 weekly; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply Mr. Goldman, 2d floor, 229 West 42d St.

DRAFTSMAN for detailing furniture; experienced man only need apply. D. S. Hess & Co., 3 East 40th St.

ELLIOTT-FISHER
Apply Room 1,927, 17 Battery Place.

ERRAND BOY.—Permanent position; good chance for advancement; references required; $8. T 398 Times Downtown.

HEAD WAITER wanted; American plan. Alamac Hotel, Atlantic City, N. J.

JANITOR for apartments; 12 families; South Yonkers; three rooms and bath free and $60 per month. Write full particulars and age. Owner, S 68 Times.

MACHINISTS, MOULDERS.
All-around men, engine lathe, planer, boring mill, vise hands; steady work; no labor troubles; good wages. Apply Room 4, Barge Office, Battery Park. New York City.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN wanted, over 25 years of age, who can detail from layouts; electrical experience not necessary; permanent positions; rare chance for advancement offered to the right men. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co., East Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICE BOY.—$6 START; BRIGHT, ENERGETIC, AMERICAN; GOOD APPEARANCE AND EDUCATION; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. CALL TUESDAY MORNING, 9 O'CLOCK, OR WRITE ERICKSON COMPANY, 381 4TH AV.

POLISHER AND GRINDER on iron castings. Call at the S. S. White Dental Manufacturing Co., Prince Bay, Staten Island.

SALESMEN
are reaping a harvest handling the Encyclopaedia Britannica. Handy Volume edition; more than a million dollars will be spent in advertising in the next few months; we furnish you all the leads you can handle; commission, with drawing account; a thorough training is given, rapid advancement assured.
Encyclopaedia Britannica Corp.,
120 West 32d St., 6th floor, N. Y.

SALESMAN WANTED.—HAVE OPENING FOR A GOOD LIVE WIRE SALESMAN. ONE WHO CAN FURNISH A-1 CREDIT-CLASS SELLING RECORD AND REFERENCES; HIGH-CLASS MAN, BUT NOT TOO BIG TO WORK EVERY TOWN IN TERRITORY; THE RIGHT MAN CAN EARN $100 OR OVER; EXPENSES ADVANCED AGAINST LIBERAL COMMISSION. S 65 TIMES.

SALESMEN
wanted to sell corsets, rompers, play dresses; must have had experience in muslin underwear, infants' wear, or similar lines with the large city department stores; salesmen with record, capable of earning $3,000 to $5,000 per year only considered; write giving full facts, references, territory covered, sales, firms represented, and age; good chance for live wires; salary or commission. SMITH & TAYLOR CO.,
55 Bedford St.,
Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN of more than average ability wanted; if you can approach business men and intelligently present facts, keeping in mind our proposition requires no coloring or misrepresentation, you are the man we want; we require above qualifications and verified references; commission basis; if you can qualify and stand prosperity after you do qualify, write for appointment. Address N 76 Times.

SALESMEN accustomed to making big money; we have openings for several aggressive specialty salesmen to travel and sell our advertising service to bankers and merchants; clean, dignified, legitimate, and established business; exclusive territory; commission paid daily or weekly; experience in our line, while desirable, not necessary; call 9 to 12 A. M., National Engraving Company, 154 Nassau St.

SALESMEN AND CANVASSERS.—Are you capable of making $100 to $300 per week? Others are doing it, on the livest cheap lot selling proposition in the East; 20 per cent. commission; mammoth industrial development is now on; more homes shown of good for hustling live wires. F. E. Gilmore, 39 Cambridge Trust Bldg., Chester, Penn.

SALESMEN.—WE NEED SEVERAL REPRESENTATIVE EXPERIENCED SALESMEN WHO CAN FURNISH A1 REFERENCES TO CARRY OUR HIGH CLASS LINE OF CHILDREN'S DRESSES, ALL TERRITORIES OPEN, CORRESPONDENCE CONFIDENTIAL; WRITE AT ONCE. EISEMAN BROS. MFG. CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

SALESMAN. — A salesman of force, energy, and character, with a proven selling record, for a position where ability to sell will lead to rapid promotion; commission with drawing account. Address in confidence, M 118 Times.

SALESMAN.—Distributors light auto delivery truck have vacancy for several clean-cut, energetic salesmen experienced in this line; good commission; permanent position to right man. Apply after 2 P. M., Nickerson & Schroeder, 1,078 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Decatur 5183.

LOST AND FOUND.
Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Saturday evening, Jan. 6, valuable diamond ornament of unique design, made to wear either as brooch or hair ornament fastened on hairpin; lost in Knickerbocker Whist Clubroom or leaving building about 11:30, after anniversary game, or walking home on downtown side 40th St.; highly prized for personal reasons; liberal reward paid if returned to 288 Madison Av.

LOST.—If party who removed cuff buttons last Thursday from safe in Room 1,614, No. 42 Broadway, will return them by mail, suitable reward will be mailed him or left wherever he suggests and no questions asked; buttons are present from owner's mother.

LOST—Dec. 30, at Delmodico's or taxi to Manhattan Opera House, envelope-shaped pocketbook containing fountain pen, small sum of money, and some papers of particular value to owner; reward equal to more than amount of money in pocketbook if returned to Room 3,127, 61 Broadway.

LOST—Sealskin bag and contents; would person that found it at Bedell's 34th St. store Monday, kindly communicate by phone to the owner. Name and address in bag. No questions asked. Reward. Mayer, Hotel Buckingham.

LOST—Saturday, 34th St., or Broadway, 34th to 50th, Winter Garden, or subway, between 50th St. and Fulton St., or Hudson Terminal, large diamond pin, 2 stones missing. Reward if returned Mr. B. Atha,

Premier

The Aluminum Six with Magnetic Gear Shift

After you have seen all the rest, you will admit that Premier, with its aluminum motor and magnetic gear shift, is the only really new thing at the New York Show—and you will echo the question of thousands: "How do they do it at $1895?"

HUNDREDS of people who know motor cars and appreciate fine points have traveled halfway across the continent to see the Premier, the most sensational car of the year. Look for the booth with the big crowd around it. We are on the second floor, but that is merely the penalty we pay for being new—new in appearance, new in design, new in appeal.

The Premier Aluminum Six with Magnetic Gear Shift is a forerunner of what you may expect in the higher priced motor cars of the future.

You have never before seen a car with a push-button gear shift as regular equipment. The Cutler-Hammer Magnetic Gear Shift makes this six-cylinder gasoline car easier to drive than any electric. With it you simply play your way through traffic—no loss of momentum—no physical exertion.

You have never before seen any car under $2500 with an aluminum motor. Aluminum motors are rare at any price, but the performance which they give is rarer still.

You have never before seen any car with an eight-inch frame. Premier's frame renders body squeaks and rattles practically impossible.

You have never before seen a car of the Premier dimensions which will turn in a 39-foot circle. Think what this means in congested traffic.

You have never before seen the new "Bullet Body Lines" because they have never before been shown.

You have never before seen such harmony of color, design and finish, for no other car has ever been shown in New York which was dressed from stem to stern in *gun metal velours*—no car at any price is any finer in detail.

You have never before seen the Premier "Foursome"—the most original sport car model since the famous Cloverleaf roadster, which, as you will recall, was also produced by Premier.

The Premier booth is Motordom's Mecca this week. The trend of the crowd will pilot you, or ask any other exhibitor or any dealer at the show where the Premier can be seen, for they have all been to see us.

We are glad to have the trade pay us this compliment, but the person we are most interested in is you. This is a personal invitation and you should not go back home and admit that you have missed the headliner of the Show.

Get a copy of "Premiering," a snappy little booklet full of "punch and go" but fuller of facts about the aluminum six with magnetic gear shift. Either call for it at the Premier booth (*B18—Second Floor*) or write direct to the

PREMIER MOTOR CORPORATION
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA
Export Department, 8-10 Bridge Street, New York.

P.S. Be sure and see the "Foursome"—a beautiful new type of sport car originated by Premier—it is the most-talked-about car at the show.

Special Notice

The story of Premier will be continued in full-page advertisements in the following New York newspapers: Herald, Wednesday. Quarter pages appear Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday in the Mail and Tribune.

Kaufman-Brown Company, Inc., 1800 Broadway